

## NIRMA UNIVERSITY

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| <b>Institute:</b>            | Institute of Technology                            |
| <b>Name of Programme:</b>    | Master of Computer Application (2-Years Programme) |
| <b>Course Code:</b>          | 3MCAD369   |
| <b>Course Title:</b>         | Robotics   |
| <b>Course Type:</b>          | Departmental Elective                              |
| <b>Year of Introduction:</b> | 2021-22  |

### Credit Scheme

| L | T | Practical Component |    |   |   | C |
|---|---|---------------------|----|---|---|---|
|   |   | LPW                 | PW | W | S |   |
| 3 | 0 | 2                   | -  | - | - | 4 |

### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to –

1. interpret mathematical concepts to model robot manipulators and mobile robots
2. deduce trade-off between different sensors, actuators and their processing algorithms
3. relate the computational challenges inherent in fundamental mobile robotic tasks
4. create the robotic environment with appropriate algorithms

### Syllabus:

**Total Teaching hours: 45**  
**Syllabus**

| Unit     | Syllabus  | Teaching hours |
|----------|---|----------------|
| Unit-I   | <b>Introduction:</b> Robotics, Robot mechanical structure, Industrial robotics, Robot modelling, Planning and control   | 04             |
| Unit-II  | <b>Robot Kinematics:</b> Position analysis, Differential motions and velocities, Trajectory planning  | 07             |
| Unit-III | <b>Actuators and Sensors:</b> Joint actuating system, Drives, Proprioceptive sensors, Exteroceptive sensors, Sensor processing algorithms, Visual Servoing  | 08             |
| Unit-IV  | <b>Control Architecture:</b> Introduction, Control dynamics, Motion control, Force control  | 08             |
| Unit-V   | <b>Localization and Mapping:</b> Introduction to localization, Kalman filters, Monte Carlo localization, Introduction to mapping and Simultaneous Localization and Mapping (SLAM), Occupancy grid mapping, Grid-based FastSLAM, GraphSLAM | 10             |
| Unit-VI  | <b>Path Planning and Navigation:</b> Classic path planning, Sample-based and probabilistic path planning, Obstacle avoidance  | 08             |

### Self-Study:

The self-study contents will be declared at the commencement of semester. Around 10% of the questions will be asked from self-study contents.

### Suggested

### Readings/

### References:

1. Bruno Siciliano, Lorenzo Sciavicco, Luigi Villani and Giuseppe Oriolo, Robotics: Modelling, Planning and Control, Springer
2. Klafter R. D., Thomas A Chmielewski and Michael Negin, Robotics Engineering: An Integrated Approach, Prentice Hall
3. Mittal and Nagrath, Robotics and Control, Tata McGraw-Hill

4. Craig John, Introduction to Robotics, Mechanics and Control, Pearson Education
5. Siegwart, R., Nourbakhsh, I. R., & Scaramuzza, D. Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots, MIT press
6. Nehmzow, U. Mobile Robotics: A Practical Introduction. Springer
7. Jaulin, L., Mobile Robotics, Elsevier
8. Kelly, A., Mobile Robotics: Mathematics, Models, and Methods. Cambridge University Press

| Suggested List of Experiments: | Sr. No. | Title   | Hours |
|--------------------------------|---------|---|-------|
|                                | 1       | To get familiarize with Gazebo tool and learn the various features of the tool for simulating various robot applications  | 02    |
|                                | 2       | To use Gazebo to simulate a robotic environment comprised of a building to house your future robot.   | 02    |
|                                | 3       | To use the Robot Operating System (ROS) to design the first mobile robot capable of moving from source to destination.  | 04    |
|                                | 4       | To use the Monte Carlo Localization algorithm in ROS, in conjunction with sensor data and a map of the world, to estimate a mobile robot's position so that the robot can answer the question "Where am I?" | 04    |
|                                | 5       | To add the capability to identify the robot's orientation so that it answers the questions regarding its present orientation  | 02    |
|                                | 6       | To use a ROS SLAM package and simulated sensor data to create an agent that can both map the world around it, and localize within it.   | 04    |
|                                | 7       | To simulate a home service robot that can map, localize, and navigate to a specific location.   | 02    |
|                                | 8       | To simulate a home service robot that can sense the surrounding environment and avoid collision.  | 02    |
|                                | 9       | To program your robot such that it can chase a ball placed in the given visual field.   | 04    |
|                                | 10      | To simulate a home service robot that can transport objects, moving from one room to another autonomously.  | 04    |

Suggested Case List: -NA-