# ANNEXURE-I

M. Sc. Biochemistry

### **Institute of Science** Nirma University Teaching & Examination Scheme of M.Sc. Biochemistry (2025-26)

| Sr.   | Course            |   |           | Teaching     | g Scheme       |           |     | Exami | nation Sc | heme    |          |
|-------|-------------------|---|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------|-----|-------|-----------|---------|----------|
| No.   | Code              | 1   |           |              |                |           | Dur | ation | Compon    | ent Wei | ghtage   |
|       |                   | 1   |           |              |                |           |     | LPW/  |           | LPW/    | <u> </u> |
|       |                   | Course Title  | L         | LPW/ PW      | Т              | С         | SEE | PW    | CE        | PW      | SEE      |
| Sen   | nester-I          |   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| 1     | 6SL105CC24        | Cell and Molecular Biology                            | 4         | -            | -              | 4         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 2     | 6SL305CC24        | Immunology  | 4         | -            | -              | 4         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 3     | 6SL202CC22        | Human Physiology                                      | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 4     | 6SL402CC24        | Microbiology  | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 5     | 6SL203CC22        | Metabolism  | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 6     | 6SL102CC24        | Laboratory I  | -         | 10           | -              | 5         | -   | 10.0  | 1.00      | -       | -        |
|       |                   | Total   | 17        | 10           |                | 22        |     |       |           |         |          |
| Sup   | plementary Co     | ourse   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| 7     | 6SL801CC24        | Scientific Communications - I                         | 1         | -            | -              | 1         | -   | -     | 1.00      | -       | -        |
|       |                   | Total   | 18        | 10           |                | 23        |     |       |           |         |          |
|       |                   |   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| Sen   | nester-II         |   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| 1     | 6SL206CC22        | Neurobiology  | 3         | -            |                | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 2     | 6SL104CC22        | Bioanalytical Techniques                              | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 3     | 6SL303CC24        | Genetic Engineering                                   | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 4     | 6SL208CC24        | Developmental Biology and Reproductive Physiology     | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 5     | 6SL205CC24        | Laboratory II   | -         | 10           | -              | 5         | -   | 10.0  | 1.00      | -       | -        |
|       |                   | Total   | 12        | 11           |                | 17        |     |       |           |         |          |
| Sup   | plementary Co     | ourses  |           |              |                |           | r   |       | 1         | r       |          |
| 6     | 6SL802CC24        | Scientific Communications - II                        | 1         | -            | -              | 1         | -   | -     | 1.00      | -       | -        |
|       |                   |   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| Inst  | itute Elective    |   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| 7     |                   | Elective I  | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
|       |                   | Total   | 16        | 11           |                | 21        |     |       |           |         |          |
|       |                   |   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| Sen   | nester-III        |   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| 1     | 7SL203CC23        | Endocrinology   | 3         | -            |                | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 2     | 7SL302CC23        | Genomics & Proteomics                                 | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 3     | 7SL901CC25        | Research Methods                                      | 2         | -            | -              | 2         | -   | -     | 1.00      | -       | -        |
| 4     | 7SL204CC25        | Laboratory III  | -         | 8            | -              | 4         | -   | 6.0   | 1.00      | -       | -        |
|       |                   | Total   | 8         | 8            |                | 12        |     |       |           |         |          |
|       |                   |   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| Inst  | itute Elective    | 1751 YY   | -         | -            |                | 2         | 2.0 |       | 0.00      |         | 0.40     |
| 5     |                   | Elective II   | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| 6     |                   | Elective III  | 3         | -            | -              | 3         | 3.0 | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| - 7   |                   |   | ى<br>17   | -            | -              | <u>ు</u>  | 3.0 | -     | 0.00      | -       | 0.40     |
|       |                   | Total   | 17        | 8            | -              | 21        |     |       |           |         |          |
| 0.    |                   |   |           |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| sen   | nester-IV (A      | ny one of the following                               | 1         |              |                | 15        | 1   | 1     | 0.60      | 1       | 0.40     |
| 1     |                   | 7SL902ME23 Dissertation                               | -         |              | -              | 15        | -   | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| L     |                   | 75L903MEZ3 Internsnip                                 | -         | -            | -              | 15        | -   | -     | 0.60      | -       | 0.40     |
| L     | L_                | 10tai   | -         | -            | -              | 15        | L   | I     | I         | I       | 1        |
| *Co1  | npulsory sum      | mer training following semester II for 21 working day | ys .      |              |                |           |     |       |           |         |          |
| I. Lo | turos Tu Tutorial | C. Cuadita  | Supplemen | tary Courses | tific Communic | octiona I |     |       |           |         |          |

L: Lectures, T: Tutorial, C: Credits CE: Continuous Examination LPW/ PW: Laboratory / Project Work SEE: Semester End Examination

Elective I (Semester II) 6SL106ME24 Nanobiotechnology 7SL304ME24 Vaccinology 6SL405ME25 Microbial Ecology

Elective II (Semester III)

7SL401ME25 Agriculture & Environmental Microbiology 7SL409ME25 Microbiome in Health and Disease 7SL215ME25 Structural Biology and Drug Discovery

Semester I 6SL901 Scientific Communications - I Semester II 6SL902 Scientific Communications - II

Semester III Elective III 7SL216ME25 Molecular Medicine 7SL202ME25 Cancer Biology 7SL410ME25 Medical Microbiology

Semester III Elective IV 7SL217ME25 Molecular Toxicology 7SL404ME23 Microbial Diversity & Systematics

### SEMESTER I

### **Core Courses**

| L   | Т      | Р   | С   |                       |
|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----------------------|
| 4   | -      | -   | 4   |                       |
| Cou | rse Co | ode | 6SI | L105CC24              |
| Cou | rse Ti | tle | Cel | l & Molecular Biology |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand and appraise the fundamentals of cell as a unit of living organisms and their organelles in terms of structure and functions.
- CO2 Evaluate the cellular mechanisms of cell-cell interactions, cell communications, cell signalling pathways, molecular mechanisms and their crosstalk, cell division, cell death, and regulation Analyse the concept of central dogma and its updates
- CO3 Demonstrate understanding of molecular processes and principles of DNA replication, transcription, translation, and regulation

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours: 60 Hours**

### Unit 1: Plasma membranes; transport,7 HoursCell-Cell Adhesion and Communication

Plasma membrane transport, structure & amp; molecular composition of various transporters for active and passive transport, Cell-cell adhesions: Ca++ dependent and Ca++ independent; Extracellular matrix.

### Unit 2: Cytoskeleton; intracellular protein 8 Hours traffic

Actin, Intermediate Filaments and Microtubules; Structure, Dynamics, and functions of each in mitosis, cell movement; motor proteins and accessory proteins; Gated, Nuclear, and Vesicular protein traffic intracellular environment.

### **Unit 3: Cell Signaling**

8 Hours

Cell Surface Receptors; Signaling from Plasma Membrane to Nucleus, Map Kinase Pathways, G-protein coupled receptors, signal transduction pathways, second messengers, regulation of signaling pathways, neurotransmission, and regulation

### Unit 4: Cell Cycle

#### 7 Hours

Mitosis, Meiosis, Cell Cycle, Role of Cyclins and Cyclin Dependent Kinases, Regulation of Cdk –Cyclin Activity, Cell cycle check-points; necrosis, senescence, and apoptosis

# Unit 5: DNA structure and Genome 7 Hours organization

DNA structure and function: Central dogma, DNA as genetic material, DNA supercoiling, gyrases, topoisomerases; Physical properties of nucleic acids: Chromatin structure; Chromatin remodeling and its functional significance.

### Unit 6: DNA Replication, repair, and 8 Hours recombination

Mechanism of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic DNA replication; DNA damaging agents; DNA repair - Components and pathways; DNA recombination Components and pathways.

### Unit 7: Transcription 8 Hours

Structure and function of mRNA; Mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; RNA processing: splicing, capping, polyadenylation, and base modifications; Prokaryotic gene regulation: Lac operon, Attenuation, antitermination, small RNAs, riboswitch.

### **Unit 8: Translation**

Structure and function of mRNA, rRNA, and tRNA; Genetic code; Ribosomes; Mechanism of translation in prokaryotic and eukaryotes; inhibitors of translational; post-translational modifications.

7 Hours

### **References:**

- Alberts, Bruce, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts and Peter Walter. Molecular Biology of the Cell. 7<sup>th</sup> Ed. New York: Garland Science, Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, 2022.
- 2. Gerald K., Cell and Molecular Biology, Concept and Experiment, 6th Edition, Wiley, 2013.
- 3. Kleinsmith, L. J. J. Principles of Cell and Molecular Biology, 2nd Edition, Benjamin Cummings, 1997.
- Krebs, J. E., Lewin, B., Goldstein, E. S., & Kilpatrick, S. T. (2014). Genes, XI.
- Lodish, H., Berk A., Kaiser C. A., Krieger M., Scott M.P., Bretscher A., Ploegh H., and Matsudaira P., Molecular Cell Biology, 6th Edition, Freeman, W. H. and Co., 2008.
- 6. Pollard, T. D., and Earnshaw, W. C., Cell Biology 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Saunders Elsevier, 2023.
- 7. Stryer, L., Bery, J. M., Dymoczko, J. L., Biochemistry. 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, WH Freeman and Co. New York, 2023.
- 8. Watson, J. D., & Levinthal, C. (2014). Molecular biology of the gene, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.

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| Co | urse | Cod   | e | 6SL305CC24 |
| Co | urse | Title | e | Immunology |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO): At the end of the course, students will be able to-

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### CO1 Develop good understanding on how immune system discriminate self-from non-self.

CO2 Evaluate the immune response of the host encountering the pathogen or upon vaccination.

- Understand how MHCs play critical role in shaping CO3 specific adaptive immune responses
- Select target antigen or immunogen against which CO1 immune response is generated
- CO2 Develop strategies to regulate immune response against the self
- CO3 Design immunoassays based on the monoclonal antibodies

### Svllabus:

### **Teaching Hours: 60**

8 Hours

**Unit 1: Introduction** 6 Hours Cells of the immune system, Hematopoiesis, structure and function of primary and secondary lymphoid organs, Innate immune system, PAMPs (pathogen associated molecular patterns), DAMPs (damage associated molecular patterns), PRRs (pattern recognition receptors), Antigen (immunogen, haptens and carrier).

#### **Unit 2: Antibody and Complement** 8 Hours

Structure and functions of immunoglobulins, Isotypic, allotypic and Idiotypic variations; Complement activation and regulation.

### **Unit 3: Generation of Diversity**

Generation of antigen receptor diversity (VJ/VDJ recombination for BCR and TCR), somatic hypermutations, affinity maturation, B and T cell Development.

### Unit 4: MHC and APP (antigen processing 8 Hours and presentation)

Polymorphism of MHC genes, Role of MHC antigens in immune responses, MHC antigens in transplantation; presentation/cross-Antigen-uptake, processing, presentation.

#### Unit 5: Lymphocyte activation and 8 Hours trafficking

B and T cell activation including signaling, differentiation, memory formation and recall, lymphocyte trafficking and immune surveillance

#### **Unit 6: Cytokines** 6 Hours

Interleukins, monokines, transforming growth factors, chemokines, their receptors, signaling and functions.

#### Unit 7: Tolerance 8 Hours

Autoimmunity, transplantation, allergy and hypersensitivity, cancer immunity, immune-deficiency.

**Unit 8: Immuno-technology** 8 Hours Immunodiffusion assay (radial diffusion, Ouchterlony double diffusion). RIA (radio immune assav). ELISA. Immune-PCR. Immunoblot. Immunocytochemistry, Immunoprecipitation, B cell and T cell hybridoma technology, Flow-cytometry, Single chain antibodies, CAR-T cell. CAR-N

### **References:**

- 1. Janeway, C (2018) Janeway's immunobiology. Garland Science 11th Edition.
- 2. Kindt, T. J (2018). Kuby immunology. Macmillan. 8th Edition
- 3. Paul, W. E. (2012). Fundamental immunology. Lipincott & Wilkins, 8th Edition
- 4. Abbas, A. K., Lichtman, A. H., & Pillai, Shiva. (2017). Cellular and molecular immunology WB Saunders Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 186-204, 9th Edition
- 5. Coico, R. (2015). Immunology: A Short course. John Wiley & Sons, 7th edition
- 6. Peter J. Delves, Seamus J. Martin, Dennis R. Burton, and Ivan M. Roitt. (2017). Roitt's essential immunology John Wiley & Sons. 13th Edition.

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|   | Co | urse | Cod   | e | 6SL202CC22       |
|   | Co | urse | Title | е | Human Physiology |

### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

### At the end of the course, students will be able to

- To identify basic organisation of biological system CO1 of the human body and define their role.
- CO2 To describe and relate the structure to functional role of each organ and organ system
- CO3 To comprehend interactions amongst various organs within/between system/s, their negative and positive feedback to maintain steady state and equilibrium in the body.
- To discuss, interpret and analyze biochemical CO4 alterations and evaluate the pathophysiological changes during diseased condition.

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours: 45**

### Unit 1: Digestive System

Digestive Processes; Structural organisation and functions of Alimentary Canal (GI tract); Structure and functions of salivary gland, teeth, pancreas, liver; Physiology of digestion and absorption. Diseases/Disorders of digestive system.

#### 9 Hours Unit 2: Cardiovascular System

Structure and functions of blood — formed elements (blood cells) and plasma, physiology of blood coagulation. Grouping of blood; Basic structure of heart, conduction

system and cardiac cycle; Organisational structure of blood vessels and lymphatic vessels. Diseases/Disorders of CVS.

### **Unit 3: Respiratory System**

### 6 Hours

Structural Organisation of Respiratory System: Structure and functions of nose, larynx, trachea, bronchi, and lungs; Physiology of Respiration (inspiration, expiration, pulmonary air volumes and capacities), Transportation of respiratory gases. Diseases/Diseases of Respiratory System.

### **Unit 4: Urinary System**

### 9 Hours

**6 Hours** 

Anatomical Structure of functional unit of kidney (Nephron); Blood and nerve supply of kidney; Physiology of urine formation (glomerular filtration, tabular reabsorption, tabular secretion); characteristics of urine and its utility in measuring health states; Homeostasis. Diseases/Diseases of Urinary System.

### **Unit 5: Skeletal System**

Structural Organisation of Skeletal System — Axial and appendicular system; structure and types of bones; Articulations - fibrous, cartilaginous, and synovial joints; Types of Synovial joints (gliding, hinge, pivot, ellipsoidal, saddle and ball and socket joints). Diseases/Disorders of Skeletal System.

### Unit 6: Muscular System

#### 6 Hours

Types, characteristic and functions of muscles (skeletal, smooth, and cardiac muscles); neuro muscular junctions; homeostasis and muscles (oxygen debt, muscle fatigue and heat production). Diseases/Disorders of Muscular System.

### **References**:

- 1. Guyton, H., Textbook of Medical Physiology, Elsevier, 2000.
- 2. Tortora, G. J. and Derrickson, B. H., Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, Wiley and Sons, 2009
- 3. Gilbert, S. E., Developmental Biology, Sinauer Associates, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- Holes Human Anatomy and Physiology by David Shier, Jackie Butler, Ricki Lewis. McGraw hill Education 2015, 8th ed.
- 5. Essential of Human Physiology for Pharmacy by McCorry, Laurie Kelly, Boca Raton CRC Press 2008
- 6. Basic Anatomy: General Anatomy and Upper limg by Oommen Anitha, New Delhi Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. 2010
- Anatomy & Physiology by Gerard Tortora J,Derrickson, Bryan., Delhi Wiley India (P) Ltd. 2014.
- 8. Anatomy & Physiology; workbook by Gerard Tortora J,Derrickson, Bryan., Delhi Wiley India (P) Ltd. 2014.

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| Course Code |    |      |       |   | 6SL402CC24   |
|             | Co | urse | Title | e | Microbiology |

### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Get aquainted with the basic concepts of various fields of Microbiology, and also learn about growth pattern of microbes in different ecosystems.
- CO2 Acquire experimental knowhow of essential microbiological techniques e.g. microscopy, cultivation of microbes, etc.
- CO3 Develop an understanding of various facets of microbes and their applications eg. medical microbiology, industrial microbiology, agricultural microbiology, etc.

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours: 45**

Unit 1: Foundation in Microbiology 7 Hours A brief history of microbiology; Origin of life; Microbes in our lives

### Unit 2: Microbial Diversity 8 Hours

Archaea, Bacteria, Fungi, Algae, Protozoa, and Viruses

### Unit 3. Tools to study microbiology 7 Hours

Methods for studying and culturing microbes; Theory and measurement of bacterial growth; Culture preservation

### Unit 4. Microbial Ecology 7 Hours

Microbial communities; Biofilms; Microbe-microbe interactions, Environmental factors that influence microbes.

### Unit 5. Microbial interaction with higher 8 Hours organisms

Microbe-Plant interactions; Microbe-Animal interactions

### Unit 6. Applied Microbiology 8 Hours

Overview of applications of microorganisms in agriculture, environment, energy, Food, medical, and industry sectors.

- Atlas, R. M. (2001) Principles of Microbiology 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wm. C. Brown Pub., Iowa, USA.
- M. T. Madigan J. M. Martinko, & J. Parker Brock biology of microorganisms 9th Edn., Prentice Hall Int. Inc.
- 3. Sulia, General Microbiology, Oxford, 1999.
- 4. J. G. Cappuccino, Microbiology a Laboratory Manual, 4th Edn., Adison-Wesley, 1999.
- 5. Pelzar, Microbiology \_ Concepts and Application, Mc Graw Hill.
- 6. Demain, Manual of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology, A. S. M., 1999.
- 7. Prescott & Klein Microbiology 5th Edn., Mc Graw Hill.
- 8. G. J. Tortora Microbiology: An Introduction. 9thEdn, Benjamin Cummings, 2006.

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| 3                               | - | - | 3 |  |            |  |  |  |
| Course Code                     |   |   |   |  | 6SL203CC22 |  |  |  |
| Course Title                    |   |   |   |  | Metabolism |  |  |  |
| Course Learning Outcomes (CLO): |   |   |   |  |            |  |  |  |

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the metabolic pathways the energyyielding and energy requiring reactions in life; understand the diversity of metabolic regulation, and how this is specifically achieved in different cells
- CO2 Evaluate the different metabolic process occurring in the cells
- CO3 Relate the link between the metabolic processes and their regulation as a response to external and internal factors
- CO4 Analyse the differences and similarities between the various anabolic and catabolic processes occurring in the body

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours:45**

### Unit 1: Metabolism of Carbohydrates 5 Hours

Glycolysis, citric acid cycle, pentose phosphate pathways, glycogenesis and glycogenolysis and their regulation, Gluconeogenesis, and its regulation. Metabolism of Fructose and Galactose. Hormonal regulation of carbohydrate metabolism.

### **Unit 2: Metabolism of Lipids:**

8 Hours

Synthesis of various lipids, bile acids and cholesterol. Elongation of fatty acids, Desaturation of fatty acids in microsomes. Regulation of fatty acid synthesis, Cholesterol metabolism. Composition and synthesis of basic groups of Lipoproteins and their changes during transport in the body.

### Unit 3: Metabolism of Amino Acids: 8 Hours

General reactions of amino acid metabolism: transamination, oxidative deamination and decarboxylation. Catabolic fate of □-amino acids and their regulation, glucogenic and ketogenic amino acids. Urea cycle and its regulation. Amino acid biosynthesis.

### Unit 4: Metabolism of Nucleotides: 8 Hours

Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidine- De novo and salvage pathways and their regulation. Catabolism of purines and pyrimidine. Biosynthesis of ribonucleotides and deoxyribonucleotides.

# Unit 5: Enzymes: Basic Bio- 8 Hours thermodynamics

Enzyme classification and nomenclature, Enzyme kinetics: Michaelis-Menten equation: Formula, Derivation and Significance; Alternate plotting procedures. Types of Inhibitors and their mode of action.

### Unit 6: Enzyme Mechanisms and 8 Hours Regulation:

Different mechanisms of enzyme activity; Strategies for enzyme regulation; Allosteric Enzymes and their Kinetics. Isoenzymes and Multienzyme Complexes.

### **References:**

- 1. Voet, D., Fundamentals of Biochemistry, J. Wiley, 2008.
- 2. Voet, D. and Voet, J. G. Biochemistry, 3rd Edition. John Wiley and Sons, 2004. 3. Boyer, R., Concepts in Biochemistry, Brookes, 1999.
- 3. Metzler, D. E., Metzler, C. M., Biochemistry: the chemical reactions of living cells. Vols. I and II, Academic Press, 2001.
- 4. Nelson, D. C. and Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry, Mac Millan, 2000.
- Murray, R. K., Granner D. K., Mayes, P. A., Rodwell, V. W., Harper's Biochemistry, 27th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2006.
- Stryer, L., Bery, J. M., Dymoczko, J. L., Biochemistry Only. 6th edition, WH Freeman and Co. New York, 2006.

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| Cour | se Co | Code  |   | 6SL102CC24   |
| Cour | se Ti | Title |   | Laboratory I |

### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Perform fundamental microbiological, biochemical and cell culture techniques.
- CO2 Analyze and interpret the results of biochemical estimations and microbiological experimental data
- CO3 Apply techniques to the advanced level practicals and dissertation carried out in further semesters.

### Syllabus

### **Teaching Hours: 192hrs**

- 1. Introduction to human chromosome complement using Giemsa-stained metaphase cells.
- 2. Observation of mitotic cell division stages in onion root tip
- 3. Observation of meiosis stages using fixed slides
- 4. Demonstration of Short-term blood culture for metaphase chromosome preparation
- 5. Measurement of microscopic structures using micrometer
- 6. To study the effect of various parameters viz. inoculum size, aeration, etc. on bacterial growth through the growth curve experiment
- 7. Estimation of bacterial load in various environmental/ food samples through viable counting
- 8. Gram-staining

- 9. Bacteriophage isolation from sewage sample
- 10. Enzyme assay for Amylase under various conditions
- 11. Sample Preparation and Separation of Amino Acids, Lipids and Sugars by TLC.
- 12. Estimation of bio-molecules (Sugar, Protein, Cholesterol, Urea) by spectrophotometer
- 13. Isolation of Genomic DNA from E.coli
- 14. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from E.coli
- 15. Quantification and analysis of DNA
- 16. Regulation of lac operon in E.coli

### **References:**

- 1. Patel, RJ. Experimental Microbiology. Vol-1, Aditya Publishers, India, pp: 60-61, 2009
- 2. Sherma, Joseph, and Bernard Fried, 2nd eds. Handbook of thin-layer chromatography. CRC press, 2007.
- 3. Stahl, Egon, 2nd eds. "Thin-layer chromatography: a laboratory handbook." Thin-layer chromatography: a laboratory handbook. 2007.
- Cappuccino, James G., and Natalie Sherman, 7th eds. "Microbiology: A laboratory manual." Addision-six 1999 2007.
- 5. Mu, Plummer, and David T, 3rd eds. Plummer. Introduction to practical biochemistry. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2007.
- 6. Bates, Steven E. "Classical cytogenetics: karyotyping techniques." Human Pluripotent Stem Cells. Humana Press, 177-190, 2011..
- Rao, Beedu Sashidhar and Deshpande, Vijay, Experimental Biochemistry, A student Companion, I. K. International Pvt. Ltd, 2005
- Tom Maniatis, E. F. Fritsch, Joseph Sambrook, Molecular cloning-a laboratory manual, 3rd eds, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 2001
- 9. Primrose, S. et.al., 7th eds. Principles of Gene Manipulation. Oxford: Blackwell Science, 2008 2001.
- 10. Prescott.L.M, 7th eds. Microbiology, McGraw Hill Publication, 2008
- Mitosis, Meiosis and Genetics, J. L. Stein Carter & D. B. Fankhauser, Genetics, 2010.
- Alberts, Bruce, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts and Peter Walter. Molecular Biology of the Cell. 6th ed. New York: Garland Science, Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, 2015.

### **Supplementary Course**

| L              | Т | Р | С |                              |
|----------------|---|---|---|------------------------------|
| 1              | • | - | 1 |                              |
| Course Code    |   |   | e | 6SL801CC24                   |
| Course Title S |   |   |   | Scientific Communication - I |

**Course Learning Outcomes:** 

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the basics of English grammar, phonetics, and mechanics of language
- CO2 Use appropriate English vocabulary for fluent and confident communication in English
- CO3 Demonstrate communication capacities in speaking, writing, listening, and narrating in English

### Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours: 15**

### **Unit 1: Introduction to communication**

Idioms & Phrases, Basic Nonverbal communication, Barriers to Communication,

### Unit 2: Business Communication at work place

Letter components and layouts, planning a letter, Process of Letter writing, Email Communication, Employment Communication, Notice Agenda and Minutes of Meeting

### **Unit 3: Report Writing**

Effective Writing, Types of Business Reports, Structure of Reports, Gathering Information, Organization of Material, Writing Abstract and Summaries, Writing Definitions, Meaning of Plagiarism and Precaution.

### **Unit 4: Required Skill**

Reading Skill, Note-Making, Precise Writing, Audio visual Aids, Oral Communication.

### Unit 5: Mechanics of Writing

Transition, Spelling Rules, Hyphenation, Transcribing Numbers, Abbreviating Technical and Non-Technical Terms, Proof Reading.

### **References:**

1. Technical Communication: Principles and Practice, by Meenakshi Raman and Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press, IInd Edition

### SEMESTER II

**Core Courses** 

| L            | Т      | Р   | С  |             |
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| 3            | -      | -   | 3  |             |
| Cou          | rse Co | ode | 68 | SL206CC22   |
| Course Title |        |     | N  | eurobiology |

**Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):** 

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand basic concept of organisation of human nervous system, its components and their interrelationship along related theories and principles
- CO2 Comprehend and analyse how brain exerts its

functional regulation on physiologocial function via down stream molecular signalling.

- CO3 Discuss and relate brain's dynamic changes over time during physiological functions
- CO4 Discuss and analyze biochemical events and pathophysiological changes leading to mental & behaviuoral disorders and critically evaluate new possible therapies being investigated to treat neurological disease

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours:45**

Unit 1: Physiology of Nervous System: 9 Hours Components of the Nervous System, Neuron and Glial Cells - Different Types, Structure, Function. Synapse: Nerve Impulse, Neurotransmitters. Organization of Nervous System- CNS, PNS. PNS- Somatic Nervous System; Autonomic Nervous System-Sympathetic and Parasympathetic System; Enteric Nervous System

### Unit 2: Brain and Spinal Cord

Embryological development, protection, blood brain barrier, CSF, structural and functional organization, Spinal cord anatomy, Spinal Nerves, Spinal Meninges, Grey and White Matter of Spinal Cord, Joint Reflexes.

### Unit 4: Synaptic Transmission

6 Hours

9 Hours

Transmission across the Synapse, Pre and Post Synaptic Events, Membrane Potential in the Steady State Action, Action Potential and propagation of Nerve Impulse, Mechanism of Action of cAMP, cGMP, IP3, DAG, Calcium as second messengers, Neurotransmitter Sensitive second messengers and their role in Neuronal Function.

### Unit 5: Psychopharmacology and9 HoursBiochemical theories of Mental Disorders:9

Chemistry of Neuroleptics and Anxiolytics, Antidepressants, Hallucinogenic Agents, Biochemical theories of Mental Disorders and Neurodegenerative Disorders like Parkinson's, Alzheimer's disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and Senile Dementia.

### Unit 6: Sleep, Learning and Memory: 6 Hours

Mechanism of Sleep- Intrinsic rhythms, SCN & pineal gland, States of sleep, pathway and its physiology- REM & NREM sleep, Wakefulness, Functions of Sleep. Definition & Types of learning, Long term Potentiation & Long term Depression, Memory consolidation and priming, Agents affecting Learning and Memory.

### **References**:

- 1. Purves, D, Augustine, G., Neuroscience, Sinauer, 2000.
- 2. Tortora, G. J. and Derrickson, B. H., Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, Weily and Sons, 2009
- 3. Breedlove, M. C., Watson, N. V., Rozenzweig M. R., Biological Psychology: An Introduction to

Behavioural, Cognitive and Clinical Neuroscience. Sinauer Associates, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.

- 4. Gross C. G. A Hole in Head- More tales in the history of neuroscience. Cambridge MIT Press, First edition, 2012.
- 5. Amthor Frank, Neuroscience for dummies. USA John Wiley & Sons Canada Ltd. 2012.
- 6. Kolb, Bryan; Whishaw, Ian Q. An Introduction to Brain and Behavior, New York Worth Publishers 2011
- Longstaff, A. Developmental Biology. Sinauer Associates, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 8. Hell, J. W., Ehlers, M. D., (Editors), Structural and functional organization of the synapse, Springer, 2008
- 9. Turkingtons, C., The Brain and Brain Disorders, Viva Books, 2009
- 10. Kandel, E., Schwartz, J. and Jessell T., Essentials of Neural Science and Behaviour, McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- 11. Levitan, I. B., Kaczmarek L.K., The Neuron, Cell and Moleculer Biology, Oxford University Press, 2001

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| Cou | rse Co | ode |   | 6SL104CC22                      |
| Cou | rse Ti | tle |   | <b>Bioanalytical Techniques</b> |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the principles and applications of various techniques used in the isolation, purification, and analysis of biomolecules.
- CO2 Apply the concepts of modern anlaytical and instrumental techniques relevant to quantitative measurements in biology
- CO3 Justify and relate the selection of bioanalytical methods to characterize a given sample
- CO4 Critically evaluate the advantages, limitations, and prospects of various bioanalytical techniques

### Syllabus:

### Teaching hours:45

### Unit 1: Separation and characterization of 8 Hours macromolecules

Principles and applications of ultracentrifugation, ultrafiltration, precipitation, and equilibrium dialysis; Horizontal and vertical electrophoresis. Native and SDS Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, 2 D electrophoresis

### Unit 2: Chromatography

Basic principles and applications of Paper chromatography, TLC, Gas Chromatography, Size exclusion chromatography, Ion-exchange chromatography, Affinity chromatography, Reverse phase chromatography, HPLC, FPLC

### Unit 3: Spectroscopy

### 7 Hours

9 Hours

Basic Principles and Applications of UV/Visible absorption, CD, Raman, Infrared, Fluorescence and Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy

#### Unit 4: Radioisotope Techniques 6 Hours

Radioactive decay, half-life, Types of radiations, properties of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  rays, radioisotope tracer techniques, Measurement of radio activity, autoradiography, radiation protection and measurements, Applications of radioisotopes for analysis of biological samples

### Unit 5: Structural determination of 8 Hours Biomolecules

Basic Principle, instrumentation, and applications of Nuclear Magnetic Resonance & ESR, X-Ray Crystallography, Mass Spectrometry

#### Unit 6: Microscopy:

7 Hours

Principles and applications of bright field, dark field, phase contrast, DIC etc., fluorescence, confocal, deconvolution, super-resolution, multiphoton, SEM, TEM, and various types.

#### **References:**

- 1. Pattabhi, V. and Gautham, N. Biophysics, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.
- Cooper, A, Biophysical Chemistry, Royal Society of Chemistry, 2004.
- 3. Christian, G. D., Analytical Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 4. Hammes, G. G., Spectroscopy for Biological Sciences, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- 5. Westmeier, Reiner, Electrophoresis in Practice; Wiley-VCH Verlag Gmbh. 2005
- 6. Michael Hoppert; Microscopic Techniques in Biotechnology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2006
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- Roberts, K., Lewis J., Alberts B., Walter P., Johnson A., and Raff. M., Molecular Biology of the Cell, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Garland Publishing Inc., 2008.
- Wilson, K. and Walker, J. ; Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Cambridge University press., 2010
- Robert L. Wixom and Charles W. Gehrke, Chromatography: A Science of Discovery. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2010
- 11. Bhasin, S. K.;, Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry; Elsevier India Pvt. Ltd.. 2012
- 12. Monk, Paul, Physical Chemistry: Understanding our Chemical World; John Wiley and Sons. 2013
- 13. Peter Jomo Walla.; Modern Biophysical Chemistry: Detection and analysis of Biomolecules: Wiley Publishing. 2014.

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| Cou | rse Co | ode |   | 6SL303CC24          |
| Cou | rse Ti | tle |   | Genetic Engineering |

### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the fundamental concept of genetic engineering
- CO2 Analyse the technique of genetic engineering
- CO3 Apply the concept and techniques in designing and conducting experiments and research

#### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours: 45**

### Unit 1: Fundamental Tool and Technique 5 Hours in Recombinant DNA Technology:

Restriction endonucleases (RE), ligases, alkaline phosphatase, polynucleotide kinase, methylases, terminal transferases, DNase, reverse transcriptase, blunt end ligation strategies, adapters, linkers, homopolymer tailing, RE independent cloning strategies. DNA polymerase I, Klenow fragment, nick translation, nucleotide probes, and their applications.

### Unit 2: Cloning Vehicles and their 8 Hours Application:

Cloning vectors, Definition, and properties of cloning vectors - plasmids, bacteriophage lambda and M13 -based vectors, cosmids, and shuttle vector, YAC and BACs, viral vector (SV40, retrovirus, and Adenovirus), Ti and Ri Plasmids, cloning of PCR product, TA, and TOPO cloning, subcloning and GATWAY cloning.

### Unit 3: Genomic and cDNA Library: 8 Hours

Strategies for Construction of Genomic library, Construction of cDNA library- mRNA enrichment, Reverse transcription, Selection, and screening of recombinant clones- screening of genomic and cDNA libraries

# Unit 4: Gene manipulation and in-vitro 8 Hours mutagenesis:

Gene knockdown and knockout, Zinc Finger Nucleases (ZFN), CRISPR/Cas9, TALEN, RNAi, and antisense, sitedirected mutagenesis, protein Engineering, and transposon tagging.

### Unit 5: Expression Strategies for 8 Hours Heterologous Genes:

DNA Transfection methods, Reporter gene assays, Expression systems (Bacteria, Yeast, Insect, and mammals).

# Unit 6: Application of DNA Recombinant 8 Hours Technology:

Biopharming, genetically modified organisms (microbes, plants, and animals) and their applications in medicine, agriculture, and industry; Gene mapping, therapies for genetic diseases, Ethical considerations, regulatory frameworks in gene editing and genetic engineering.

### **References:**

- Brown, T.A. (2020). Gene Cloning and DNA analysis. 8<sup>th</sup> Ed. Wiley Blackwell UK.
- Primrose, S.B., & Twyman, R.M. (2014). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics. Seventh Edition. Wiley Blackwell UK.
- Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F., & Maniatis, T. (1989). Molecular cloning: a laboratory manual, Vol I, II and III. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. 3<sup>rd</sup> revised edition.
- 4. Watson JD. Caudy AA. Myers RM., Witkowski JA. (2007) Recombinant DNA: Genes and Genomes—A Short Course.
- 5. Nicholl, D. S. (2008). An introduction to genetic engineering. Cambridge University Press.

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| Cou | rse Co | ode |   | 6SL208CC24               |             |
| Cou | rse Ti | tle |   | Development B            | Biology and |
|     |        |     |   | <b>Reproductive Phys</b> | iology      |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the anatomy and functioning of human reproductive organs
- CO2 Demonstrate understanding of gene expression, cellcell communication, and specification mechanisms during development
- CO3 Analyse the events of fertilization and early fetal development
- CO4 Evaluate the role of stress and immune cells in regulating normal and abnormal reproduction

### Syllabus:

### Teaching Hours:45

Unit 1: Human Reproductive System 8 Hours Structure, function of male and female reproductive function; Functional assessment of male and female functioning; Steroidogenesis; Control of Steroidogenesis.

### **Unit 2: Gamatogenesis**

### 8 Hours

Spermatogenesis and Hormonal Regulation, Spermiation and Spermiogenesis; Process of folliculogenesis and its hormonal control. Recruitment, selection, dominance of follicle and signaling for ovulation. Follicle wall: Theca, differentiation, steroid hormone synthesis, menstrual cycle, and Menopause. Mechanism and hormonal control of ovulation.

### Unit 3: Fertilization and Early 8 Hours Development

Sperm Capacitation and Acrosome reaction; Gamete binding and fusion and prevention of polyspermy; Cleavage patterns; Gastrulation, Neurulation

# Unit 4: Mechanisms in vertebrate 7 Hours development

Outline of basic mechanisms of development; Mechanisms of developmental genetics: Genomic equivalence, anatomy of gene, DNA methylation mechanisms, differential RNA processing and control of gene expression during development; Cell-cell communication mechanisms in development and morphogenesis: Cell adhesion, Cell migration, Cell signaling- Paracrine and Juxtacrine signaling mechanisms with examples, Cell differentiation and specification mechanisms.

### Unit 5: Late Development process and 7 Hours Control of Development

Implantation of embryo, Formation of human placenta and functions, Dynamics of organ development; Metamorphic events and its hormonal regulation. Control of Development.

### Unit 6: Stress and Immune mechanisms in 7 Hours reproduction

Stress and HPA axis in reproduction, Stress and cytokines, Oxidative Stress, Role of immunological cells in the male and female reproductive system, understanding the normal and abnormal physiological events influenced by reproductive immune cells.

### **References:**

- 1. Developmental Biology; Scott F. Gilbert and Michael J.F. Barresi.; Oxford Academic Press, 2020.
- 2. Reproductive Immunology, Basic Concepts; Gil Mor; Academic Press, 2021.
- 3. Human Reproductive Biology; Richard E Jones, Kristin H Lopez; Academic Press, 2013.
- 4. Reproductive Immunology; Lars B Olding; Springer, 2012.
- 5. Carrell, D. T. and Peterson, C. M., Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility, Springer Publishers 2010.

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| Course Code |        |       | de |   | 6SL205CC24    |
| Cou         | rse Ti | e Tit | le |   | Laboratory II |

**Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):** 

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the basics of bioinformatics tools, immunological techniques, neurobiology of diseases, reproductive physiology and experiments related to molecular biology and clinical biochemistry
- CO2 Analyze the data obtained from molecular analysis of RNA, DNA and protein, clinical biochemistry experiments and interpret the results
- CO3 Apply the techniques based on requirement in analysis of biomolecules and diseases and for conducting research

### Syllabus:

#### **Teaching hours: 150**

- 1. Purification of Immunoglobulin from normal serum/ anti- sera using affinity chromatography
- 2. Perform ELISA for serum antigen; SDS-PAGE and immunoblot for isolated IgG
- 3. Isolation of plasmid DNA, Restriction; digestion, and Agarose gel electrophoresis
- 4. Purification of Immunoglobulin from normal serum/ anti- sera using ion-exchange chromatography
- 5. Study of the Male and female reproductive organs; Morphological Assessment of Semen samples; Functional Assessment of Semen Samples
- 6. Biochemical Assessment of Semen Samples; Tissue Biochemistry, Tissue Oxidative stress assessment;
- 7. Analysis of Blood, Urine, Lipid profile
- 8. Study of chick embryological slides
- 9. Pubmed searches, Scopus and other Biological databases
- 10. Structure visualization and statistical methods, sequence similarity search
- 11. Prediction of protein structure, Docking of protein and ligand
- 12. In-silico cloning
- 13. Phylogenetic analysis
- 14. Study of the parts of the brain in dorsal and ventral view by demonstration
- 15. Study various route of injection for induction of disease models by demonstration
- 16. Study the function of Cranial nerves by demonstration
- 17. Study the histology of spinal cord and brain using HE stained fixed slides by observation
- 18. Effect the diseased condition on kinetic parameters of AChE enzyme in brain using spectrophotometry
- 19. Perform qPCR using neuronal gene expression
- 20. Identification of neurons and glia cells in brain using florescence microscopy

### **Supplementary Courses**

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| Course Code  | 6SL802CC24                    |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Course Title | Scientific Communication - II |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Develop novel topics about which they wish to communicate
- CO2 Use electronic databases to perform literature searches for information
- CO3 Synthesize this information and information from other sources to formulate clear, logical theses and arguments about their topics

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours:15**

8 Hours

### Unit 1: Scientific Communications 7 Hours

Importance of communication in science, Types of communications, Communicating with scientific and non-scientific audiences, Verbal, and presentation skills: Oral and Poster Presentations, Graphical abstract.

### Unit 2: Writing Skills

Writing of Books and Research Papers, Report and thesis Writing, Formats of Publications in Research Journals

### References

- 1. Scientific Communication- An introduction https://doi.org/10.1142/11541 | March 2020, pages 276
- Science communication: A practical Guide for scientists, Laura Bowater, Kay Yeoman, ISBN: 978-1-118-40666-3 October 2012 Wiley-Blackwell
- Joseph E. Harmon and Alan G. Gross. The Craft of Scientific Communication. University of Chicago Press; 2010.

#### **Elective Courses I**

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| Cou   | rse Le | arnin   | ig Oi | utcoi | mes (CI  | .0): |                 |     |
| At tl | he end | l of th | e co  | urse, | , studen | ts w | ill be able to- |     |
| CO1   | Uı     | nderst  | and   | the   | basics   | of   | nanotechnology  | and |

- biomaterials
- CO2 Understand the different types of formulation and factors affecting them
- CO3 Analyse the Biological Interactions with nanomaterials
- CO4 Evaluate the risk assessments involved bio nano materials

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours:45**

#### Unit 1: Basics of Nanobiotechnology 8 Hours

Origins of nanotechnology, Definitions and scales, size scale effects; Current state of Nanotechnology, Future of Nanotechnology; Nanotechnology in Nature and applications; Nanotechnology in Biology; Mechanism of biological systems at nanoscale; biological motors, Biophotonic devices, Introdution to DNA Nanotechnology.

### Unit 2: Sustained, Controlled Release 8 Hours formulation and Nano-Based Drug Delivery System

Introduction & basic concepts, factors influencing, Physicochemical & biological approaches for SR/CR formulation, Mechanism of Drug Delivery from SR/CR formulation, Customized drug delivery systems; Polymeric Micelles, Solid Lipid Nanoparticles, their types, Synthesis, Characterization, and applications.

### Unit 3: Nanomaterials and Biomaterials 8 Hours

Molecular building blocks for nanostructure systems, Nanomaterials formation of materials, carbon \_ nanomaterials, Buckyball, Graphene (2D), Carbon nano tubes, Inorganic nano materials, Zero Dimensional Nano-Structures, One Dimensional Structures, 2D and 3-D Structures; Properties of biomaterials, Surface, bulk, mechanical and biological properties. Scaffolds & tissue engineering, Types of biomaterials, example of biological and synthetic materials, Biopolymers, Liposomes, Applications of biomaterials, Modifications of Biomaterials.

### Unit 4: Models of Nano and 7 Hours Bionanosystems

Lipid Bilayers, liposomes, neosomes, Phytosomes, Polysacharides, Peptides, Nucleic acids, DNA scaffolds, Enzymes - Biomolecular motors: linear, rotary motors. Immunotoxins, Membrane transporters and pumps, Antibodies, monoclonal Antibodies, immunoconjugates. Limitations of natural biomolecules.

### Unit 5: Biological Interactions with 7 Hours Materials and Bioaccumulation

Biocompatibility, Cellular uptake mechanisms; Granulation Tissue Formation, Foreign body reaction, Fibrosis, Blood-Biomaterial interactions, Interactions with Proteins, , The Vroman Effect, Fibrous Capsule Formation, Safety Testing of Biomaterials. Exposure mechanisms, Subcellular localization, biodistribution, clearance mechanism, metabolism, and excretion of nanomaterials.

### Unit 6: Regulatory Considerations for Drug 7 Hours Delivery Systems

Indian drug regulatory authorities, FDA, Drugs and Cosmetics Act, ICH and OECD Guidelines, Regulatory aspects of pharmaceutical and bulk drug manufacture, regulatory drug analysis; Predictive Nanotoxicology using QSAR and QSPR models, Immunotoxicity of nanomaterials.

- 1. Bernard N. Kennedy (editor). New York: Nova Science Publishers, 2008.Stem cell transplantation, tissue engineering, and cancer applications
- Biomaterials: A Nano Approach, S Ramakrishna, M Ramalingam, T.S. Sampath Kumar, Winston O. Soboyejo, Published by CRC Press
- 3. Bionanotechnology: Lessons from Nature, D S. Goodsell, by John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 4. Chris Binns, "Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology", John Wiley and Sons 2010
- 5. Fadeel, B (2015): Handbook of Safety Assessment of Nanomaterials: From Toxicological testing of Personalized Medicine, Stanford Publishing, Singapore.
- 6. Fenghua Meng, Zhiyuan Zhong and Jan Feijen (2009): Stimuli-Responsive Polymersomes for Programmed Drug Delivery. Biomacromolecules, Biomacromolecules, 10(2): 197-209.
- Fritz Allhoff, Patrick Lin, and Daniel Moore, "What Is Nanotechnology and Why Does It Matter" WILEY BLACKWELL A John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., Publication, 2010
- 8. James Swarbrick (2010). Novel Drug Delivery Systems. Informa healthcare
- 9. Kreuter J. (2012): Colloidal Drug delivery System, Marcel Dekker, USA.
- 10. Mark A. Reed and Takhee Lee, "Molecular Nano electronics", American Scientific Publishers, 2003.
- 11. Naik J (2015). Nano Based Drug Delivery. IAPC Publishing, Zagreb, Croatia
- 12. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives, (edited by C. M. Niemeyer and C. A. Mirkin), Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim,
- 13. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives, Edited by Christof M. Niemeyer and Chad A. Mirkin, Wiley-VCH, 2004.
- Nanofabrication towards Biomedical Applications, Techniques, Tools, Applications, and Impact. C. S. S. R. Kumar, J. Hormes, C. Leuschner, 2005, WILEY -VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- 15. Nanoparticulates Drug Carriers, Edited by Vladimir P Torchilin, 2006, Imperial College Press, 57 Shelton Street, Covent Garden.
- 16. Nanoscale Technology in Biological Systems, Edited by Ralph S. Greco, Fritz B. Prinz, R. Lane Smith, CRC PRESS, Boca Raton London New York Washington, D.C. Copyright © 2005 by Taylor & Francis
- R. Lanza, I. Weissman, J. Thomson, and R. Pedersen, Handbook of Stem Cells, TwoVolume, Volume 1-2: Volume 1-Embryonic Stem Cells; Volume 2-Adult &Fetal Stem Cells, 2004, Academic Press.

- 18. R. Lanza, J. Gearhart etal (Eds), Essential of Stem Cell Biology, 2006, ElsevierAcademic press.
- 19. Ranade VV and Cannon JB (2015). Drug Delivery Systems. CRC Press.
- 20. Raphael Gorodetsky, Richard Schäfer. Cambridge: RSC Publishing, c2011.Stem cell based tissue repair.
- 21. Robinson JR, Lee VHL (2013). Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker, USA.

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| Course Code |        |     |   | 7SL304ME24  |
| Cou         | rse Ti | tle |   | Vaccinology |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Have an idea about the history of various vaccines (subunit vaccines, peptide, DNA and RNA vaccines, live & killed vaccines, and edible vaccines), composition of vaccines
- CO2 Learn and develop understanding on the effective delivery of developed vaccine formulation to achieving robust immune responses
- CO3 Understand the various methods to develop vaccines against viral diseases including, HIV, hepatitis, flu etc.
- CO4 Learn and understand the basics of bacterial, protozoan vaccines with reference to malaria parasite
- CO5 To design an efficacious vaccine based on our understanding of the immune response generated due to natural infection as well as the same induced by successful vaccines tried in human beings since 18th century.

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours: 45**

**Unit 1: Classification of Vaccines** 

### 7 Hours

History of vaccines, Immunological principles, Composition of vaccines: vaccine, adjuvant, conservative Concepts of vaccine development, types of vaccine (Conventional vaccines; Live attenuated and killed vaccines; Subunit vaccines; Synthetic peptide vaccines; Anti-idiotype vaccines; Recombinant DNA vaccines; Deleted mutant vaccines; Reassortment vaccines; DNA vaccines; mRNA vaccines, Edible vaccines, heat killed, Xirradiated, or live attenuated whole pathogen, toxoid vaccines, challenges and possibilities with new vaccines and vaccine strategies

### Unit 2: Adjuvants and Mucosal Vaccine 6 Hours Delivery

Novel adjuvants (targeting TLR and non-TLR based PRRs, metabolic adjuvants, cell death adjuvants, epigenetic adjuvants), vaccine formats (DNA, viral vectors, dendritic

cells), Immunobiology of classic adjuvants with examples: Alum, emulsion adjuvants, Carriers; Haptens; Vaccine delivery methods and delivery mechanisms: nanoparticles, polymeric biomaterials, targeted delivery mechanisms, virus-like particles (VLP) and self-assembling peptide scaffolds.

### Unit 3: Vaccines for viruses 8 Hours

HIV, CMV, Influenza, Hepatitis, herpes viruses, Conventional vaccines killed and attenuated, modern vaccines: recombinant proteins, subunits, DNA vaccines, peptides, immunomodulators (cytokines), Antisense RNA, siRNA, ribozymes, in silico approaches for vaccine design.

### Unit 4: Vaccine for bacteria and parasites 8 Hours

Shigella, vibrio cholera, diphtheria, tetanus, pertusis, pneumococcus meningitis, mycobacterium (BCG), toxoplasma; Malaria, Leishmaniasis, Entamoeba histolitica, schistosomiasis and other helminthic infections

## Unit 5: Antigen Prediction for B and T cells 8 Hours and Validation

Fundamentals of B cell and T cell epitope recognition, Databases in Immunology, linear and conformational B-cell epitope prediction methods, T-cell epitope prediction methods, Resources to study antibodies, antigen-antibody interactions, QAM (Quantitative Affinity matrix), Structure Activity Relationship – QSARs and QSPRs, QSAR Methodology, Methods for validating predicted B and T cell epitopes.

### Unit 6: Vaccine Development and 8 Hours Standardization

Vaccine development pathway (vaccine design, pre-clinical studies, clinical trials (phase-I, phase-II and phase-III), vaccine registration, post-market surveillance, vaccine efficacy and vaccine effectiveness, standardization of vaccines, vaccine characterization, potency, stability, sterility and safety.

- Plotkin, S. A., Orenstein, W. A., and Offit, P. A., Vaccines. 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2008.
- 2. Immunopotentiators in Modern Vaccines by Schijns and O'Hagen
- 3. Robinson, A., Hudson, M.J., Cranage, M.P. Vaccine Protocols, C Second Edition, Humana Press, NY, 2003.
- 4. Chimeric Virus like Particles as Vaccines. Wolfram H. Gerlich (Editor), Detlev H. Krueger (Editor), Rainer Ulrich (Editor), November 1996 Publisher: Karger, S. Inc
- 5. Kindt, Kuby-Immunology (complements)
- 6. Current protocols in Immunology
- 7. Complement regulators and inhibitory proteins. Nat immunology Review volume 9, Oct 2009, 729-40

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| Course Code  |   |   | 6SL405ME25        |  |
| Course Title |   |   | Microbial Ecology |  |

### **Course Learning Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1 Understand principles of ecology and interactions among microorganisms and different environment
- CO2 Analyze beneficial and pathogenic interactions of microorganisms with plants and animals
- CO3 Importance of microbial diversity and conservation
- CO4 Comprehend role of microorganisms in biogeochemical cycling of elements

### Syllabus: Teaching Hours: 45

UNIT I: Fundamentals of Ecology 7 Hours

The basic concept of ecosystem, habitat and niche; energy in ecological systems; energy partitioning in food chains and food webs; history and scope of ecology.

### UNIT II: Microbial interaction in Biotic and Abiotic Environment 6 Hours

Interaction between diverse microbial population in biotic environments; Conflictual interactions – parasitism predation - antibiosis – competition; Beneficial interactions – co-metabolism – mutualism – cooperation – commensalism; Microbial interactions in abiotic environments.

### UNIT III: Interactions between Microorganisms and Plants & Animals

### 8 Hours

Interaction with plant roots-rhizosphere & mycorrhizae; microbial diseases of plants. Microbial contribution to animal nutrition; novel prokaryotic endosymbionts, ecological aspects of animal diseases.

### UNIT IV: Importance and Conservation of Microbial Diversity 8 Hours

Importance of microbial diversity in environment, pharmaceuticals & human health. Importance of conservation. Metagenomics. *In situ* conservation and *Ex situ* conservation. Role of culture collection centers in conservation.

### UNIT V: Biogeochemical cycling I 8 Hours Carbon cycle, Hydrogen cycle, Oxygen cycle

#### UNIT VI: Biogeochemical cycling II 8 Hours

Nitrogen cycle, Sulphur cycle, Phosphorus cycle, cycling of other elements

### **References:**

- 1. Environmental Microbiology and Biotechnology by Singh and Dwivedi. New Age Int. Sci. Publication.
- 2. Atlas, R.M. and Bartha, R. Microbial Ecology, 4th edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 3. Maier, R.M., Peppper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2009.
- 4. Paul and Clerk, Soil Microbiology and Biochemistry, 2007.
- 5. Paul, E.A. (Ed.). Soil Microbiology, Ecology and Biochemistry, 3rd edition, Academic Press, 2007.
- 6. Pepper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology – A Laboratory Manual, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2005.
- 7. Manahan, S.E. Environmental Chemistry, 9th edition, CRC Press, 2010.
- 8. Odum, E.P. and Barrett, G.W, Fundamentals of Ecology, 5th edition, Cengage Learning, 2005 Microbial Ecology by Alexander. Willey Publication.
- 9. Oladele Ogunseitan (2004) Microbial Diversity: Form and Function in Prokaryotes; Wiley- Blackwell.
- Satyanarayana, T., Johri, B. N. (2005) Microbial Diversity: Current Perspectives and Potential Applications; I.K. International Publishing House Pvt., Limited.
- 11. James W.Brown (2014) Principles of Microbial Diversity; ASM Press.
- 12. Colwell, R. R., Simidu, Usio, Ohwada, Kouicki (1996) Microbial Diversity in Time and Space; Springer.

### SEMESTER III

#### **Core Courses**

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| Cou | rse Co | ode | 7 | SL203CC23     |
| Cou | rse Ti | tle | H | Endocrinology |

### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Demonstrate an understanding of the biosynthesis and function of the various endocrine hormones
- CO2 Apply the basic knowledge to understand the molecular interaction of various hormones under different physiological conditions
- CO3 Analyse the hormonal profile and correlate with its need during the metabolic state and growth
- CO4 Evaluate and interpret the need for regulating the hormones
- CO5 Create and develop therapeutic or preventive strategies for various hormonal irregularities

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours: 45**

### Unit 1: Introduction to Endocrinology and 7 Hours hormone biosynthesis

Endocrine Glands, Types of Release, Receptors, Signal Transduction & Gene Regulation, Homeostasis and feedback, The Hypothalamic-Pituitary System and secretions.

### Unit 2: Tropic Hormones and their 9 Hours Regulation

<u>Thyroid</u>, adrenal and Reproductive Hormones, their Functioning and Physiological Implications. Peptide Hormones, Steroids, Catecholamines and Prostaglandins.

### Unit 3: Gastrointestinal Hormones & 8 Hours Neurotransmitters

Cellular Communication, Neural Regulation of the Gastrointestinal Tract, Chemical Messengers, Regulation of Gastrointestinal Growth, Gastrointestinal Peptides.

### Unit 4: Hormones in Metabolism and 8 Hours Growth

Calcium-Regulating Hormones, Glucose and Fat Metabolism and circadian 'rhythm.

### Unit 5: Hormones in Development and 7 Hours Behavior

Role of hormones in Behavior; Immune response; Pregnancy and cancer.

### Unit 6: Microbial role in Endocrine 6 Hours functioning

Introduction, Microbial distribution in the mammalian host system; role of gut microbes in Inflammation; gut function and behavioral response

### **References:**

- 1. Williams, R. H. and Larsen P. R., Text Book of Endocrinology, W.B. Saunders, 2003.
- 2. Martin, C. R., Endocrine Physiology, Oxford University Press, 1985.
- 3. Gorbman, A. et al., Comparative Endocrinology, John Willey and Sons, 1983
- 4. Norris, D. O. Vertebrate Endocrinology-4th Edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2007.
- 5. Greenspan, F. G. and Garden, D. G., Basic and Clinical Endocrinology, Mcgraw-Hill, 2004
- 6. Mark lyle and primrose p.e. Freestone. (2010). Microbial endocrinology- inter-kingdom signaling in infectious disease and health. Springer new york.
- 7. Mark lyle and john f. Cryan (2014). Microbial endocrinology; the microbiota-gut-brain axis in health and disease (advances in experimental medicine and biology). Springer new york.
- 8. Jameson, J. L. (2006). Harrison's Endocrinology, McGraw-Hill, 2006

9. Williams, R. H. and Larsen, P. R. (2003). Williams Textbook of Endocrinology, Saunders Publications

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| Cou   | rse Ti                          | tle  | (                                   | Genomics and Proteomics            |  |  |  |  |
| Cou   | Course Learning Outcomes (CLO): |  |                                     |                                    |  |  |  |  |
| At the end of the course, students will be able to- |                                 |  |                                     |                                    |  |  |  |  |
| CO1   | De                              | Describe the understanding of origin and evolution |                                     |                                    |  |  |  |  |
|   | of                              | genor  | mics a                              | nd gene mapping                    |  |  |  |  |
| CO2   | A                               | oply t   | owledge to establish new, molecular |                                    |  |  |  |  |
|   | cla                             | assific  | ation                               | of the disease                     |  |  |  |  |
| CO3   | Ev                              | aluat  | e the                               | e possibilities for application of |  |  |  |  |
|   | ph                              | arma   | cogene                              | omics and proteomics in drug       |  |  |  |  |
|   | di                              | scove  | ry a                                | nd development of personalized     |  |  |  |  |
|   | m                               | edicin   | e                                   |                                    |  |  |  |  |

#### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours: 45**

### Unit 1: Origin and Evolution of genomics 8 Hours and gene mapping

Origin of genomics, the first DNA genomes, genomes and human evolution, evolution of nuclear, mitochondrial and chloroplast genome, the concept of minimal genome and possibility of synthesizing it, genetic maps, physical maps, functional maps, comparative genomics, and collinearity, synteny in maps.

# Unit 2: Whole Genome sequencing 8 Hours technologies and genome assembly

Principle of genome sequencing tools, automated Sanger sequencing, pyrosequencing, Illumina. oxford nanopore and PacBio Sequencing. Whole genome assembly pipeline. k-Mer de Bruijn graph. Human, Arabidopsis, and Drosophila genome

### Unit 3: Functional genomics 6 Hours

Concept of forward and reverse genetics, insertion mutagenesis (T-DNA and transport insertion), Targeting Induced Local Lesions in Genomes (TILLING), gene expression and transcript profiling, EST contigs, use of DNA chips and microarrays

# Unit 4: Principle of basic protein 8 Hours preparation and separation

Preparation of protein isolates and fractionation /separation of proteins and peptides - basic methods of protein isolation from various sample types; electrophoretic separation techniques (IEF, SDS-PAGE, 2-D gel electrophoresis, DIGE, etc.); liquid chromatography (HPLC and FPLC); separation procedures for analysis of phospho-proteins and glycosylated proteins: multidimensional procedures for analysis of complex protein samples. **Unit 5: Strategies for protein identification 8 Hours** Mass-spectrometry of proteins - basic types of ionization techniques (ESI and MALDI) and hybrid instruments (TOF, ion trap and FTMS); protein identification methods; characterization of protein modifications. methods of protein quantification (relative and absolute quantification techniques)

# Unit 6: Protein interactomes and protein 7 Hours modification in Proteomics and application

Methods of protein-protein interaction study (Y2H, tagging TAP, FLAG, His; ion mobility utilization); Phosphoproteomics, Glycoproteomics, protein microarray. Human proteome project. application of proteomics in diagnostic, drug development and agriculture.

### **References:**

- 1. Pevsner, J., Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics, Second Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, 2009.
- 2. Mount, D. W., Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, CBS Publishers, 2004
- 3. Liebler, D., Introduction to Proteomics: Tools for New Biology, Human Press Totowa, 2002.
- 4. Campbell, A.M. & Heyer, L.J., Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics. Benjamin/Cummings, 2002.
- 5. Twyman, R. Principles of Proteomics. London: Taylor & Francis, 2014.
- 6. Lovric J. Introducing Proteomics: From Concepts to Sample Separation. Mass Spectrometry and Data Analysis, published by Wiley, 2011

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| Course Code 7 |        |     | 7 | SL901CC25        |
| Cou           | rse Ti | tle | F | Research Methods |

### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the various kind of research designs and their importance in conducting the research work.
- CO2 Propose original research proposal and demonstrate skills for effective communication through its defense
- CO3 Application of bio statistical tools for evaluation of statistical relevance of results obtained

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hour: 30**

Unit 1: Research8 HoursDefinition of Research, Applications of Research and<br/>Types, Validity, Literature Review, develop a Theoretical<br/>and Conceptual Framework, writing up the Review,

Formulating and Research Problem: Sources, Considerations, Definition of Variables, Types, Cooperative vs Collaborative Research; Disruptive vs Developmental Research; Research Modeling: Types of Models, Model Building and Stages, Data Consideration.

### Unit 2: Research Design

Design of Experiments, Objectives, Strategies, Replication, Randomization, Blocking, Guidelines for Design of Experiments, Simple Comparative Experiments- Two Sample T-Test, P-Value, Confidence Intervals, Paired Comparisons, Single Factor Experiment: Analysis of Variance (ANOVA), Randomized Complete Block Design.

**10 Hours** 

Unit 3: Research Proposal 10 Hours Contents-Preamble, The Problem, Objectives, Hypothesis, Study Design, Setup, Measurement Procedures, Analysis of Data, Organization of Report; Displaying Data tables, Graphs and Charts, writing a Research Report- Developing an Outline, Key Elements- Objective, Introduction, Design or Rationale of Work, Experimental Methods, Procedures, Measurements, Results, Discussion, Conclusion,

### Unit 4: Ethics and Scientific Conduct 7 hours

Referencing and Various Formats for Reference.

Good Laboratory practice (GLP) – Data Documentation, SOP Plagiarism, Scientific conduct and misconduct, Ethical Guidelines, Biosafety; Principles of Human and Animal Research ethics.

- 1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization Http://CDSCO.NIC.IN/
- 2. Http://WWW.Patentoffice.NIC.IN/
- 3. WWW.OECD.ORG/DATAOECD/9/11/33663321.PDF
- 4. Http://WWW.FDA.GOV/FDAC/Special/Testtubetopati ent/Studies. Html
- 5. Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology- A Step-By-Step Guide for Beginners, Pearson Education, Delhi. 2006.
- 6. Trochim, William M.K., 2/E, Research Methods, Biztantra, Dreamtech Press, New Delhi, 2003.
- 7. Montgomery, Douglas C. 5/E, Design and Analysis of Experiments, Wiley India, 2007.
- 8. C.R. Kothari and Gag, Gaurav, Research methodology-Method and Techniques, New Age International, New Delhi, 2019.
- 9. Besterfield, Dale H. 3/E, Total Quality Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005.
- 10. C. George Thomas, Research Methodology and Scientific Writing, New Delhi, 2015.
- 11. G Nageswara Rao, Biostatics and Research Methodology, Hyderabad, 2018.
- 12. Kartikeyan, S. Chaturvedi, R.M and Bhosale, Comprehensive Textbook of Bio-statics and Research Methodology, Mumbai, 2016.

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### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Demonstrate the skill to design controlled experiments for performance of standard practicals to understand the physiology and adaptation of microbial systems in different environments.
- CO2 Record and report experimental results in standard format and derive coherent conclusions of results stating their significance.
- CO3 Correlate the theoretical concepts to appreciate and evaluate results obtained through scientific enquiry.

### Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hour: 150**

- 1. Isolation of probiotic strain from the faecal samples
- 2. Characterization of the probiotic potentials of the isolated strain
- 3. Determination of anti-microbial potentials and its mode of action
- 4. Procession of fecal samples for the fecal microfloral transplantation
- 5. Study of the Endocrine glands
- 6. Estimation of Short chain Fatty Acid from Serum and faecal samples using HPLC
- 7. Determination of BSH expression from the fecal samples
- 8. Isolation and preparation of hepatocyte, pancreatic cells or lymphocytes for primary cell culture
- 9. Estimation of live cells using Trypan blue test by hemocytometer and viability testing
- 10. Estimation of live cells using PI by flow cytometry
- 11. Cell line passaging for establishing continuous cell culture
- 12. To study early and terminal differentiation of mammalian cell using specific marker by immunofluorescence technique
- 13. To study mammalian gene transfection in CHO/HEK 293 cells in vitro.

#### **References:**

- 1. Doyle, Alan. Cell and tissue culture: laboratory procedures in biotechnology. John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 1998.
- Freshney, R. Ian. "Basic principles of cell culture." Culture of cells for tissue engineering (2006): 3-22.
- Freshney, R. Ian. Culture of animal cells: a manual of basic technique and specialized applications. 7<sup>th</sup> ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2016.

- 4. Tortora, Gerard J., and Bryan H. Derrickson. Principles of anatomy and physiology. 13<sup>th</sup> ed. John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
- McMaster, Marvin C., and A. HPLC. A Practical User's Guide. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Wiley-Vch, 2007.
- 6. Prajapati, Bhumika, et al. "Divergent outcomes of gut microbiota alteration upon use of spectrum antibiotics in high sugar diet-induced diabetes in rats." RSC advances 8.46 (2018): 26201-26211.

### **Elective Courses II**

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### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe role of microorganism in recycling soil nutrients, biodegradation of complex plant polymers, sustaining and improving plant growth through improving nutrient availability, production of plant growth promoting substances and inhibiting pathogens
- CO2 Critically discuss the need for environmental microbiology and agricultural microbiology and explain their limitations
- CO3 Clarify application of microorganisms in varied fields of agricultural and environmental microbiology like bioremediation, biofertilizers and waste water treatment
- CO4 Analyse various aspects of N<sub>2</sub> fixation, P solubilization, PGPR, biodegradation and bioremediation mechanisms provided by microbes

#### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours:45**

Unit 1: Biological Nitrogen fixation10 HoursPhysiology and Biochemistry of Nitrogen fixing organisms,<br/>Genetics and regulation of nif gene expression, Signalling<br/>factors and molecular interaction in establishing Rhizobia<br/>legume symbiosis

Unit 2: Phosphate Biofertilizers 6 Hours PSMs, Inorganic phosphate solubilization and its mechanisms, Phosphate mineralizers – phytate and organic phosphate hydrolyzing bacteria, and Ecto- and Endo-Mycorrhizae

Unit 3: Plant Growth Promoting 6 Hours Rhizobacteria PGPR in improving plant growth, Mechanism in plant growth promotion, Factors affecting rhizosphere colonization.

## Unit 4: Environmental Problems and 8 Hours Monitoring

Pollution and its classification, Effluent standards: examination of waste water characteristics, municipal and industrial waste water, Global environmental problems: global warming, acid rain, ozone depletion, Sampling and analysis, Environmental monitoring and audit, Environmental laws, and policies in India.

## Unit 5: Bio-Treatment Kinetics and Reactor 8 Hours Design

Principals of biological treatments, Biological treatments: Composting, Suspended growth systems, Attached growth systems, Bioreactor design: Activated Sludge Process, Tickling Filters, Fluidized bed and Packed bed reactor, Rotating Biological Contractors, Oxidation Ponds and Ditches, Lagoons, Anaerobic Reactors.

Unit 6: Bioremediation and Biodegradation 7 Hours Bioremediation principles and Processes: Biosorption, Bioaccumulation, Bioconversion, Biotransformation, Bioleaching, Biodegradation, Detoxification, Activation, Acclimatisation and Co-metabolism, strategies and techniques of bioremediation: in situ and ex situ, of Hydrocarbons, Pesticides and Dyes, GMO's in bioremediation and biodegradation.

### **References:**

- 1. Alexander, M. Biodegradation and Bioremediation, Academic Press, 1994.
- 2. Arceivala, S.J. and Asolekar, S.R., Wastewater treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Atlas, R.M. and Bartha, R. Microbial Ecology, 4th edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 4. Bhatia, S.C. Handbook of Environmental Microbiology, Vol. III, Atlantic Publishers, 2008.
- 5. Das, H.K. Textbook of Biotechnology, 2nd edition, Wiley Dreamtech, 2005.
- Dworkin, M., Falkow, S., Rosenberg, E., Schleifer, K.H., Stackebrandt, E. (Eds.). The Prokaryotes. Vol .I – VII, Springer, 2006.
- 7. Evans, G.M. and Furlong, J.C. Environmental Biotechnology Theory and Application, John Wiley and Sons, 2004.
- 8. Hurst Christon J., Manual of Environmental Microbiology, ASM Press, Washington DC, 2007.
- 9. Khan M. S., Zaidi A. and Musarrat J., Microbes for legume improvement, Springer Wien, New York, 2010.
- 10. Maier, R.M., Peppper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2009.

- 11. Paul and Clerk, Soil Microbiology and Biochemistry, 2007.
- 12. Paul, E.A. (Ed.). Soil Microbiology, Ecology and Biochemistry, 3rd edition, Academic Press, 2007.
- Pepper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology – A Laboratory Manual, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2005.
- Rao, N. S. Subba, Soil Microbiology, 4th edition, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- 15. Thakur, I.S. Environmental Biotechnology Basic concepts and Applications, I.K. International, 2006.
- 16. Varma A., Oelmuller R. Advanced Techniques in Soil Microbiology, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2007.

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| Course Code         | 7SL409ME25                    |
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| <b>Course Title</b> | Microbiome Health and Disease |
| Course Learning     | Outcomes (CLO):               |

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the interaction between diet, the microbiome, and the host
- CO2 Analyze the role of these interactions in host health and disease
- CO3 Evaluate the acquired information to solve research questions and analyze case studies related to the topic
- CO4 Development of novel therapeutics via manipulation of microbiome.

#### Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours:45**

Unit 1: Introduction to Microbiome8 HoursDefinition and components of the microbiome (bacteria,<br/>viruses, fungi, etc.); Microbial diversity and its importance<br/>in human health, Milestones in microbiome research;<br/>Methodologies in Studying the Microbiome; Challenges<br/>and advancements in microbiome analysis.

Unit 2: Microbiome and Human Health7 HoursHuman Microbiome and Nutrition; role in Skin, Digestivesystem, Respiratory system, Urinary system, Reproductivesystem; Role during pregnancy; Gut-brain axis; Psychbiotics

**Unit 3: Factors Influencing the Microbiome 8 Hours** Influence of diet composition, dietary patterns, and food habits on the microbiome; Effects of exercise, stress, sleep, and other lifestyle factors on microbial diversity; Impact of environmental factors; Medical interventions.

Unit 4: Microbiome Dysbiosis and Disease 8 Hours

Disruptions in Microbial Balance; Alterations in microbiome composition and function; Dysbiosisassociated conditions; Infectious Diseases and Microbiome; Cancer and Chronic Diseases and Microbiome; Dysbiosis and Immune response.

### Unit 5: Microbiome, Mycobiome and Virome 7 Hours interaction

Human Virome and host interaction; Microbiome -Mycobiome interaction; Microbiome - Virome Interaction, Bacteriome-Mycobiome-Virome interaction

### Unit 6: Therapeutic Interventions and 7 Hours **Applications**

Probiotics, prebiotics, Postbiotics and their mechanisms of action in promoting a healthy microbiome; Sporulating and anaerobic microbes as potential probiotics; Clinical applications; Phage Therapy; Exploration of novel therapeutic avenues, including microbial-based drugs and engineered microbiota; Ethical considerations, regulatory challenges.

### **References:**

- 1. Almand, E.A., Moore, M.D. and Javkus, L.-A. (2017) 'Virus-Bacteria Interactions: An Emerging Topic in Human Infection', Viruses, 9(3), p. 58. Available at: https://doi.org/10.3390/v9030058.
- 2. Douglas, A.E. (2018) Fundamentals of Microbiome Science. Princeton University Press. https://doi.org/10.1515/9781400889822.
- 3. Handley, S.A. (2016) 'The virome: A missing component of biological interaction networks in health and disease', Genome Medicine, 8(1). Available at: https://doi.org/10.1186/s13073-016-0287-y.
- 4. Microbiome, Immunity, Digestive Health and Nutrition Elsevier. https://doi.org/10.1016/C2019-0-(2022).04103-9.
- 5. Microbiome Therapeutics (2023). Elsevier. Available at: https://doi.org/10.1016/C2021-0-01533-9.
- 6. Parks, D. (no date) Microbiomes: Health and the Environment MAVS OPEN PRESS ARLINGTON.
- 7. Santus, W., Devlin, J.R. and Behnsen, J. (2021) 'Crossing Kingdoms: How the Mycobiota and Fungal-Bacterial Interactions Impact Host Health and Disease', Infection Immunity, 89(4). and https://doi.org/10.1128/IAI.00648-20.
- 8. Genevieve Dable-Tupas, Rohini Karunakaran, Peter Paul C Lim, Maria Catherine B Otero. Human Microbiome Drug Targets Modern Approaches in Disease Management, 2024; ISBN: 9780443154355

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| Cou | urse Code | 7 | 7 | SL215ME25 |

| Cou | rse Title |   | Structural Biology and Drug |
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### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the architecture and building blocks of proteins, evaluate protein folds
- CO2 Understand the protein folding and misfolding and the thermodynamic concepts of protein
- Apply structure to function CO3
- Analyse the structure and function of membranes CO4
- CO5 Evaluate the macromolecular complexes and their biological complexity

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours:45**

8 hours

### **Unit 1: Introduction**

7 hours Overview of structural biology - Levels of structures in macromolecules; non-covalent forces biological determining biopolymer structure, principals of minimization of conformational energy.

### **Unit 2: Protein Structure**

Proteins primary, secondary and tertiary structures -Structural implications of the peptide bond; Ramachandran Plot; Structural classification of proteins, structural motifs, profiles and protein families; Methods and techniques for study of protein structure and its perturbations by using X pray crystallography, electron microscopy, NMR techniques, Atomic force microscopy and cryo-EM.

### **Unit 3: Protein Folding**

7 hours Folding in vivo and in vitro; protein stability, thermodynamics, and kinetics; Effect of various factors on folding; Folding intermediates- kinetic, equilibrium and molten globule intermediates; Techniques for studying the structure and folding of proteins; chaperones, peptidyl prolyl isomerase (PPI), Protein disulfide isomerase (PDI); Comparison of the structure and stability of proteins of mesophilic and extremophilic origin.

#### **Unit 4: Biomolecular Interactions** 7 hours

Molecular recognition, supramolecular interactions, Protein-protein interactions, and their importance. Protein structure, protein crosslinking and oligomerization and its relevance in disease; Therapeutic approaches.

### Unit 5: Techniques that detect protein- 8 hours nucleic acid interaction

Structural elements of DNA and RNA; nucleic acid-protein complexes and the functional importance of protein-nucleic acid interactions; Protein-micromolecular interaction Therapeutic approaches that target structural elements of protein-nucleic acid interaction relevant to cellular pathophysiology

### **Unit 6: Membrane Structure**

Lipid structure and their organization; Comparison between different membrane models; carrier transport, ion transport, active and passive transport, ion pumps, water transport, use of liposomes for membrane models and drug delivery systems. Drug treatment strategy that targets various membrane transport relevant to different kind of diseases.

### **References:**

- 1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization Http://CDSCO.NIC.IN/
- 2. Http://WWW.Patentoffice.NIC.IN/
- 3. WWW.OECD.ORG/DATAOECD/9/11/33663321.PD F
- 4. Http://WWW.FDA.GOV/FDAC/Special/Testtubetopa tient/Studies. Html
- 5. Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology- A Step-By-Step Guide for Beginners, Pearson Education, Delhi. 2006.
- 6. Trochim, William M.K., 2/E, Research Methods, Biztantra, Dreamtech Press, New Delhi, 2003.
- 7. Montgomery, Douglas C. 5/E, Design and Analysis of Experiments, Wiley India, 2007.
- 8. Kothari, C.K., 2/E, Research Methodology- Methods and Techniques, New Age International, New Delhi, 2004.
- 9. Besterfield, Dale H. 3/E, Total Quality Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005.
- 10. Scientific Communication- An introduction https://doi.org/10.1142/11541 | March 2020, pages 276
- 11. Science communication: A practical Gui
- 12. de for scientists, Laura Bowater, Kay Yeoman, ISBN: 978-1-118-40666-3 October 2012 Wiley-Blackwell 384 Pages;
- 13. https://www.wiley.com/enus/Science+Communication%3A+A+Practical+Guide +for+Scientists-p-9781118406663
- 14. Structural Biology and drug discovery, method techniques and practices edited by Jean Paul Renaud, Wiley March 2020.
- 15. Structure based drug discovery, https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-1-61779-520-6

### **Elective Courses III**

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### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

CO1 Understand the basics introduction of molecular

medicine

- CO2 Analysis of the disease specific pathological mechanism and target for medicinal approach
- CO3 Apply the methods to characterize therapeutic effects of medicine
- CO4 Validating the molecular diagnosis of the disease

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours:45**

**Unit 1: Introduction to Molecular Medicine 7 hours** Fundamental aspects of molecular medicine genetic mutation and repair. single nucleotide polymorphism of gene and biological consequences. General strategy and Fundamental aspects of infectious vs non-infectious diseases and acute and chronic disease progression. Role of biological environmental impact in various major diseases.

## Unit 2: Cell signaling events and small 7 hours molecule blocker

Introduction of intracellular and extracellular signaling pathway. Role of Receptors and adaptor protein in cell signaling. Role of genetic mutation and mutant protein in cell signaling defect and associated diseases. Design of small molecule inhibitors and other strategies to counter balance the genetic and protein mutation restoring cellular physiology.

## Unit 3: Pathophysiological spectrum of 8 hours various diseases

Discussing various factors including genetic, SNPS, protein mutation, cell signaling and endothelial disfunction etc. for the trigger of cancer, diabetes, neurodegeneration, coronary artery disease and others.

### Unit 4: Effect of medicine in biological 6 hours system

Basic ideas on biodistribution and pharmacokinetic of medicine, toxicity and hepatic metabolism of the oral medicine, various types of formulation of the medicine, biotechnology drugs such as antibody, protein and other forms of drug conjugate used as formulation for drug delivery

### **Unit 5: Molecular Diagnosis**

### 8 hours

Brief description for application of to various analytical tools to characterize the drug like molecules. Use of laboratory-based cell biological markers, prognostic marker for the validation of drug effect on biological molecule such as DNA sequencing analysis, mutation analysis, PCR, gene therapy, Si-RNA knockdown, western blot, cell viability assay etc.

### Unit 6: Drug Design and Computational 9 hours Drug Discovery Approach

Rational drug design to targets that is relevant to various diseases such as cancer, diabetes, neuronal disorders, psychological complications, osteoporosis, endocrine disorders, and others etc. Structure activity relationship. Application of bio-informatics method and in silico application to drug design and virtual screening of drug against a disease specific target gene/protein.

### **References:**

- 1. Alberts B, Johnson A, Lewis J, Raff M, Roberts K and Walter P, "Molecular Biology of the Cell", Fifth Edition, Garland Publishing Inc. 2008.
- Molecular Medicine Book by Robert M. White (Author), David W. Brown (Author), Steven A. Williams. ISBN-10, 1594250332.
- 3. Introduction to Molecular Medicine by D. W. Ross, publisher Springer, 9<sup>th</sup> march 2013.
- Molecular Medicine is the application of genetic or DNA-based knowledge to the modern practice of medicine. *Molecular Medicine* by R J Trent, 22<sup>nd</sup> August 2022.
- 5. Philosophy of Molecular Medicine: Foundational Issues in Theory and Practice aims at a systematic investigation of a number of foundational issues in the field of molecular medicine. Routledge publication, 1st edition (18 Dec. 2020).
- Textbook Of Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Allied And Molecular Medicine by <u>Gp Talwar, Seyed E Hasnain</u>, 4<sup>th</sup> edition. November 2015 publication.

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| Course Title |        |     | 0 | Cancer Biology |

### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe and appraise the fundamentals of cellular processes involving molecular genetic basis of multistep process of carcinogenesis Illustrate mechanisms of physical, biological, and chemical cancer-causing agents as well as spontaneous cancer onset in terms of role of oncogenes and tumour suppressor genes, deregulation of cell cycle and differentiation in cancer cells.
- CO2 Articulate host-environment interactions including susceptibility factors in cancer predisposition; cancer classification systems; principles of cancer diagnosis, prognosis, and response to therapy and management in the laboratory.
- CO3 Demonstrate understanding of cancer control for disease-free, relapse-free, and metastasis-free longer survival using knowledge of molecular players and factors governing cancer spread from

primary sites, metastasis cascade, and invasion.

#### Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours: 45**

Unit 1: Introduction to Cancer Biology 6 Hours History of cancer and various theories of Cancer etiology, Warning signs of cancer; Types of cancer; cancer classification systems: Epidemiology; Updates in hallmarks of cancer cells including; Self-sufficiency in growth signals, insensitivity to growth suppressive signals, evading programmed cell death, replicative immortality, sustained angiogenesis, invasion and metastasis, reprogramming energy metabolism, evading immune destruction, tumor promoting inflammation, genomic instability, and others

Unit 2: Molecular Cell Biology of Cancer 8 Hours Proto-oncogenes and Oncogenes, Mechanisms of inactivation of proto-oncogenes and affected cellular pathways; Tumor suppressor genes, two-hit theory, mi-RNA and other regulators of cellular pathways and cancer, modulation of growth factors, receptors, signal transduction, Cancer Stem cells, Biology, and implications; Apoptosis, Autophagy, Necroptosis, Ferroptosis and pyroptosis.

## Unit 3: Cancer Genetics, Cytogenetics and 10 Hours Genomics:

Constitutional and Acquired Genetic Determinants of Cancer; Genetic Predisposition to Cancer; Hereditary cancer syndromes and Familial Cancers; Molecular pathogenesis of acquired chromosomal aberrations, fusion genes, Common techniques for analysis of alterations in chromosomes and DNA, Techniques for analysis of alterations in chromosomes and DNA.

### Unit 4: Principles of Carcinogenesis 8 Hours

Physical, Chemical and Biological Carcinogenesis, Genotoxic and non-genotoxic carcinogens, Cancer Metabolism and Targets of Carcinogenesis, Molecular mechanism of Carcinogenesis. Cancer risk factors and differential susceptibility, IARC and WHO and OECD guidelines.

### Unit 5: Cancer Metastasis

Metastatic cascade; Basement Membrane disruption; Threestep theory of Invasion; Heterogeneity of metastatic phenotype; Epidermal Mesenchymal Transition, Molecular signatures and organ preference in metastasis and Angiogenesis

8 Hours

**Unit 6: Cancer Biomarkers and Therapeutics 5 Hours** Classical and novel strategies for cancer treatment; Tumor markers for cancer diagnosis, prognosis, and therapy decisions; Cancer Immunology and therapeutic interventions, Humanized /Chimeric antibodies in cancer diagnosis and treatment, Targeted drug delivery and drug delivery systems, Animal models for cancer, Cancer vaccine, Clinical trials, Immune cell therapies, Gene Therapy, survival and response monitoring, targeted therapy with examples of clinical importance, personalized medicine

### **References:**

- 1. Weinberg R., Biology of Cancer, Garland Science, June, 2010
- 2. D. Liebler, Proteomics in cancer research, 2004
- David M. Terrian, Cancer cell signalling, Methods, and protocols, Volum 218 (Methods in Molecular Biology), 2003.
- 4. Strachan Tom and Read Andrew P. (2010) Human Molecular Genetics, 4th Edition, Garland Science (Taylor and Francis Group), London and New York
- 5. K.L. Rudolph, Telomeres and Telomerase in ageing, disease, and cancer, 2008.
- 6. Maly B.W.J., Virology: A practical approach, IRL Press, Oxford, 1987.
- Dunmock N.J and Primrose, S.B., Introduction to modern Virology, Blackwell Scientific Publications. Oxford, 1988.
- 8. Knowles, M.A., Selby P., An Introduction to the Cellular and Molecular Biology of Cancer, Oxford Medical publications, 2005.
- 9. Vincent, T. De Vita, Lawrence T. S., Rosenberg, S. A., Cancer: Principles & Practice of Oncology, 10th Edition, Lippincot, 2011
- 10. http://atlasgeneticsoncology.org
- 11. http://cgap.nci.nih.gov/Chromosomes/Mitelman
- 12. http://www.humanvariomeproject.org
- 13. https://www.genome.gov/hapmap

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Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Get acquainted with the molecular basis of pathogenesis and virulence of different microbial pathogens, and would also be sensitized to the social impact of most dreadful infections like tuberculosis, malaria, HIV, etc.
- CO2 To acquire experimental knowhow of antimicrobial susceptibility assays, biochemical characterization of medically important microorganisms, etc.
- CO3 Develop an understaffed go the problem of drugresistance, and the mechanism underlying its development and spread among pathogenic populations.

Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours: 45**

### Unit 1: Overview of Microbial Infections in 7 hours Humans

Evolution of microbial pathogens; Concepts of virulence, pathogenicity, and epidemiology; Status of the field of microbial pathogenicity

### Unit 2: Bacterial Pathogens 7 hours

Host-pathogen interactions, mechanisms of virulence and antibiotic resistance in important bacterial pathogens listed as Priority Pathogens by WHO/CDC/DBT e.g. *P. aeruginosa*, *S. aureus*, *M. tuberculosis*, etc.; Role of biofilms and quorum sensing in bacterial virulence: Host-pathogen interactions, mechanisms of virulence and antibiotic resistance in important bacterial pathogens listed as Priority Pathogens by WHO/CDC/DBT e.g. *P. aeruginosa*, *S. aureus*, *M. tuberculosis*, etc.; Role of biofilms and quorum sensing in bacterial pathogens listed as Priority Pathogens by WHO/CDC/DBT e.g. *P. aeruginosa*, *S. aureus*, *M. tuberculosis*, etc.; Role of biofilms and quorum sensing in bacterial virulence.

**Unit 3: Eukaryotic Pathogens of Humans 7 hours** Fungi, protozoa, and helminths as pathogens; Hostpathogen interactions, mechanisms of virulence and antibiotic resistance in these parasites

### Unit 4: Viral Infections

8 hours

General characteristics, Pathogenesis, Diagnosis, Mechanisms of viral pathogenesis with reference to representative examples of viruses of pandemic potential e.g. HIV, influenza, coronavirus, etc.; Prions

### Unit 5: Treatment and Prevention 8 hours

An overview of antimicrobial agents in current clinical use, and their modes of action; Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR); Role of lateral gene transfer and pathogenicity islands in spread of AMR; Discovery and development of novel anti-pathogenic agents; Anti-virulence approach; Vaccines; Traditional Medicine in combating AMR.

### Unit 6: Human Microbiome in Health and 8 hours Disease

An overview of human microbiome composition and its correlation with communicable and non-communicable diseases; Probiotic, prebiotics, and their clinical or nutraceutical applications

- 1. Sasakawa S (2009). Molecular mechanisms of bacterial infection via the gut. Springer.
- 2. Greenwood D, Slack R, Peutherer J, Medical Microbiology 15<sup>th</sup> Edn., Churchil and Livinstone. 2007.
- 3. Schaechter M, Engleberg, N C, . Einstein B and Mendoff G, Mechanism of Microbial Diseases, 3rd Edition., Williams and Wilkins, 1998.
- 4. Wilson M (2005). Microbial inhabitants of humans. Cambridge University Press.

### **Elective Courses IV**

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Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Demonstrate an understanding of the principles important to predicting adverse reactions to compounds, whether they be under development as a drug or through environmental exposure
- CO2 Demonstrate a comprehensive knowledge of biological targets and the damage caused to such targets plus some of the ensuing changes at the level of organelle, cell, organ, and organism.
- CO3 Evaluate the relevance of non-clinical species to the prediction of human drug safety
- CO4 Apply scientific reasoning and methods to experimental design for assessment of chemical toxicity

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours: 45**

**Unit 1: Toxicokinetics and Toxicodynamics 9 Hours** Toxicants and toxicity, ED, TD and LD values and their importance, Dose-response relationship; Absorption, distribution, Metabolism, elimination, organ toxicity; Reaction of toxicants with target molecules, Cellular disrepair, and repair mechanisms Lipid peroxidation; ROS & RNS.

#### Unit 2: Drug metabolism

7 Hours

8 Hours

Biotransformation i.e., Phase-I and Phase-II reactions, Concept of pro-drug and its bioactivation. Drug metabolising enzymes and their subcellular localization viz. microsomal and cytosolic enzymes. Metabolites- Active, non-active, reactive (Toxic), and reversible.

### Unit 3: Pharmaceutical Toxicology 8 Hours

Drug Action and factors modifying the drugs action; Toxicological study in drug manufacturing; Adverse reaction; Pharma Regulation (FDA, OECD, ICH, Schedule Y); Microbial and Food Toxicity

#### Unit 4: Cellular Toxicology

Cells and tissue responses to chemical stress; Route of Entry into the cell; Interaction with membrane process; Intracellular fate of chemicals; Role of Transporters; Mechanism of cell death.

**Unit 5: Toxicoproteomics and Metabolomics 7 Hours** Toxicoproteomics in assessing Organ; Biomarkers in Toxicology and Risk Assessment; Fundamentals of Metabolomics; Metabolomic Profiling in Toxicity Assessment.

### Unit 6: Oxidative stress 8 Hours

Toxicological consequences of oxidative stress, Oxidative stress and protein damage, Oxidative stress and DNA damage, Oxidative stress and lipid damage; Antioxidative defence mechanisms; Role of glutathione, Superoxide dismutase, Metallothionein and  $\alpha$ -tocopherol as antioxidants; Xenobiotic-induced alterations in intracellular calcium distribution, Toxicological consequences of increased intracellular calcium concentrations.

### **References:**

- 1. Briggs M. H., The Chemistry and Metabolism of Drugs and Toxins: An Introduction to Xenobiochemistry, Heinemann Medical Publication,
- 2. Freeman K. I., Evans J. P., Cerniglia, F. E., Xenobiochemistry, Elsevier (Amsterdam), 1985.
- 3. Hodgson, E., and Smart R. C., Introduction to Biochemical Toxicology, 3rd Edition, Wiley, 2001.
- 4. Timbrell J., Principles of Biochemical Toxicology, 4th Edition, Taylor & Francis, USA, 2004.
- 5. Paul R. Ortiz de Montellano (2004). Cytochrome P450: Structure, Mechanism, and Biochemistry, Kluwer Academic and Plenum Publishers, USA.

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# Course TitleMicrobial Diversity and SystemicsCourse Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Recognize the extent of microbial diversity present in this world including prokaryotic and eukaryotic microbes and the importance of microbial diversity in different habitats including extreme environments.
- CO2 Understand conventional and molecular methods used for studying microbial diversity and problems and limitations in microbial diversity studies.
- CO3 Describe the microbial classification schemes and methods used for taxonomy, distinguish, and differentiate the use of various taxonomic tools apt for classification and identification of microorganisms.
- CO4 Apply the knowledge of biochemistry and physiology of extremophiles for their application potentials in Biotechnology.

#### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours: 45**

Unit 1: Principles of Microbial Diversity 9 Hours

Evolution of life, Principles and concepts of microbial diversity, Ecological diversity, Structural and Functional Diversity. Methods of studying microbial diversity – microscopy, nucleic acid analysis, physiological studies, CLPP, FAME.

### Unit 2: Issues of Microbial Diversity 7 Hours

Problems and limitations in microbial diversity studies, Diversity Indices, Loss of diversity, Sustainability and Resilience, Indicator species, Exploitation of microbial diversity, Conservation, and economics.

### Unit 3: Microbial Classification and 9 Hours Taxonomy

Phenetic, Phylogenetic and Genotypic classification, Numerical Taxonomy, Taxonomic Ranks, Techniques for determining Microbial Taxonomy and Phylogeny – classical and molecular characteristics, phylogenetic trees; major divisions of life, Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology, Prokaryotic Phylogeny, and major groups of bacteria.

### Unit 4: The Archaea

7 Hours

7 Hours

Ecology, Archaeal cell walls and membranes, genetics and molecular biology, metabolism, archaeal Taxonomy, Phylum Crenarchaeota, Phylum Euryarchaeota.

#### Unit 5: Eukaryotic Diversity

Physiological variation, identification, cultivation, and classification of important groups of fungi, algae, and protozoa.

# Unit 6: Microbial Diversity in Extreme 6 Hours Environments

Habitat, diversity, physiology, survival and adaptation, and biotechnological potentials of: Cold and thermal environment, Saline and deep-sea environment, Anaerobic environment, Osmophilic and xerophilic environment, Alkaline and acidic environment.

### **References:**

- 1. Cavicchioli, R. Archaea Molecular and Cellular Biology, ASM Press, Washington, 2007.
- Dworkin, M., Falkow, S., Rosenberg, E., Schleifer, K.H., Stackebrandt, E. (Eds.). The Prokaryotes. Vol. I – VII, Springer, 2006.
- 3. Garrity, G.M. and Boone, D.R. (Eds.), Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology, 2nd edition, Vol. I, Springer, 2001.
- Garrity, G.M., Brenner, D.J., Kreig, M.R. and Staley, J.T. (Eds.), Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology, 2nd edition, Vol. II, Springer, 2005.
- 5. Gerday, C. and Glansdorff, N. Physiology and Biodiversity of Extremophiles, ASM Press, Washington, 2007.
- 6. Hurst, C.J, Crawford, R.L., Garland, J.L., Lipson, D.A., Mills, A.L. and Stetzenbach, L.D. Manual of

Environmental Microbiology, 3rd Edition, ASM Press, Washington, 2007.

- Madigan, M.T. and Martinko, J.M. Brock Biology of Microorganisms, 11th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2006.
- Mueller, G.M., Bills, G.F. and Foster, M.S. Biodiversity of Fungi – Inventory and Monitoring Methods, Elsevier Academic Press, 2004.
- 9. Willey, J.M., Sherwood, L.M. and Woolverton, C.J. Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology, 7th edition, McGraw Hill, 2008.

### SEMESTER IV

| Elec | tive C         | ourse | •  |              |
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| Cou  | Course Title D |       |    | Dissertation |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

CO1 Develop understanding in the field of scientific research at the academic as well as industrial sector. This will students to identify scientific problems and design proposals to address and implement ideas. This enables them to communicate the same to a greater audience.

This will benefit the students to perform well in their job interviews and to design their CV which can evoke interest in the employers to know more about the candidate.

### Outline:

The students have to carry out their dissertation work. They have to perform wet lab experimentation on the topic of project assigned to them. The Viva will be conducted as interim presentation as well as final presentations, where the students have to defend their dissertation work

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### **Outline:**

The students will be deputed to industry/academic institutes/laboratories have undertake training to enhance their skills in order to improve their employability in the field of interest. The students will have a guide allocated at the host institute and have to present their progress of training in the form of interim presentation. They will be submitting a comprehensive report as well as

well as an final presentation, comprising of the training undertaken by them.

# ANNEXURE-I

M. Sc. Biotechnology

### **Institute of Science** Nirma University Teaching & Examination Scheme of M.Sc. Biotechnology (2025-26)

| Sr     | Course                                 |  | 1            | eaching S   | Scheme      |             | Examination Scheme |      |       |         |         |
|--------|--|--|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|------|-------|---------|---------|
| No     | Code                                   |  | -            | cuoming c   | , eneme     |             | Durs               | tion | Compo | nent We | iøhtage |
|        | coue                                   |  |              | LPW/        |             |             | Dun                | LPW/ | comp  | LPW/    | gintage |
|        |  | Course Title   | L            | PW          | т           | с           | SEE                | PW   | CE    | PW      | SEE     |
| Sen    | iester-I                               |  |              |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 1      | 6SL105CC24                             | Cell and Molecular Biology                           | 4            | -           | -           | 4           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 2      | 6SL305CC24                             | Immunology   | 4            | -           | -           | 4           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 3      | 6SL202CC22                             | Human Physiology                                     | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 4      | 6SL402CC24                             | Microbiology   | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 5      | 6SL203CC22                             | Metabolism   | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 6      | 6SL102CC24                             | Laboratory I   | -            | 10          | -           | 5           | -                  | 10.0 | 1.00  | -       | -       |
|        |  | Total  | 17           | 10          |             | 22          |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Supp   | lementary Co                           | urse   |              |             | -           |             | -                  |      |       |         |         |
| 7      | 6SL801CC24                             | Scientific Communications - I                        | 1            | -           | -           | 1           | -                  | -    | 1.00  | -       | -       |
|        |  | Total  | 18           | 10          |             | 23          |                    |      |       |         |         |
|        |  |  |              |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Sen    | ester-II                               |  |              |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 1      | 6SL403CC24                             | Industrial Microbiology & Fermantation Technology    | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 2      | 6SL104CC22                             | Bioanalytical Techniques                             | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 3      | 6SL303CC24                             | Genetic Engineering                                  | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 4      | 6SL204CC24                             | Human Genetics                                       | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 5      | 6SL205CC24                             | Laboratory II  | -            | 10          | -           | 5           | -                  | 10.0 | 1.00  | -       | -       |
| -      |  | Total  | 12           | 10          |             | 17          |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Supp   | elementary Co                          | ourses   | 1 .          | 1           |             | 1           | 1                  | 1    | 1 00  |         | 1       |
| 6      | 6SL802CC24                             | Scientific Communications - II                       | 1            | -           | -           | 1           | -                  | -    | 1.00  | -       | -       |
| Terret | tute Electione                         |  |              |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Inst   | tute Elective                          | Election I   | 2            |             |             | 2           | 2.0                | 1    | 0.60  |         | 0.40    |
| - 7    |  |  | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
|        |  | Total  | 16           | 10          |             | 21          |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 0      |  |  |              |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| зеп    | lester-III                             |  |              |             |             |             |                    | 1    | 0.00  |         | 0.40    |
| 1      | 7SL301CC23                             | Animal Biotechnology                                 | 3            | -           |             | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 2      | 7SL302CC23                             | Genomics & Proteomics                                | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 3      | 7SL901CC25                             | Research Methods                                     | 2            | -           | -           | 2           | -                  | -    | 1.00  | -       | -       |
| 4      | 7SL204CC25                             | Laboratory III                                       | -            | °           | -           | 4           | -                  | 0.0  | 1.00  | -       | -       |
|        |  | Total  | •            | •           |             | 14          |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Insti  | tute Elective                          |  |              |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 5      |  | Elective II  | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 6      |  | Elective III   | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 7      |  | Elective IV  | 3            | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
|        |  | Total  | 17           | 8           | -           | 21          | 0.0                |      |       |         |         |
|        |  |  |              | -           |             |             | 1                  |      |       |         | 1       |
| Sem    | ester-IV (A                            | uv one of the following)                             |              |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 1      |  | 7SI 902MF23 Dissertation                             | -            | - I         | _           | 15          | _                  | -    | 0.60  | _       | 0.40    |
| 1      |  | 7SI 903MF25 Internship                               | -            | -           | _           | 15          | _                  | _    | 0.00  | -       | 0.40    |
|        |  | Total  | _            | _           | -           | 15          | _                  | _    | 0.00  |         | 0.10    |
| *Cor   | npulsory sum                           | mer training following semester II for 21 working da | ivs          |             |             | 10          |                    |      |       |         |         |
|        |  |  | Supplement   | ary Courses | s           |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| L: Lec | tures, T: Tutorial,                    | Semester I   | 6SL901 Sc    | ientific Co | ommunicat   | tions - I   |                    |      |       |         |         |
| CE: C  | ontinuous Examin<br>PW: Laboratory /   | ation<br>Project Work                                | Semester II  | 6SL902 Sc   | ientific Co | ommunicat   | tions - II         |      |       |         |         |
| SEE.   | Semester End En                        | amination  |              |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 366.   | Semester End EX                        | miniation  | Semester III | Elective II | II          |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Elect  | ive I (Semester II)                    |  |              | 7SL216ME    | 25 Molec    | ular Medic  | ine                |      |       |         |         |
| 6SL10  | 6ME24 Nanobiot                         | echnology  |              | 7SL202ME    | 25 Cance    | r Biology   | 1                  |      |       |         |         |
| 6SL40  | 94101224 vaccinolo<br>05ME25 Microbial | ecology  |              | /SL410ME    | ⊿∋ Medic    | ai Microbic | nogy               |      |       |         |         |
|        |  | <u> </u>   |              |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |

Elective II (Semester III) 7SL401ME25 Agriculture & Environmental Microbiology 7SL409ME25 Microbiome in Health and Disease 7SL215ME25 Structural Biology and Drug Discovery

Semester III Elective IV 7SL217ME25 Molecular Toxicology 7SL404ME23 Microbial Diversity & Systematics

### SEMESTER I

### **Core Courses**

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| 4                | - | - | 4   |                       |
| Course Code 6SL  |   |   | 6SI | L105CC24              |
| Course Title Cel |   |   | Cel | l & Molecular Biology |

**Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):** 

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand and appraise the fundamentals of cell as a unit of living organisms and their organelles in terms of structure and functions.
- CO2 Evaluate the cellular mechanisms of cell-cell interactions, cell communications, cell signalling pathways, molecular mechanisms and their crosstalk, cell division, cell death, and regulation Analyse the concept of central dogma and its updates
- CO3 Demonstrate understanding of molecular processes and principles of DNA replication, transcription, translation, and regulation

#### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours: 60 Hours**

# Unit 1: Plasma membranes; transport,7 HoursCell-Cell Adhesion and Communication

Plasma membrane transport, structure & amp; molecular composition of various transporters for active and passive transport, Cell-cell adhesions: Ca++ dependent and Ca++ independent; Extracellular matrix.

## Unit 2: Cytoskeleton; intracellular protein 8 Hours traffic

Actin, Intermediate Filaments and Microtubules; Structure, Dynamics, and functions of each in mitosis, cell movement; motor proteins and accessory proteins; Gated, Nuclear, and Vesicular protein traffic intracellular environment.

### Unit 3: Cell Signaling

8 Hours

Cell Surface Receptors; Signaling from Plasma Membrane to Nucleus, Map Kinase Pathways, G-protein coupled receptors, signal transduction pathways, second messengers, regulation of signaling pathways, neurotransmission, and regulation

#### Unit 4: Cell Cycle

7 Hours

Mitosis, Meiosis, Cell Cycle, Role of Cyclins and Cyclin Dependent Kinases, Regulation of Cdk –Cyclin Activity, Cell cycle check-points; necrosis, senescence, and apoptosis

# Unit 5: DNA structure and Genome 7 Hours organization

DNA structure and function: Central dogma, DNA as genetic material, DNA supercoiling, gyrases,

topoisomerases; Physical properties of nucleic acids: Chromatin structure; Chromatin remodeling and its functional significance.

## Unit 6: DNA Replication, repair, and 8 Hours recombination

Mechanism of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic DNA replication; DNA damaging agents; DNA repair - Components and pathways; DNA recombination Components and pathways.

### Unit 7: Transcription 8 Hours

Structure and function of mRNA; Mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; RNA processing: splicing, capping, polyadenylation, and base modifications; Prokaryotic gene regulation: Lac operon, Attenuation, antitermination, small RNAs, riboswitch.

### Unit 8: Translation

Structure and function of mRNA, rRNA, and tRNA; Genetic code; Ribosomes; Mechanism of translation in prokaryotic and eukaryotes; inhibitors of translational; posttranslational modifications.

7 Hours

### **References:**

- Alberts, Bruce, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts and Peter Walter. Molecular Biology of the Cell. 7<sup>th</sup> Ed. New York: Garland Science, Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, 2022.
- 2. Gerald K., Cell and Molecular Biology, Concept and Experiment, 6th Edition, Wiley, 2013.
- 3. Kleinsmith, L. J. J. Principles of Cell and Molecular Biology, 2nd Edition, Benjamin Cummings, 1997.
- Krebs, J. E., Lewin, B., Goldstein, E. S., & Kilpatrick, S. T. (2014). Genes, XI.
- Lodish, H., Berk A., Kaiser C. A., Krieger M., Scott M.P., Bretscher A., Ploegh H., and Matsudaira P., Molecular Cell Biology, 6th Edition, Freeman, W. H. and Co., 2008.
- Pollard, T. D., and Earnshaw, W. C., Cell Biology 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Saunders Elsevier, 2023.
- 7. Stryer, L., Bery, J. M., Dymoczko, J. L., Biochemistry. 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, WH Freeman and Co. New York, 2023.
- Watson, J. D., & Levinthal, C. (2014). Molecular biology of the gene, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.

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| Co | urse | Cod   | e | 6SL305CC24 |
| Co | urse | Title | e | Immunology |

### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Develop good understanding on how immune system discriminate self-from non-self.
- CO2 Evaluate the immune response of the host encountering the pathogen or upon vaccination.

- CO3 Understand how MHCs play critical role in shaping specific adaptive immune responses
- CO1 Select target antigen or immunogen against which immune response is generated
- CO2 Develop strategies to regulate immune response against the self
- CO3 Design immunoassays based on the monoclonal antibodies

### Syllabus: Teaching Hours: 60

### Unit 1: Introduction

### **6 Hours**

Cells of the immune system, Hematopoiesis, structure and function of primary and secondary lymphoid organs, Innate immune system, PAMPs (pathogen associated molecular patterns), DAMPs (damage associated molecular patterns), PRRs (pattern recognition receptors), Antigen (immunogen, haptens and carrier).

### Unit 2: Antibody and Complement 8 Hours

Structure and functions of immunoglobulins, Isotypic, allotypic and Idiotypic variations; Complement activation and regulation.

### Unit 3: Generation of Diversity 8 Hours

Generation of antigen receptor diversity (VJ/VDJ recombination for BCR and TCR), somatic hypermutations, affinity maturation, B and T cell Development.

### Unit 4: MHC and APP (antigen processing 8 Hours and presentation)

Polymorphism of MHC genes, Role of MHC antigens in immune responses, MHC antigens in transplantation; Antigen-uptake, processing, presentation/cross-presentation.

### Unit 5: Lymphocyte activation and 8 Hours trafficking

B and T cell activation including signaling, differentiation, memory formation and recall, lymphocyte trafficking and immune surveillance

### Unit 6: Cytokines

6 Hours

Interleukins, monokines, transforming growth factors, chemokines, their receptors, signaling and functions.

### Unit 7: Tolerance

### 8 Hours

8 Hours

Autoimmunity, transplantation, allergy and hypersensitivity, cancer immunity, immune-deficiency.

### Unit 8: Immuno-technology

Immunodiffusion assay (radial diffusion, Ouchterlony double diffusion), RIA (radio immune assay), ELISA, Immune-PCR, Immunoblot, Immunocytochemistry, Immunoprecipitation, B cell and T cell hybridoma technology, Flow-cytometry, Single chain antibodies, CAR-T cell, CAR-N

### **References:**

- 1. Janeway, C (2018) Janeway's immunobiology. Garland Science 11th Edition.
- 2. Kindt, T. J (2018). Kuby immunology. Macmillan. 8th Edition
- Paul, W. E. (2012). Fundamental immunology. Lipincott & Wilkins, 8th Edition
- 4. Abbas, A. K., Lichtman, A. H., & Pillai, Shiva. (2017). Cellular and molecular immunology WB Saunders Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 186-204, 9th Edition
- 5. Coico, R. (2015). Immunology: A Short course. John Wiley & Sons, 7th edition
- Peter J. Delves, Seamus J. Martin, Dennis R. Burton, and Ivan M. Roitt. (2017). Roitt's essential immunology John Wiley & Sons. 13th Edition.

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| Course Code                     | 6SL202CC22       |  |  |  |  |
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| Course Title                    | Human Physiology |  |  |  |  |
| Course Learning Outcomes (CLO): |                  |  |  |  |  |

### At the end of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 To identify basic organisation of biological system of the human body and define their role.
- CO2 To describe and relate the structure to functional role of each organ and organ system
- CO3 To comprehend interactions amongst various organs within/between system/s, their negative and positive feedback to maintain steady state and equilibrium in the body.
- CO4 To discuss, interpret and analyze biochemical alterations and evaluate the pathophysiological changes during diseased condition.

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours: 45**

9 Hours

### Unit 1: Digestive System

Digestive Processes; Structural organisation and functions of Alimentary Canal (GI tract); Structure and functions of salivary gland, teeth, pancreas, liver; Physiology of digestion and absorption. Diseases/Disorders of digestive system.

### Unit 2: Cardiovascular System 9 Hours

Structure and functions of blood — formed elements (blood cells) and plasma, physiology of blood coagulation. Grouping of blood; Basic structure of heart, conduction system and cardiac cycle; Organisational structure of blood vessels and lymphatic vessels. Diseases/Disorders of CVS.

### Unit 3: Respiratory System 6 Hours

Structural Organisation of Respiratory System: Structure and functions of nose, larynx, trachea, bronchi, and lungs;

Physiology of Respiration (inspiration, expiration, pulmonary air volumes and capacities), Transportation of respiratory gases. Diseases/Diseases of Respiratory System.

#### **Unit 4: Urinary System**

9 Hours

Anatomical Structure of functional unit of kidney (Nephron); Blood and nerve supply of kidney; Physiology of urine formation (glomerular filtration, tabular reabsorption, tabular secretion); characteristics of urine and its utility in measuring health states; Homeostasis. Diseases/Diseases of Urinary System.

### **Unit 5: Skeletal System**

6 Hours

Structural Organisation of Skeletal System — Axial and appendicular system; structure and types of bones; Articulations - fibrous, cartilaginous, and synovial joints; Types of Synovial joints (gliding, hinge, pivot, ellipsoidal, saddle and ball and socket joints). Diseases/Disorders of Skeletal System.

### Unit 6: Muscular System

**6 Hours** 

Types, characteristic and functions of muscles (skeletal, smooth, and cardiac muscles); neuro muscular junctions; homeostasis and muscles (oxygen debt, muscle fatigue and heat production). Diseases/Disorders of Muscular System.

### **References**:

- 1. Guyton, H., Textbook of Medical Physiology, Elsevier, 2000.
- 2. Tortora, G. J. and Derrickson, B. H., Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, Wiley and Sons, 2009
- 3. Gilbert, S. E., Developmental Biology, Sinauer Associates, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 4. Holes Human Anatomy and Physiology by David Shier, Jackie Butler, Ricki Lewis. McGraw hill Education 2015, 8th ed.
- 5. Essential of Human Physiology for Pharmacy by McCorry, Laurie Kelly, Boca Raton CRC Press 2008
- Basic Anatomy: General Anatomy and Upper limg by Oommen Anitha, New Delhi Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. 2010
- 7. Anatomy & Physiology by Gerard Tortora J,Derrickson, Bryan., Delhi Wiley India (P) Ltd. 2014.
- 8. Anatomy & Physiology; workbook by Gerard Tortora J,Derrickson, Bryan., Delhi Wiley India (P) Ltd. 2014.

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| Course Code |   |   |   |  |  |

| Course Code  | 6SL402CC24   |  |  |  |
|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Course Title | Microbiology |  |  |  |
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**Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):** 

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

CO1 Get aquainted with the basic concepts of various fields of Microbiology, and also learn about growth pattern of microbes in different ecosystems.

- CO2 Acquire experimental knowhow of essential microbiological techniques e.g. microscopy, cultivation of microbes, etc.
- CO3 Develop an understanding of various facets of microbes and their applications eg. medical microbiology, industrial microbiology, agricultural microbiology, etc.

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours: 45**

8 Hours

8 Hours

Unit 1: Foundation in Microbiology 7 Hours A brief history of microbiology; Origin of life; Microbes in our lives

### **Unit 2: Microbial Diversity**

Archaea, Bacteria, Fungi, Algae, Protozoa, and Viruses

### Unit 3. Tools to study microbiology 7 Hours

Methods for studying and culturing microbes; Theory and measurement of bacterial growth; Culture preservation

### Unit 4. Microbial Ecology 7 Hours

Microbial communities; Biofilms; Microbe-microbe interactions, Environmental factors that influence microbes.

### Unit 5. Microbial interaction with higher 8 Hours organisms

Microbe-Plant interactions; Microbe-Animal interactions

#### Unit 6. Applied Microbiology

### Overview of applications of microorganisms in agriculture, environment, energy, Food, medical, and industry sectors.

- Atlas, R. M. (2001) Principles of Microbiology 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wm. C. Brown Pub., Iowa, USA.
- M. T. Madigan J. M. Martinko, & J. Parker Brock biology of microorganisms 9th Edn., Prentice Hall Int. Inc.
- 3. Sulia, General Microbiology, Oxford, 1999.
- 4. J. G. Cappuccino, Microbiology a Laboratory Manual, 4th Edn., Adison-Wesley, 1999.
- 5. Pelzar, Microbiology \_ Concepts and Application, Mc Graw Hill.
- 6. Demain, Manual of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology, A. S. M., 1999.
- 7. Prescott & Klein Microbiology 5th Edn., Mc Graw Hill.
- 8. G. J. Tortora Microbiology: An Introduction. 9thEdn, Benjamin Cummings, 2006.

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|   | Co | urse | Title | e | Metabolism |

### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the metabolic pathways the energyyielding and energy requiring reactions in life; understand the diversity of metabolic regulation, and how this is specifically achieved in different cells
- CO2 Evaluate the different metabolic process occurring in the cells
- CO3 Relate the link between the metabolic processes and their regulation as a response to external and internal factors
- CO4 Analyse the differences and similarities between the various anabolic and catabolic processes occurring in the body

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours:45**

### Unit 1: Metabolism of Carbohydrates 5 Hours

Glycolysis, citric acid cycle, pentose phosphate pathways, glycogenesis and glycogenolysis and their regulation, Gluconeogenesis, and its regulation. Metabolism of Fructose and Galactose. Hormonal regulation of carbohydrate metabolism.

### Unit 2: Metabolism of Lipids:

### 8 Hours

Synthesis of various lipids, bile acids and cholesterol. Elongation of fatty acids, Desaturation of fatty acids in microsomes. Regulation of fatty acid synthesis, Cholesterol metabolism. Composition and synthesis of basic groups of Lipoproteins and their changes during transport in the body.

### Unit 3: Metabolism of Amino Acids: 8 Hours

General reactions of amino acid metabolism: transamination, oxidative deamination and decarboxylation. Catabolic fate of  $\Box$ -amino acids and their regulation, glucogenic and ketogenic amino acids. Urea cycle and its regulation. Amino acid biosynthesis.

### Unit 4: Metabolism of Nucleotides: 8 Hours

Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidine- De novo and salvage pathways and their regulation. Catabolism of purines and pyrimidine. Biosynthesis of ribonucleotides and deoxyribonucleotides.

### Unit 5: Enzymes: Basic Bio- 8 Hours thermodynamics

Enzyme classification and nomenclature, Enzyme kinetics: Michaelis-Menten equation: Formula, Derivation and Significance; Alternate plotting procedures. Types of Inhibitors and their mode of action.

### Unit 6: Enzyme Mechanisms and 8 Hours Regulation:

Different mechanisms of enzyme activity; Strategies for enzyme regulation; Allosteric Enzymes and their Kinetics. Isoenzymes and Multienzyme Complexes.

### **References:**

- 1. Voet, D., Fundamentals of Biochemistry, J. Wiley, 2008.
- Voet, D. and Voet, J. G. Biochemistry, 3rd Edition. John Wiley and Sons, 2004. 3. Boyer, R., Concepts in Biochemistry, Brookes, 1999.
- 3. Metzler, D. E., Metzler, C. M., Biochemistry: the chemical reactions of living cells. Vols. I and II, Academic Press, 2001.
- 4. Nelson, D. C. and Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry, Mac Millan, 2000.
- Murray, R. K., Granner D. K., Mayes, P. A., Rodwell, V. W., Harper's Biochemistry, 27th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2006.
- Stryer, L., Bery, J. M., Dymoczko, J. L., Biochemistry Only. 6th edition, WH Freeman and Co. New York, 2006.

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### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Perform fundamental microbiological, biochemical and cell culture techniques.
- CO2 Analyze and interpret the results of biochemical estimations and microbiological experimental data
- CO3 Apply techniques to the advanced level practicals and dissertation carried out in further semesters.

### Syllabus

### **Teaching Hours: 192**

- 17. Introduction to human chromosome complement using Giemsa-stained metaphase cells.
- 18. Observation of mitotic cell division stages in onion root tip
- 19. Observation of meiosis stages using fixed slides
- 20. Demonstration of Short-term blood culture for metaphase chromosome preparation
- 21. Measurement of microscopic structures using micrometer
- 22. To study the effect of various parameters viz. inoculum size, aeration, etc. on bacterial growth through the growth curve experiment
- 23. Estimation of bacterial load in various environmental/ food samples through viable counting
- 24. Gram-staining
- 25. Bacteriophage isolation from sewage sample
- 26. Enzyme assay for Amylase under various conditions

- 27. Sample Preparation and Separation of Amino Acids, Lipids and Sugars by TLC.
- 28. Estimation of bio-molecules (Sugar, Protein, Cholesterol, Urea) by spectrophotometer
- 29. Isolation of Genomic DNA from E.coli
- 30. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from E.coli
- 31. Quantification and analysis of DNA
- 32. Regulation of lac operon in E.coli

### **References:**

- 1. Patel, RJ. Experimental Microbiology. Vol-1, Aditya Publishers, India, pp: 60-61, 2009
- 2. Sherma, Joseph, and Bernard Fried, 2nd eds. Handbook of thin-layer chromatography. CRC press, 2007.
- 3. Stahl, Egon, 2nd eds. "Thin-layer chromatography: a laboratory handbook." Thin-layer chromatography: a laboratory handbook. 2007.
- Cappuccino, James G., and Natalie Sherman, 7th eds. "Microbiology: A laboratory manual." Addision-six 1999 2007.
- 5. Mu, Plummer, and David T, 3rd eds. Plummer. Introduction to practical biochemistry. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2007.
- 6. Bates, Steven E. "Classical cytogenetics: karyotyping techniques." Human Pluripotent Stem Cells. Humana Press, 177-190, 2011..
- Rao, Beedu Sashidhar and Deshpande, Vijay, Experimental Biochemistry, A student Companion, I. K. International Pvt. Ltd, 2005
- Tom Maniatis, E. F. Fritsch, Joseph Sambrook, Molecular cloning-a laboratory manual, 3rd eds, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 2001
- 9. Primrose, S. et.al., 7th eds. Principles of Gene Manipulation. Oxford: Blackwell Science, 2008 2001.
- 10. Prescott.L.M, 7th eds. Microbiology, McGraw Hill Publication, 2008
- Mitosis, Meiosis and Genetics, J. L. Stein Carter & D. B. Fankhauser, Genetics, 2010.
- 12. Alberts, Bruce, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts and Peter Walter. Molecular Biology of the Cell. 6th ed. New York: Garland Science, Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, 2015.

### **Supplementary Course**

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| Course Code  |   |   | e        | 6SL801CC24                   |
| Course Title |   |   | <b>9</b> | Scientific Communication - I |

Course Learning Outcomes:

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the basics of English grammar, phonetics, and mechanics of language
- CO2 Use appropriate English vocabulary for fluent and confident communication in English

CO3 Demonstrate communication capacities in speaking, writing, listening, and narrating in English

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours: 15**

### **Unit 1: Introduction to communication**

Idioms & Phrases, Basic Nonverbal communication, Barriers to Communication,

### Unit 2: Business Communication at work place

Letter components and layouts, planning a letter, Process of Letter writing, Email Communication, Employment Communication, Notice Agenda and Minutes of Meeting

### **Unit 3: Report Writing**

Effective Writing, Types of Business Reports, Structure of Reports, Gathering Information, Organization of Material, Writing Abstract and Summaries, Writing Definitions, Meaning of Plagiarism and Precaution.

### Unit 4: Required Skill

Reading Skill, Note-Making, Precise Writing, Audio visual Aids, Oral Communication.

### **Unit 5: Mechanics of Writing**

Transition, Spelling Rules, Hyphenation, Transcribing Numbers, Abbreviating Technical and Non-Technical Terms, Proof Reading.

#### **References:**

1. Technical Communication: Principles and Practice, by Meenakshi Raman and Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press, IInd Edition

### SEMESTER II

#### **Core Courses**

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| Cou                             | Course Code 6SL403CC24                            |     |            |  |  |  |
| Cou                             | rse Ti  | tle | Ind<br>Teo | lustrial Microbiology & Fermentation<br>chnology |  |  |
| Course Learning Outcomes (CLO): |   |     |            |  |  |  |
| 444                             | At the end of the course students will be able to |     |            |  |  |  |

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Get acquainted with the industrial aspect of the field of Microbiology, and also learn about growth pattern of microbes in different industrial systems
- CO2 Acquire experimental knowhow of microbial production of various industrial products such as alcohol, exopolysaccharides, enzymes, etc.
- CO3 Develop an understanding of process control, upstream and downstream process.

Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours:45**

### Unit 1: Overview of Microbial Fermentation 7 Hours Industry

Range of fermentation processes; Diversity of microbes used as process organisms; Potential use of crude glycerol, and lignocellulosic hydrolysates as fermentation substrate with respect to sustainable development.

### **Unit 2: Screening and Strain Improvement 7 Hours** Fundaments and concepts on screening of microorganisms for biotechnological applications; Genetic improvement of processes yielding microbial products.

### **Unit 3: Fermentor**

#### 8 Hours

Design and Operation: Fundamentals of fermentation media and sterilization; Solid state and liquid state bioreactors; Bioprocess intensification and Scale-up.

### Unit 4: Bioprocess Monitoring and Control 8 hours

Biosensors; Bioprocess simulation and economics; Artificial intelligence in bioprocess industry

### Unit 5 Downstream Processing 7 Hours Unit operations; Cell separation and disruption, product recovery and purification

### Unit 6: Industrial Production of 8 Hours Representative Products

Microbial production of organic acids, antibiotics, amino acids, ethanol, vitamins, enzymes, r-DNA products, probiotics, etc.

### **References:**

- 1. Biochemical Engineering, Aiba, S., Humphrey, A.E. and Millis, N.F. Univ. of Tokyo Press.
- 2. Process engineering in Biotechnology, Jackson, A. T. Prentice Hall, Engelwood Cliffs.
- 3. Biochemical Reactors, Atkinson, B., Pion Ltd, London.
- 4. Fermentation Microbiology & Biotechnology, E L Mansi and Bryce, Taylor & Francis, 1999.
- 5. Industrial Microbiology, Prescott & Dunn, Fourth Edition.
- 6. Industrial Microbiology by Casida. LE, New age International (P) Limited, Publishers.
- 7. Industrial Microbiology by Prescott & Dunns, AVI Publishing Company Inc.
- 8. Industrial Microbiology by A.H. Patel.
- 9. Principles of Fermentation Technology by P.F. Stanbury, A. Whitaker and S.J. Hall, Butterworth Heineman, Aditya Books (P) Ltd.
- 10. A text book of Industrial Microbiology by Wulf Crueger and Anneliese Crueger, Panima Publishing Corporation.

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| Course Code  |   |   |   | 6SL104CC22                      |
| Course Title |   |   |   | <b>Bioanalytical Techniques</b> |

### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the principles and applications of various techniques used in the isolation, purification, and analysis of biomolecules.
- CO2 Apply the concepts of modern anlaytical and instrumental techniques relevant to quantitative measurements in biology
- CO3 Justify and relate the selection of bioanalytical methods to characterize a given sample
- CO4 Critically evaluate the advantages, limitations, and prospects of various bioanalytical techniques

### Teaching hours:45

### Unit 1: Separation and characterization of 8 Hours macromolecules

Principles and applications of ultracentrifugation, ultrafiltration, precipitation, and equilibrium dialysis; Horizontal and vertical electrophoresis. Native and SDS Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, 2 D electrophoresis

### Unit 2: Chromatography

Syllabus:

Basic principles and applications of Paper chromatography, TLC, Gas Chromatography, Size exclusion chromatography, Ion-exchange chromatography, Affinity chromatography, Reverse phase chromatography, HPLC, FPLC

### Unit 3: Spectroscopy

### 7 Hours

6 Hours

9 Hours

Basic Principles and Applications of UV/Visible absorption, CD, Raman, Infrared, Fluorescence and Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy

### Unit 4: Radioisotope Techniques

Radioactive decay, half-life, Types of radiations, properties of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  rays, radioisotope tracer techniques, Measurement of radio activity, autoradiography, radiation protection and measurements, Applications of radioisotopes for analysis of biological samples

### Unit 5: Structural determination of 8 Hours Biomolecules

Basic Principle, instrumentation, and applications of Nuclear Magnetic Resonance & ESR, X-Ray Crystallography, Mass Spectrometry

### Unit 6: Microscopy:

### 7 Hours

Principles and applications of bright field, dark field, phase contrast, DIC etc., fluorescence, confocal, deconvolution,

super-resolution, multiphoton, SEM, TEM, and various types.

### **References:**

- 1. Pattabhi, V. and Gautham, N. Biophysics, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.
- 2. Cooper, A, Biophysical Chemistry, Royal Society of Chemistry, 2004.
- 3. Christian, G. D., Analytical Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 4. Hammes, G. G., Spectroscopy for Biological Sciences, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- 5. Westmeier, Reiner, Electrophoresis in Practice;Wiley-VCH Verlag Gmbh. 2005
- 6. Michael Hoppert; Microscopic Techniques in Biotechnology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2006
- Skoog, D. A., Holler, F. J. and Crouch, S. R., Instrumental Analysis, Brooks/Cole Cengage Learning, 2007.
- Roberts, K., Lewis J., Alberts B., Walter P., Johnson A., and Raff. M., Molecular Biology of the Cell, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Garland Publishing Inc., 2008.
- Wilson, K. and Walker, J. ; Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Cambridge University press., 2010
- Robert L. Wixom and Charles W. Gehrke, Chromatography: A Science of Discovery. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2010
- 11. Bhasin, S. K.;, Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry; Elsevier India Pvt. Ltd.. 2012
- 12. Monk, Paul, Physical Chemistry: Understanding our Chemical World; John Wiley and Sons. 2013
- 13. Peter Jomo Walla.; Modern Biophysical Chemistry: Detection and analysis of Biomolecules: Wiley Publishing. 2014.

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| Course Code  |   |   |   | 6SL303CC24          |
| Course Title |   |   |   | Genetic Engineering |

### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the fundamental concept of genetic engineering
- CO2 Analyse the technique of genetic engineering
- CO3 Apply the concept and techniques in designing and conducting experiments and research

#### Syllabus: Teaching hours: 45

### Unit 1: Fundamental Tool and Technique 5 Hours in Recombinant DNA Technology:

Restriction endonucleases (RE), ligases, alkaline phosphatase, polynucleotide kinase, methylases, terminal

transferases, DNase, reverse transcriptase, blunt end ligation strategies, adapters, linkers, homopolymer tailing, RE independent cloning strategies. DNA polymerase I, Klenow fragment, nick translation, nucleotide probes, and their applications.

### Unit 2: Cloning Vehicles and their 8 Hours Application:

Cloning vectors, Definition, and properties of cloning vectors - plasmids, bacteriophage lambda and M13 -based vectors, cosmids, and shuttle vector, YAC and BACs, viral vector (SV40, retrovirus, and Adenovirus), Ti and Ri Plasmids, cloning of PCR product, TA, and TOPO cloning, subcloning and GATWAY cloning.

### Unit 3: Genomic and cDNA Library: 8 Hours

Strategies for Construction of Genomic library, Construction of cDNA library- mRNA enrichment, Reverse transcription, Selection, and screening of recombinant clones- screening of genomic and cDNA libraries

### Unit 4: Gene manipulation and in-vitro 8 Hours mutagenesis:

Gene knockdown and knockout, Zinc Finger Nucleases (ZFN), CRISPR/Cas9, TALEN, RNAi, and antisense, sitedirected mutagenesis, protein Engineering, and transposon tagging.

### Unit 5: Expression Strategies for 8 Hours Heterologous Genes:

DNA Transfection methods, Reporter gene assays, Expression systems (Bacteria, Yeast, Insect, and mammals).

# Unit 6: Application of DNA Recombinant 8 Hours Technology:

Biopharming, genetically modified organisms (microbes, plants, and animals) and their applications in medicine, agriculture, and industry; Gene mapping, therapies for genetic diseases, Ethical considerations, regulatory frameworks in gene editing and genetic engineering.

- 1. Brown, T.A. (2020). Gene Cloning and DNA analysis. 8<sup>th</sup> Ed. Wiley Blackwell UK.
- Primrose, S.B., & Twyman, R.M. (2014). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics. Seventh Edition. Wiley Blackwell UK.
- Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F., & Maniatis, T. (1989). Molecular cloning: a laboratory manual, Vol I, II and III. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. 3<sup>rd</sup> revised edition.
- 4. Watson JD. Caudy AA. Myers RM., Witkowski JA. (2007) Recombinant DNA: Genes and Genomes—A Short Course.
- 5. Nicholl, D. S. (2008). An introduction to genetic engineering. Cambridge University Press.

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| Course Code  |   |   |   | 6SL204CC24     |
| Course Title |   |   |   | Human Genetics |

### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand and appraise the fundamental principles of inheritance, structural and functional aspects of cellular genetic material
- CO2 Learn collecting and interpreting genetic related history, making pedigree chart, interpretation of findings of genetic analysis, linkage, and association prediction studies
- CO3 Evaluate various methods of genetic analysis for nuclear and mitochondrial genome, use of models of single gene, complex, and multifactorial disease conditions
- CO4 Demonstrate understanding of available knowledge and can employ them by making use of various updated databases related to human genetic, genomic, phenotypic, and genetic conditions

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours:45**

Unit 1: Mendelian principles of inheritance 9 Hours Dominance, segregation, independent assortment; alleles, multiple alleles, pseudo-allele, complementation tests; Extensions of Mendelian principles: Codominance, incomplete dominance, gene interactions, pleiotropy, genomic imprinting, penetrance, and expressivity, phenocopy, linkage and crossing over, sex linkage, sex limited and sex influenced characters

# Unit 2: Organization of human genome and 6 Hours genes

Mitochondrial Genome organization, extra chromosomal inheritance, Inheritance of Mitochondrial and chloroplast genes, maternal inheritance, mitochondrial mutations, and myopathies. Overlapping genes, genes within genes, multigene families, pseudo genes, truncated genes, and gene fragments

### **Unit 3: Gene mapping**

### 10 Hours

Population genetics and genome wide association study, Sample size calculation, Principal Component Analysis, Polygenic Risk Score, LOD score for linkage testing, linkage maps, tetrad analysis, mapping with molecular markers, somatic cell hybrids; strategies in identifying human disease genes in pre and post Human Genome project; low- and high-resolution mapping; Principles and strategies for identifying unknown disease or susceptibility genes

### Unit 4: Role of familial history collection and 6 Hours pedigree analysis

Conventions of preparing pedigree charts, study of inheritance pattern, Pedigree analysis; standard norms of genetic counselling, ethical and other aspects of possible genetic discrimination, pre, and post-genetic test counselling

### Unit 5: Cytogenetics and other methods of 7 Hours detection of genetic aberrations

Human chromosomes classification, Molecular cytogenetic techniques, Fluorescence in situ hybridization, Multiplex FISH and spectral karyotyping, MLPA, Optical Genome Mapping, comparative genomic hybridization, SNP and other types of microarray, Whole Exome and Whole Genome sequencing, ISCN guidelines, ACMG guidelines.

### Unit 6: Data Mining in Genetics Research & 7 Hours Clinical Management

Introduction to Internet based cataloguing of Genetic Aberrations in various genetic diseases, OMIM, COSMIC, Clinvar, Human Variome project, Human Phenome project, Encode project, Genome Databases, and their significance (GenBank, Ensemble, DDJB etc). Genome Variant Databases, Variant Data Analysis, Exomizer, Variant Effect Predictor, and In silico Variant Functional Analysis (Polyphen2, SIFT, PROVEAN, Mutalyzer, Mutation Taster, Mutation Assessor, Human Splice Finder, etc). Phenomizer and other automation approaches in phenotyping.

- 1. ISCN 2016, Jean McGowan-Jordan, A. Simons, M. Schmid; Karger, 2016
- 2. Rooney D. E., and Czepulkowski, B. H., Human Cytogenetics: A Practical Approach (Vol. I & II), 1992 Edition, Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 3. Griffith A. J.F., Wessler S.R., Carroll, S.B., and Doebley J., Introduction to Genetic Analysis, 10th Edition, W. H. Freeman, 2010.
- 4. Benjamin P., Genetics: A Conceptual Approach & Problem Solving, 2008, W. H. Freeman, 2008.
- 5. Hedrick, P. W. (2011) Genetics of Populations, 4th Edn., Jones & Bartlett Publ.
- Vogel and Motulsky's Human Genetics: Problems and approaches, Michael R. Speicher, Stylianos E. Antonarakis, Arno G. Motulsky, Springer; 4th ed. 2010 edition.
- 7. The AGT Cytogenetics Laboratory Manual, M.J.Barch, T.Knutsen, and J.Spurbeck.,Third Edition,Lippincott-Raven Publishers, Philadelphia (1997)
- Genomic Imprinting and Uniparental Disomy in Medicine by Eric Engel, Stylianos E. Antonarkis, Wiley-Liss, Inc. ISBNs: 0-471-35126-1 (Hardback); 0-471-22193-7

- 9. Ricki Lewis Human Genetics Concepts and Applications 10th Edition, 2011, McGraw-Hill Science.
- 10. The Science of Genetics, Atherly et al (1999), Saunders
- 11. Robbins & Cotran, Pathologic Basis of Disease, 8th Edition, Elsevier, 2010.
- 12. Strachan Tom and Read Andrew P. (2011) Human Molecular Genetics, 4th Edition, Garland Science (Taylor and Francis Group), London and New York

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### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the basics of bioinformatics tools, immunological techniques, Industrial microbiology, microbial genetics and experiments related to molecular biology
- CO2 Analyze the data obtained from molecular analysis of RNA, DNA and protein
- CO3 Apply the techniques based on requirement in analysis of biomolecules and microbiology and for conducting research

### Syllabus:

### Teaching hours: 150

- 1. Purification of Immunoglobulin from normal serum/ anti- sera using affinity chromatography
- 2. Purification of Immunoglobulin from normal serum/ anti- sera using ion-exchange chromatography
- 3. Perform ELISA for serum antigen; SDS-PAGE and immunoblot for isolated IgG
- 4. Isolation of RNA, cDNA preparation and qPCR; Perform PCR
- 5. Pubmed searches, Scopus and other Biological databases
- 6. Structure visualization and statistical methods, sequence similarity search
- 7. Prediction of protein structure, Docking of protein and ligand
- 8. In-silico cloning
- 9. Phylogenetic analysis
- 10. UV Survival Curve
- 11. UV Mutagenesis, Isolation of Drug resistant mutants
- 12. Determination of MIC and MBC of streptomycin for bacteria
- 13. Microbial production, recovery and estimation of Exopolysaccharide/Alcohol/Citric Acid in flask/lab-scale fermentor
- 14. Solid state fermentation
- 15. Isolation of marine microbes from seawater

- 16. Screening of enzymes, antimicrobial compound producing marine microbes
- 17. Isolation of plankton from seawater
- 18. Isolation of bioluminescence producing bacteria from seawater
- 19. Perform Restriction digestion, gel extraction /purification, ligation, transformation into E.coli, and identification of recombinant clones.

### **Supplementary Courses**

| L              | Т | Р | С |                               |
|----------------|---|---|---|-------------------------------|
| 1              | - | - | - |                               |
| Course Code 6  |   |   |   | SL802CC24                     |
| Course Title S |   |   | S | Scientific Communication - II |
|                |   |   |   |                               |

### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Develop novel topics about which they wish to communicate
- CO2 Use electronic databases to perform literature searches for information
- CO3 Synthesize this information and information from other sources to formulate clear, logical theses and arguments about their topics

### Syllabus:

### Teaching Hours:15

### Unit 1: Scientific Communications 7 Hours

Importance of communication in science, Types of communications, Communicating with scientific and non-scientific audiences, Verbal, and presentation skills: Oral and Poster Presentations, Graphical abstract.

#### Unit 2: Writing Skills

**8 Hours** ch Papers, Report and thes

Writing of Books and Research Papers, Report and thesis Writing, Formats of Publications in Research Journals

### References

- 1. Scientific Communication- An introduction https://doi.org/10.1142/11541 | March 2020, pages 276
- Science communication: A practical Guide for scientists, Laura Bowater, Kay Yeoman, ISBN: 978-1-118-40666-3 October 2012 Wiley-Blackwell
- Joseph E. Harmon and Alan G. Gross. The Craft of Scientific Communication. University of Chicago Press; 2010.

### **Elective Courses I**

| L             | Т | Р | C |           |
|---------------|---|---|---|-----------|
| 3             | - | - | 3 |           |
| Course Code 6 |   |   | 6 | SL106ME24 |
## Course Title Nanobiotechnology

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the basics of nanotechnology and biomaterials
- CO2 Understand the different types of formulation and factors affecting them
- CO3 Analyse the Biological Interactions with nanomaterials
- CO4 Evaluate the risk assessments involved bio nano materials

## Syllabus: Teaching Hours:45

Unit 1: Basics of Nanobiotechnology8 HoursOrigins of nanotechnology, Definitions and scales, sizescale effects; Current state of Nanotechnology, Future ofNanotechnology;Nanotechnology in Nature andapplications;Nanotechnology in Biology;Mechanism ofbiological systems at nanoscale;biological motors,Biophotonic devices,Introdution to DNA Nanotechnology.

## Unit 2: Sustained, Controlled Release 8 Hours formulation and Nano-Based Drug Delivery System

Introduction & basic concepts, factors influencing, Physicochemical & biological approaches for SR/CR formulation, Mechanism of Drug Delivery from SR/CR formulation, Customized drug delivery systems; Polymeric Micelles, Solid Lipid Nanoparticles, their types, Synthesis, Characterization, and applications.

## Unit 3: Nanomaterials and Biomaterials 8 Hours

Molecular building blocks for nanostructure systems, Nanomaterials \_ formation of materials, carbon nanomaterials, Buckyball, Graphene (2D), Carbon nano tubes, Inorganic nano materials, Zero Dimensional Nano-Structures, One Dimensional Structures, 2D and 3-D Structures; Properties of biomaterials, Surface, bulk, mechanical and biological properties. Scaffolds & tissue engineering, Types of biomaterials, example of biological and Biopolymers, Liposomes, synthetic materials, Applications of biomaterials, Modifications of Biomaterials.

## Unit 4: Models of Nano and 7 Hours Bionanosystems

Lipid Bilayers, liposomes, neosomes, Phytosomes, Polysacharides, Peptides, Nucleic acids, DNA scaffolds, Enzymes - Biomolecular motors: linear, rotary motors. Immunotoxins, Membrane transporters and pumps, Antibodies, monoclonal Antibodies, immunoconjugates. Limitations of natural biomolecules.

## Unit 5: Biological Interactions with 7 Hours Materials and Bioaccumulation

Biocompatibility, Cellular uptake mechanisms; Granulation Tissue Formation, Foreign body reaction, Fibrosis, Blood-Biomaterial interactions, Interactions with Proteins, , The Vroman Effect, Fibrous Capsule Formation, Safety Testing of Biomaterials. Exposure mechanisms, Subcellular localization, biodistribution, clearance mechanism, metabolism, and excretion of nanomaterials.

## Unit 6: Regulatory Considerations for Drug 7 Hours Delivery Systems

Indian drug regulatory authorities, FDA, Drugs and Cosmetics Act, ICH and OECD Guidelines, Regulatory aspects of pharmaceutical and bulk drug manufacture, regulatory drug analysis; Predictive Nanotoxicology using QSAR and QSPR models, Immunotoxicity of nanomaterials.

- 1. Bernard N. Kennedy (editor). New York: Nova Science Publishers, 2008.Stem cell transplantation, tissue engineering, and cancer applications
- Biomaterials: A Nano Approach, S Ramakrishna, M Ramalingam, T.S. Sampath Kumar, Winston O. Soboyejo, Published by CRC Press
- 3. Bionanotechnology: Lessons from Nature, D S. Goodsell, by John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 4. Chris Binns, "Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology", John Wiley and Sons 2010
- 5. Fadeel, B (2015): Handbook of Safety Assessment of Nanomaterials: From Toxicological testing of Personalized Medicine, Stanford Publishing, Singapore.
- Fenghua Meng, Zhiyuan Zhong and Jan Feijen (2009): Stimuli-Responsive Polymersomes for Programmed Drug Delivery. Biomacromolecules, Biomacromolecules, 10(2): 197-209.
- Fritz Allhoff, Patrick Lin, and Daniel Moore, "What Is Nanotechnology and Why Does It Matter" WILEY BLACKWELL A John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., Publication, 2010
- 8. James Swarbrick (2010). Novel Drug Delivery Systems. Informa healthcare
- 9. Kreuter J. (2012): Colloidal Drug delivery System, Marcel Dekker, USA.
- 10. Mark A. Reed and Takhee Lee, "Molecular Nano electronics", American Scientific Publishers, 2003.
- 11. Naik J (2015). Nano Based Drug Delivery. IAPC Publishing, Zagreb, Croatia
- 12. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives, (edited by C. M. Niemeyer and C. A. Mirkin), Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim,
- 13. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives, Edited by Christof M. Niemeyer and Chad A. Mirkin, Wiley-VCH, 2004.

- Nanofabrication towards Biomedical Applications, Techniques, Tools, Applications, and Impact. C. S. S. R. Kumar, J. Hormes, C. Leuschner, 2005, WILEY -VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- 15. Nanoparticulates Drug Carriers, Edited by Vladimir P Torchilin, 2006, Imperial College Press, 57 Shelton Street, Covent Garden.
- Nanoscale Technology in Biological Systems, Edited by Ralph S. Greco, Fritz B. Prinz, R. Lane Smith, CRC PRESS, Boca Raton London New York Washington, D.C. Copyright © 2005 by Taylor & Francis
- R. Lanza, I. Weissman, J. Thomson, and R. Pedersen, Handbook of Stem Cells, TwoVolume, Volume 1-2: Volume 1-Embryonic Stem Cells; Volume 2-Adult &Fetal Stem Cells, 2004, Academic Press.
- R. Lanza, J. Gearhart etal (Eds), Essential of Stem Cell Biology, 2006, ElsevierAcademic press.
- 19. Ranade VV and Cannon JB (2015). Drug Delivery Systems. CRC Press.
- 20. Raphael Gorodetsky, Richard Schäfer. Cambridge: RSC Publishing, c2011.Stem cell based tissue repair.
- 21. Robinson JR, Lee VHL (2013). Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker, USA.

| L            | Т | Р | С |             |
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| 3            | - | - | 3 |             |
| Course Code  |   |   |   | 7SL304ME24  |
| Course Title |   |   |   | Vaccinology |

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Have an idea about the history of various vaccines (subunit vaccines, peptide, DNA and RNA vaccines, live & killed vaccines, and edible vaccines), composition of vaccines
- CO2 Learn and develop understanding on the effective delivery of developed vaccine formulation to achieving robust immune responses
- CO3 Understand the various methods to develop vaccines against viral diseases including, HIV, hepatitis, flu etc.
- CO4 Learn and understand the basics of bacterial, protozoan vaccines with reference to malaria parasite
- CO5 To design an efficacious vaccine based on our understanding of the immune response generated due to natural infection as well as the same induced by successful vaccines tried in human beings since 18th century.

#### Syllabus:

## **Teaching hours: 45**

Unit 1: Classification of Vaccines 7 Hours History of vaccines, Immunological principles, Composition of vaccines: vaccine, adjuvant, conservative Concepts of vaccine development, types of vaccine (Conventional vaccines; Live attenuated and killed vaccines; Subunit vaccines; Synthetic peptide vaccines; Anti-idiotype vaccines; Recombinant DNA vaccines; Deleted mutant vaccines; Reassortment vaccines; DNA vaccines; mRNA vaccines, Edible vaccines, heat killed, X-irradiated, or live attenuated whole pathogen, toxoid vaccines, challenges and possibilities with new vaccines and vaccine strategies

## Unit 2: Adjuvants and Mucosal Vaccine 6 Hours Delivery

Novel adjuvants (targeting TLR and non-TLR based PRRs, metabolic adjuvants, cell death adjuvants, epigenetic adjuvants), vaccine formats (DNA, viral vectors, dendritic cells), Immunobiology of classic adjuvants with examples: Alum, emulsion adjuvants, Carriers; Haptens; Vaccine delivery methods and delivery mechanisms: nanoparticles, polymeric biomaterials, targeted delivery mechanisms, virus-like particles (VLP) and self-assembling peptide scaffolds.

#### Unit 3: Vaccines for viruses

HIV, CMV, Influenza, Hepatitis, herpes viruses, Conventional vaccines killed and attenuated, modern vaccines: recombinant proteins, subunits, DNA vaccines, peptides, immunomodulators (cytokines), Antisense RNA, siRNA, ribozymes, in silico approaches for vaccine design.

8 Hours

#### Unit 4: Vaccine for bacteria and parasites 8 Hours

Shigella, vibrio cholera, diphtheria, tetanus, pertusis, pneumococcus meningitis, mycobacterium (BCG), toxoplasma; Malaria, Leishmaniasis, Entamoeba histolitica, schistosomiasis and other helminthic infections

## Unit 5: Antigen Prediction for B and T cells 8 Hours and Validation

Fundamentals of B cell and T cell epitope recognition, Databases in Immunology, linear and conformational B-cell epitope prediction methods, T-cell epitope prediction methods, Resources to study antibodies, antigen-antibody interactions, QAM (Quantitative Affinity matrix), Structure Activity Relationship – QSARs and QSPRs, QSAR Methodology, Methods for validating predicted B and T cell epitopes.

## Unit 6: Vaccine Development and 8 Hours Standardization

Vaccine development pathway (vaccine design, pre-clinical studies, clinical trials (phase-I, phase-II and phase-III), vaccine registration, post-market surveillance, vaccine efficacy and vaccine effectiveness, standardization of vaccines, vaccine characterization, potency, stability, sterility and safety.

- Plotkin, S. A., Orenstein, W. A., and Offit, P. A., Vaccines. 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2008.
- 2. Immunopotentiators in Modern Vaccines by Schijns and O'Hagen
- Robinson, A., Hudson, M.J., Cranage, M.P. Vaccine Protocols, C Second Edition, Humana Press, NY, 2003.
- 4. Chimeric Virus like Particles as Vaccines. Wolfram H. Gerlich (Editor), Detlev H. Krueger (Editor), Rainer Ulrich (Editor), November 1996 Publisher: Karger, S. Inc
- 5. Kindt, Kuby-Immunology (complements)
- 6. Current protocols in Immunology
- 7. Complement regulators and inhibitory proteins. Nat immunology Review volume 9, Oct 2009, 729-40

| L   | Т      | Р   | С |                   |
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| 3   | -      | -   | 3 |                   |
| Cou | rse Co | ode |   | 6SL405ME25        |
| Cou | rse Ti | tle |   | Microbial Ecology |

## **Course Learning Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1 Understand principles of ecology and interactions among microorganisms and different environment
- CO2 Analyze beneficial and pathogenic interactions of microorganisms with plants and animals
- CO3 Importance of microbial diversity and conservation
- CO4 Comprehend role of microorganisms in biogeochemical cycling of elements

#### Syllabus: Teaching Hours: 45

UNIT I: Fundamentals of Ecology 7 Hours The basic concept of ecosystem, habitat and niche; energy in ecological systems; energy partitioning in food chains and food webs; history and scope of ecology.

## UNIT II: Microbial interaction in Biotic and Abiotic Environment 6 Hours

Interaction between diverse microbial population in biotic environments; Conflictual interactions – parasitism predation - antibiosis – competition; Beneficial interactions – co-metabolism – mutualism – cooperation – commensalism; Microbial interactions in abiotic environments.

## UNIT III: Interactions between Microorganisms and Plants & Animals 8 Hours

Interaction with plant roots-rhizosphere & mycorrhizae; microbial diseases of plants. Microbial contribution to animal nutrition; novel prokaryotic endosymbionts, ecological aspects of animal diseases.

# UNIT IV: Importance and Conservation of Microbial Diversity 8 Hours

Importance of microbial diversity in environment, pharmaceuticals & human health. Importance of conservation. Metagenomics. *In situ* conservation and *Ex situ* conservation. Role of culture collection centers in conservation.

## UNIT V: Biogeochemical cycling I 8 Hours

Carbon cycle, Hydrogen cycle, Oxygen cycle

## UNIT VI: Biogeochemical cycling II 8 Hours

Nitrogen cycle, Sulphur cycle, Phosphorus cycle, cycling of other elements

#### **References:**

- 1. Environmental Microbiology and Biotechnology by Singh and Dwivedi. New Age Int. Sci. Publication.
- 2. Atlas, R.M. and Bartha, R. Microbial Ecology, 4th edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 3. Maier, R.M., Peppper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2009.
- 4. Paul and Clerk, Soil Microbiology and Biochemistry, 2007.
- 5. Paul, E.A. (Ed.). Soil Microbiology, Ecology and Biochemistry, 3rd edition, Academic Press, 2007.
- 6. Pepper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology – A Laboratory Manual, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2005.
- 7. Manahan, S.E. Environmental Chemistry, 9th edition, CRC Press, 2010.
- 8. Odum, E.P. and Barrett, G.W, Fundamentals of Ecology, 5th edition, Cengage Learning, 2005 Microbial Ecology by Alexander. Willey Publication.
- 9. Oladele Ogunseitan (2004) Microbial Diversity: Form and Function in Prokaryotes; Wiley- Blackwell.
- 10. Satyanarayana, T., Johri, B. N. (2005) Microbial Diversity: Current Perspectives and Potential Applications; I.K. International Publishing House Pvt., Limited.
- 11. James W.Brown (2014) Principles of Microbial Diversity; ASM Press.
- 12. Colwell, R. R., Simidu, Usio, Ohwada, Kouicki (1996) Microbial Diversity in Time and Space; Springer.

## SEMESTER III

#### **Core Courses**

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|--------------|--------|-----|----------------------|------------|
| 3            | -      | -   | 3                    |            |
| Cou          | rse Co | ode |                      | 7SL301CC23 |
| Course Title |        |     | Animal Biotechnology |            |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe the basics of maintenance of mammalian cell and generation of cell line using proper sterile techniques and optimum conditions of growth to develop mammalian cells
- CO2 Identify and comprehend experimental knowhow of various techniques involved in cell separation and quantitation using latest technology
- CO3 Relate and evaluate the applications of animal biotechnology gene therapy, toxicity testing, cancer research, animal breeding, vaccine production and other biotechnological products of industrial and medical benefits.
- CO4 Relate to the social, cultural, economic, legal issues associated and comprehend the need Bioethics and IPR in biotechnological research

#### Syllabus:

Teaching hours: 45

# Unit 1: The Culture Media for Animal Cell 9 Hours culture

Introduction, history, and concept of biotechnology. Media and Supplements, Serum, Serum Free Media, Natural Media, Feeder Layer on Substrate, Gas Phase for Tissue Culture. Source of Tissue, Primary culture. Stages of Commitment and Differentiation, Proliferation, Malignancy.

## Unit 2: Subculture and Cell lines 9 Hours

Cross Contamination, Terminology, Naming and Choosing cell line and its maintenance. Criteria for subculture, growth cycle and split ratio, propagation in suspension and attached culture.

Unit 3: Cloning and hybridoma technology 6 Hours Vectors and Cloning, Somatic Cell Fusion, Hybridomas, HAT Selection, Medium, Suspension Fusion, Selection of Hybrid Clones, Organ Culture, Tumorigenesis

Unit 4: Cell Separation and Quantitation 9 Hours Separation techniques based on density, size, sedimentation velocity, antibody-based techniques - immune panning, magnetic sorting, and fluorescence activated cell sorting. Quantitation- Cell counting, cell weight, DNA content, protein, rate of synthesis, measurement of cell proliferation.

**Unit 5: Characterization and differentiation 6 Hours** Authentication, Record keeping, Provenance, parameters of characterization, Lineage and Tissue markers, cell morphology, Karyotyping, Chromosome banding. Differentiation- commitment, terminal differentiation. Lineage selection, proliferation and differentiation. commitment and lineage, markers of differentiation, induction of differentiation, cell interaction- homotypic and heterotypic. Cell - matrix interaction.

# Unit 6: Applications of animal biotechnology 6 Hours and related problems

Artificial animal breeding, cloning and transgenic animals, medicines, vaccines, diagnosis of diseases and disorders, gene therapy forensic application. Social, Cultural, Economical, Legal problems. Bioethics. IPR.

## **References**:

- 1. Freshney, I., Cultures of Animal Cells, John Wiley and Sons Inc, 2010.
- 2. Cibelli, J., Robert P., Keith L.H.S., Campbell H., and West M. D., (Editors) Principles of Cloning, St. Diego Academic Press, 2002.
- 3. Mathur, S., Animal Cell and Tissue Culture, Agrobios (India), 2000.
- 4. Panno, J., The New Biology Series: Animal Cloning, Viva books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2010.
- Mepham B. M., Bioethics- An introduction for Bioscience by, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- Jacker, N. S., Johnson A. R., Pearlman R. A., Bioethics- An introduction to the history method and practice, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Johnson Bartlett Publ. New York. 2010
- 7. Satheesh, M. K. Bioethics and Biosafety, I.K. International Publishing House Ltd, New Delhi. 2005
- Glick, B. R., and Pasternak J. J., Molecular Biotechnology - Principles and applications of recombinant DNA, ASM Press, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition., 2003.
- 9. Sullivan, S., Cowen C., and Eggan K., Human Embryonic Stem Cell: The Practical Handbook, 2007.
- 10. Freshney, R. I. (2010) Culture of Animal Cells, 6th Edn., Wiley-Blackwell.
- 11. Ramadass, P, Animal Biotechnology: Recent Concepts and Developments
- 12. Portner, Ralf. Animal Cell Biotechnology: Methods and Protocols.

| 3     -     -     3       Course Code     7SL302CC23 | L            | Т      | Т     | Р                       | С |           |
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| Course Code 7SL302CC23                               | 3            | -      | -     | -                       | 3 |           |
|  | Cou          | rse Co | se Co | ode                     | 7 | SL302CC23 |
| Course Title Genomics and Proteomics                 | Course Title |        | (     | Senomics and Proteomics |   |           |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe the understanding of origin and evolution of genomics and gene mapping
- CO2 Apply the knowledge to establish new, molecular classification of the disease
- CO3 Evaluate the possibilities for application of pharmacogenomics and proteomics in drug discovery and development of personalized medicine

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hours: 45**

Unit 1: Origin and Evolution of genomics 8 Hours

## and gene mapping

Origin of genomics, the first DNA genomes, genomes and human evolution, evolution of nuclear, mitochondrial and chloroplast genome, the concept of minimal genome and possibility of synthesizing it, genetic maps, physical maps, functional maps, comparative genomics, and collinearity, synteny in maps.

# Unit 2: Whole Genome sequencing 8 Hours technologies and genome assembly

Principle of genome sequencing tools, automated Sanger sequencing, pyrosequencing, Illumina. oxford nanopore and PacBio Sequencing. Whole genome assembly pipeline. k-Mer de Bruijn graph. Human, Arabidopsis, and Drosophila genome

## Unit 3: Functional genomics 6 Hours

Concept of forward and reverse genetics, insertion mutagenesis (T-DNA and transport insertion), Targeting Induced Local Lesions in Genomes (TILLING), gene expression and transcript profiling, EST contigs, use of DNA chips and microarrays

## Unit 4: Principle of basic protein 8 Hours preparation and separation

Preparation of protein isolates and fractionation /separation of proteins and peptides - basic methods of protein isolation from various sample types; electrophoretic separation techniques (IEF, SDS-PAGE, 2-D gel electrophoresis, DIGE, etc.); liquid chromatography (HPLC and FPLC); separation procedures for analysis of phospho-proteins and glycosylated proteins: multidimensional procedures for analysis of complex protein samples.

**Unit 5: Strategies for protein identification 8 Hours** Mass-spectrometry of proteins - basic types of ionization techniques (ESI and MALDI) and hybrid instruments (TOF, ion trap and FTMS); protein identification methods; characterization of protein modifications. methods of protein quantification (relative and absolute quantification techniques)

## Unit 6: Protein interactomes and protein 7 Hours modification in Proteomics and application

Methods of protein-protein interaction study (Y2H, tagging TAP, FLAG, His; ion mobility utilization); Phosphoproteomics, Glycoproteomics, protein microarray. Human proteome project. application of proteomics in diagnostic, drug development and agriculture.

## **References:**

- 1. Pevsner, J., Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics, Second Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, 2009.
- 2. Mount, D. W., Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, CBS Publishers, 2004
- 3. Liebler, D., Introduction to Proteomics: Tools for New Biology, Human Press Totowa, 2002.

- 4. Campbell, A.M. & Heyer, L.J., Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics. Benjamin/Cummings, 2002.
- 5. Twyman, R. Principles of Proteomics. London: Taylor & Francis, 2014.
- 6. Lovric J. Introducing Proteomics: From Concepts to Sample Separation. Mass Spectrometry and Data Analysis, published by Wiley, 2011

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|--------------|---|---|------------------|--|
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| Course Code  |   | 7 | 7SL901CC25       |  |
| Course Title |   | J | Research Methods |  |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the various kind of research designs and their importance in conducting the research work.
- CO2 Propose original research proposal and demonstrate skills for effective communication through its defense
- CO3 Application of bio statistical tools for evaluation of statistical relevance of results obtained

### Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hour: 30**

8 Hours

**10 Hours** 

**10 Hours** 

## Unit 1: Research

Definition of Research, Applications of Research and Types, Validity, Literature Review, develop a Theoretical and Conceptual Framework, writing up the Review, Formulating and Research Problem: Sources, Considerations, Definition of Variables, Types, Cooperative vs Collaborative Research; Disruptive vs Developmental Research; Research Modeling: Types of Models, Model Building and Stages, Data Consideration.

## Unit 2: Research Design

Design of Experiments, Objectives, Strategies, Replication, Randomization, Blocking, Guidelines for Design of Experiments, Simple Comparative Experiments- Two Sample T-Test, P-Value, Confidence Intervals, Paired Comparisons, Single Factor Experiment: Analysis of Variance (ANOVA), Randomized Complete Block Design.

## Unit 3: Research Proposal

Contents-Preamble, The Problem, Objectives, Hypothesis, Study Design, Setup, Measurement Procedures, Analysis of Data, Organization of Report; Displaying Data tables, Graphs and Charts, writing a Research Report- Developing an Outline, Key Elements- Objective, Introduction, Design or Rationale of Work, Experimental Methods, Procedures, Measurements, Results, Discussion, Conclusion, Referencing and Various Formats for Reference.

## Unit 4: Ethics and Scientific Conduct 7 hours

Good Laboratory practice (GLP) – Data Documentation, SOP Plagiarism, Scientific conduct and misconduct, Ethical Guidelines, Biosafety; Principles of Human and Animal Research ethics.

## **References:**

- 1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization Http://CDSCO.NIC.IN/
- 2. Http://WWW.Patentoffice.NIC.IN/
- 3. WWW.OECD.ORG/DATAOECD/9/11/33663321.PDF
- 4. Http://WWW.FDA.GOV/FDAC/Special/Testtubetopatie nt/Studies. Html
- 5. Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology- A Step-By-Step Guide for Beginners, Pearson Education, Delhi. 2006.
- 6. Trochim, William M.K., 2/E, Research Methods, Biztantra, Dreamtech Press, New Delhi, 2003.
- 7. Montgomery, Douglas C. 5/E, Design and Analysis of Experiments, Wiley India, 2007.
- 8. C.R. Kothari and Gag, Gaurav, Research methodology-Method and Techniques, New Age International, New Delhi, 2019.
- 9. Besterfield, Dale H. 3/E, Total Quality Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005.
- 10. C. George Thomas, Research Methodology and Scientific Writing, New Delhi, 2015.
- 11. G Nageswara Rao, Biostatics and Research Methodology, Hyderabad, 2018.
- Kartikeyan, S. Chaturvedi, R.M and Bhosale, Comprehensive Textbook of Bio-statics and Research Methodology, Mumbai, 2016.

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| Cou          | rse Co | ode |                | 7SL204CC25 |
| Course Title |        |     | Laboratory III |            |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Demonstrate the skill to design controlled experiments for performance of standard practical's to understand the physiology and adaptation of microbial systems in different environments.
- CO2 Record and report experimental results in standard format and derive coherent conclusions of results stating their significance.
- CO3 Correlate the theoretical concepts to appreciate and evaluate results obtained through scientific enquiry.

#### Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hour: 150**

- 1. Isolation and preparation of hepatocyte, pancreatic cells or lymphocytes for primary cell culture
- 2. Estimation of live cells using Trypan blue test by hemocytometer and viablity testing
- 3. Estimation of live cells using PI by flow cytometry
- 4. Cell line passaging for establishing continuous cell culture
- 5. To study early and terminal differentiation of mammalian cell using specific marker by immunofluorescence technique
- 6. To study mammalian gene transfection in CHO/HEK 239 cells in vitro
- 7. Enumeration of free living nitrogen fixing population in soil by most probable number (MPN) method
- 8. Estimation of the most probable number (MPN) of sulfate reducing bacteria in soil samples
- 9. Estimating Soil microbial activity through soil respiration
- 10. Estimating soil microbial activity by dehydrogenase enzyme
- 11. Estimation of BOD
- 12. Testing for microbiological quality (Coli-form test) for potable water
- 13. Physico-chemical characterization of waste water; Perform protein purification by size exclusion chromatography and HPLC
- 14. Screening of antibiotic resistant genes in bacteria
- 15. Study of Bacteriocin producing Lactic Acid Bacteria (LAB): Isolation, identification and partial purification
- 16. Study on the dark repair mechanism of *E. coli* and its effect on antibiotic resistance pattern.

#### **References:**

- 1. Doyle, Alan. Cell and tissue culture: laboratory procedures in biotechnology. John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 1998.
- Freshney, R. Ian. "Basic principles of cell culture." Culture of cells for tissue engineering (2006): 3-22.
- Freshney, R. Ian. Culture of animal cells: a manual of basic technique and specialized applications. 7<sup>th</sup> ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2016.
- Tortora, Gerard J., and Bryan H. Derrickson. Principles of anatomy and physiology. 13<sup>th</sup> ed. John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
- McMaster, Marvin C., and A. HPLC. A Practical User's Guide. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Wiley-Vch, 2007.
- 6. Prajapati, Bhumika, et al. "Divergent outcomes of gut microbiota alteration upon use of spectrum antibiotics in high sugar diet-induced diabetes in rats." RSC advances 8.46 (2018): 26201-26211.

## **Elective Courses II**

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|--------------|--------|-----|----------|---|--|--|--|
| Cou          | rse Co | ode | 7SI      | L401ME25                                    |  |  |  |
| Course Title |        |     | Ag<br>Mi | Agriculture & Environmental<br>Microbiology |  |  |  |
| 2            | -      |     | 0        |   |  |  |  |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe role of microorganism in recycling soil nutrients, biodegradation of complex plant polymers, sustaining and improving plant growth through improving nutrient availability, production of plant growth promoting substances and inhibiting pathogens
- CO2 Critically discuss the need for environmental microbiology and agricultural microbiology and explain their limitations
- CO3 Clarify application of microorganisms in varied fields of agricultural and environmental microbiology like bioremediation, biofertilizers and waste water treatment
- CO4 Analyse various aspects of N<sub>2</sub> fixation, P solubilization, PGPR, biodegradation and bioremediation mechanisms provided by microbes

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching hours:45**

Unit 1: Biological Nitrogen fixation10 HoursPhysiology and Biochemistry of Nitrogen fixing organisms,<br/>Genetics and regulation of nif gene expression, Signalling<br/>factors and molecular interaction in establishing Rhizobia<br/>legume symbiosis

## Unit 2: Phosphate Biofertilizers 6 Hours

PSMs, Inorganic phosphate solubilization and its mechanisms, Phosphate mineralizers – phytate and organic phosphate hydrolyzing bacteria, and Ecto- and Endo-Mycorrhizae

## Unit 3: Plant Growth Promoting 6 Hours Rhizobacteria

PGPR in improving plant growth, Mechanism in plant growth promotion, Factors affecting rhizosphere colonization.

## Unit 4: Environmental Problems and 8 Hours Monitoring

Pollution and its classification, Effluent standards: examination of waste water characteristics, municipal and industrial waste water, Global environmental problems: global warming, acid rain, ozone depletion, Sampling and analysis, Environmental monitoring and audit, Environmental laws, and policies in India.

## Unit 5: Bio-Treatment Kinetics and Reactor 8 Hours Design

Principals of biological treatments, Biological treatments: Composting, Suspended growth systems, Attached growth systems, Bioreactor design: Activated Sludge Process, Tickling Filters, Fluidized bed and Packed bed reactor, Rotating Biological Contractors, Oxidation Ponds and Ditches, Lagoons, Anaerobic Reactors.

7 Hours Unit 6: Bioremediation and Biodegradation Bioremediation principles and Processes: Biosorption, Bioaccumulation. Bioconversion. Biotransformation. Bioleaching, Biodegradation, Detoxification, Activation, Acclimatisation and Co-metabolism, strategies and techniques of bioremediation: in situ and ex situ, of Hydrocarbons, Pesticides Dyes, and GMO's in bioremediation and biodegradation.

- 1. Alexander, M. Biodegradation and Bioremediation, Academic Press, 1994.
- 2. Arceivala, S.J. and Asolekar, S.R., Wastewater treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Atlas, R.M. and Bartha, R. Microbial Ecology, 4th edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 4. Bhatia, S.C. Handbook of Environmental Microbiology, Vol. III, Atlantic Publishers, 2008.
- 5. Das, H.K. Textbook of Biotechnology, 2nd edition, Wiley Dreamtech, 2005.
- Dworkin, M., Falkow, S., Rosenberg, E., Schleifer, K.H., Stackebrandt, E. (Eds.). The Prokaryotes. Vol .I – VII, Springer, 2006.
- 7. Evans, G.M. and Furlong, J.C. Environmental Biotechnology – Theory and Application, John Wiley and Sons, 2004.
- 8. Hurst Christon J., Manual of Environmental Microbiology, ASM Press, Washington DC, 2007.
- 9. Khan M. S., Zaidi A. and Musarrat J., Microbes for legume improvement, Springer Wien, New York, 2010.
- 10. Maier, R.M., Peppper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2009.
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- Rao, N. S. Subba, Soil Microbiology, 4th edition, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- 15. Thakur, I.S. Environmental Biotechnology Basic concepts and Applications, I.K. International, 2006.
- 16. Varma A., Oelmuller R. Advanced Techniques in Soil Microbiology, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2007.

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| 3              | -                               | - | 3 |                               |  |  |
| Course Code 7  |                                 |   |   | 7SL409ME25                    |  |  |
| Course Title M |                                 |   |   | Microbiome Health and Disease |  |  |
| Cou            | Course Learning Outcomes (CLO): |   |   |                               |  |  |

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the interaction between diet, the microbiome, and the host
- CO2 Analyze the role of these interactions in host health and disease
- CO3 Evaluate the acquired information to solve research questions and analyze case studies related to the topic
- CO4 Development of novel therapeutics via manipulation of microbiome.

## Syllabus: Teaching Hours:45

**Unit 1: Introduction to Microbiome 8 Hours** Definition and components of the microbiome (bacteria, viruses, fungi, etc.); Microbial diversity and its importance in human health, Milestones in microbiome research; Methodologies in Studying the Microbiome; Challenges and advancements in microbiome analysis.

Unit 2: Microbiome and Human Health7 HoursHuman Microbiome and Nutrition; role in Skin, Digestivesystem, Respiratory system, Urinary system, Reproductivesystem; Role during pregnancy; Gut-brain axis; Psychbiotics

**Unit 3: Factors Influencing the Microbiome 8 Hours** Influence of diet composition, dietary patterns, and food habits on the microbiome; Effects of exercise, stress, sleep, and other lifestyle factors on microbial diversity; Impact of environmental factors; Medical interventions.

Unit 4: Microbiome Dysbiosis and Disease 8 Hours Disruptions in Microbial Balance; Alterations in microbiome composition and function; Dysbiosis-associated conditions; Infectious Diseases and Microbiome; Cancer and Chronic Diseases and Microbiome; Dysbiosis and Immune response.

## Unit 5: Microbiome, Mycobiome and Virome 7 Hours interaction

Human Virome and host interaction; Microbiome – Mycobiome interaction; Microbiome – Virome Interaction, Bacteriome-Mycobiome-Virome interaction

## Unit 6: Therapeutic Interventions and 7 Hours Applications

Probiotics, prebiotics, Postbiotics and their mechanisms of action in promoting a healthy microbiome; Sporulating and anaerobic microbes as potential probiotics; Clinical applications; Phage Therapy; Exploration of novel therapeutic avenues, including microbial-based drugs and engineered microbiota; Ethical considerations, regulatory challenges.

### **References:**

- Almand, E.A., Moore, M.D. and Jaykus, L.-A. (2017) 'Virus-Bacteria Interactions: An Emerging Topic in Human Infection', Viruses, 9(3), p. 58. Available at: https://doi.org/10.3390/v9030058.
- 2. Douglas, A.E. (2018) Fundamentals of Microbiome Science. Princeton University Press. https://doi.org/10.1515/9781400889822.
- 3. Handley, S.A. (2016) 'The virome: A missing component of biological interaction networks in health and disease', Genome Medicine, 8(1). Available at: https://doi.org/10.1186/s13073-016-0287-y.
- 4. Microbiome, Immunity, Digestive Health and Nutrition (2022). Elsevier. https://doi.org/10.1016/C2019-0-04103-9.
- 5. Microbiome Therapeutics (2023). Elsevier. Available at: <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/C2021-0-01533-9</u>.
- 6. Parks, D. (no date) Microbiomes: Health and the Environment MAVS OPEN PRESS ARLINGTON.
- Santus, W., Devlin, J.R. and Behnsen, J. (2021) 'Crossing Kingdoms: How the Mycobiota and Fungal-Bacterial Interactions Impact Host Health and Disease', Infection and Immunity, 89(4). https://doi.org/10.1128/IAI.00648-20.
- Genevieve Dable-Tupas, Rohini Karunakaran, Peter Paul C Lim, Maria Catherine B Otero. Human Microbiome Drug Targets Modern Approaches in Disease Management, 2024; ISBN: 9780443154355

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| Course Code  |   |   |   | 7SL215ME25                  |
| Course Title |   |   |   | Structural Biology and Drug |
|              |   |   |   | Discovery                   |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the architecture and building blocks of proteins, evaluate protein folds
- CO2 Understand the protein folding and misfolding and the thermodynamic concepts of protein
- CO3 Apply structure to function
- CO4 Analyse the structure and function of membranes
- CO5 Evaluate the macromolecular complexes and their biological complexity

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hours:45**

## Unit 1: Introduction

## 7 hours

Overview of structural biology - Levels of structures in biological macromolecules; non-covalent forces determining biopolymer structure, principals of minimization of conformational energy.

### **Unit 2: Protein Structure**

8 hours

Proteins primary, secondary and tertiary structures -Structural implications of the peptide bond; Ramachandran Plot; Structural classification of proteins, structural motifs, profiles and protein families; Methods and techniques for study of protein structure and its perturbations by using X pray crystallography, electron microscopy, NMR techniques, Atomic force microscopy and cryo-EM.

### **Unit 3: Protein Folding**

7 hours

Folding in vivo and in vitro; protein stability, thermodynamics, and kinetics; Effect of various factors on folding; Folding intermediates- kinetic, equilibrium and molten globule intermediates; Techniques for studying the structure and folding of proteins; chaperones, peptidyl prolyl isomerase (PPI), Protein disulfide isomerase (PDI); Comparison of the structure and stability of proteins of mesophilic and extremophilic origin.

## Unit 4: Biomolecular Interactions 7 hours

Molecular recognition, supramolecular interactions, Proteinprotein interactions, and their importance. Protein structure, protein crosslinking and oligomerization and its relevance in disease; Therapeutic approaches.

## Unit 5: Techniques that detect protein-nucleic 8 hours acid interaction

Structural elements of DNA and RNA; nucleic acid-protein complexes and the functional importance of protein-nucleic acid interactions; Protein-micromolecular interaction Therapeutic approaches that target structural elements of protein-nucleic acid interaction relevant to cellular pathophysiology

#### Unit 6: Membrane Structure

8 hours

Lipid structure and their organization; Comparison between different membrane models; carrier transport, ion transport, active and passive transport, ion pumps, water transport, use of liposomes for membrane models and drug delivery systems. Drug treatment strategy that targets various membrane transport relevant to different kind of diseases.

## **References:**

- 1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization Http://CDSCO.NIC.IN/
- 2. Http://WWW.Patentoffice.NIC.IN/
- 3. WWW.OECD.ORG/DATAOECD/9/11/33663321.PD F
- 4. Http://WWW.FDA.GOV/FDAC/Special/Testtubetopat ient/Studies. Html
- 5. Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology- A Step-By-Step Guide for Beginners, Pearson Education, Delhi. 2006.

- 6. Trochim, William M.K., 2/E, Research Methods, Biztantra, Dreamtech Press, New Delhi, 2003.
- 7. Montgomery, Douglas C. 5/E, Design and Analysis of Experiments, Wiley India, 2007.
- 8. Kothari, C.K., 2/E, Research Methodology- Methods and Techniques, New Age International, New Delhi, 2004.
- 9. Besterfield, Dale H. 3/E, Total Quality Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005.
- Scientific Communication- An introduction https://doi.org/10.1142/11541 | March 2020, pages 276
  Science communication: A practical Gui
- 11. Science communication: A practical Gui
- 12. de for scientists, Laura Bowater, Kay Yeoman, ISBN: 978-1-118-40666-3 October 2012 Wiley-Blackwell 384 Pages;
- 13. https://www.wiley.com/enus/Science+Communication%3A+A+Practical+Guide +for+Scientists-p-9781118406663
- 14. Structural Biology and drug discovery, method techniques and practices edited by Jean Paul Renaud, Wiley March 2020.
- 15. Structure based drug discovery, https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-1-61779-520-6

#### **Elective Courses III**

Syllabus:

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| 3           | -            | - | 3          |                    |
| Course Code |              | 7 | /SL216ME25 |                    |
| Cou         | Course Title |   | I          | Molecular Medicine |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- At the end of the course, students will be able to-
- CO1 Understand the basics introduction of molecular medicine
- CO2 Analysis of the disease specific pathological mechanism and target for medicinal approach
- CO3 Apply the methods to characterize therapeutic effects of medicine
- CO4 Validating the molecular diagnosis of the disease

## **Teaching Hours:45**

**Unit 1: Introduction to Molecular Medicine** 7 hours Fundamental aspects of molecular medicine genetic mutation and repair. single nucleotide polymorphism of gene and biological consequences. General strategy and Fundamental aspects of infectious vs non-infectious diseases and acute and chronic disease progression. Role of biological environmental impact in various major diseases.

Unit 2: Cell signaling events and small 7 hours

#### molecule blocker

Introduction of intracellular and extracellular signaling pathway. Role of Receptors and adaptor protein in cell signaling. Role of genetic mutation and mutant protein in cell signaling defect and associated diseases. Design of small molecule inhibitors and other strategies to counter balance the genetic and protein mutation restoring cellular physiology.

## Unit 3: Pathophysiological spectrum of 8 hours various diseases

Discussing various factors including genetic, SNPS, protein mutation, cell signaling and endothelial disfunction etc. for the trigger of cancer, diabetes, neurodegeneration, coronary artery disease and others.

Unit 4: Effect of medicine in biological system 6 hours

Basic ideas on biodistribution and pharmacokinetic of medicine, toxicity and hepatic metabolism of the oral medicine, various types of formulation of the medicine, biotechnology drugs such as antibody, protein and other forms of drug conjugate used as formulation for drug delivery

### **Unit 5: Molecular Diagnosis**

8 hours

Brief description for application of to various analytical tools to characterize the drug like molecules. Use of laboratory-based cell biological markers, prognostic marker for the validation of drug effect on biological molecule such as DNA sequencing analysis, mutation analysis, PCR, gene therapy, Si-RNA knockdown, western blot, cell viability assay etc.

## Unit 6: Drug Design and Computational Drug 9 hours Discovery Approach

Rational drug design to targets that is relevant to various diseases such as cancer, diabetes, neuronal disorders, psychological complications, osteoporosis, endocrine disorders, and others etc. Structure activity relationship. Application of bio-informatics method and in silico application to drug design and virtual screening of drug against a disease specific target gene/protein.

#### **References:**

- 1. Alberts B, Johnson A, Lewis J, Raff M, Roberts K and Walter P, "Molecular Biology of the Cell", Fifth Edition, Garland Publishing Inc. 2008.
- Molecular Medicine Book by Robert M. White (Author), David W. Brown (Author), Steven A. Williams. ISBN-10, 1594250332.
- Introduction to Molecular Medicine by D. W. Ross, publisher Springer, 9<sup>th</sup> march 2013.
- Molecular Medicine is the application of genetic or DNA-based knowledge to the modern practice of medicine. *Molecular Medicine* by R J Trent, 22<sup>nd</sup> August 2022.

- 5. Philosophy of Molecular Medicine: Foundational Issues in Theory and Practice aims at a systematic investigation of a number of foundational issues in the field of molecular medicine. Routledge publication, 1st edition (18 Dec. 2020).
- Textbook Of Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Allied And Molecular Medicine by <u>Gp Talwar, Seyed E Hasnain</u>, 4<sup>th</sup> edition. November 2015 publication.

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| Cou | Course Title |     | ( | Cancer Biology |

**Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):** 

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe and appraise the fundamentals of cellular processes involving molecular genetic basis of multistep process of carcinogenesis Illustrate mechanisms of physical, biological, and chemical cancer-causing agents as well as spontaneous cancer onset in terms of role of oncogenes and tumour suppressor genes, deregulation of cell cycle and differentiation in cancer cells.
- CO2 Articulate host-environment interactions including susceptibility factors in cancer predisposition; cancer classification systems; principles of cancer diagnosis, prognosis, and response to therapy and management in the laboratory.
- CO3 Demonstrate understanding of cancer control for disease-free, relapse-free, and metastasis-free longer survival using knowledge of molecular players and factors governing cancer spread from primary sites, metastasis cascade, and invasion.

#### Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours: 45**

Unit 1: Introduction to Cancer Biology 6 Hours History of cancer and various theories of Cancer etiology, Warning signs of cancer; Types of cancer; cancer classification systems: Epidemiology; Updates in hallmarks of cancer cells including; Self-sufficiency in growth signals, insensitivity to growth suppressive signals, evading programmed cell death, replicative immortality, sustained angiogenesis, invasion and metastasis, reprogramming energy metabolism, evading immune destruction, tumor promoting inflammation, genomic instability, and others

**Unit 2: Molecular Cell Biology of Cancer 8 Hours** Proto-oncogenes and Oncogenes, Mechanisms of inactivation of proto-oncogenes and affected cellular pathways; Tumor suppressor genes, two-hit theory, mi-RNA and other regulators of cellular pathways and cancer, modulation of growth factors, receptors, signal transduction, Cancer Stem cells, Biology, and implications; Apoptosis, Autophagy, Necroptosis, Ferroptosis and pyroptosis.

# Unit 3: Cancer Genetics, Cytogenetics and 10 Hours Genomics:

Constitutional and Acquired Genetic Determinants of Cancer; Genetic Predisposition to Cancer; Hereditary cancer syndromes and Familial Cancers; Molecular pathogenesis of acquired chromosomal aberrations, fusion genes, Common techniques for analysis of alterations in chromosomes and DNA, Techniques for analysis of alterations in chromosomes and DNA.

#### Unit 4: Principles of Carcinogenesis 8 Hours

Physical, Chemical and Biological Carcinogenesis, Genotoxic and non-genotoxic carcinogens, Cancer Metabolism and Targets of Carcinogenesis, Molecular mechanism of Carcinogenesis. Cancer risk factors and differential susceptibility, IARC and WHO and OECD guidelines.

## **Unit 5: Cancer Metastasis**

## 8 Hours

Metastatic cascade; Basement Membrane disruption; Threestep theory of Invasion; Heterogeneity of metastatic phenotype; Epidermal Mesenchymal Transition, Molecular signatures and organ preference in metastasis and Angiogenesis

Unit 6: Cancer Biomarkers and Therapeutics 5 Hours Classical and novel strategies for cancer treatment; Tumor markers for cancer diagnosis, prognosis, and therapy decisions; Cancer Immunology and therapeutic interventions, Humanized /Chimeric antibodies in cancer diagnosis and treatment, Targeted drug delivery and drug delivery systems, Animal models for cancer, Cancer vaccine, Clinical trials, Immune cell therapies, Gene Therapy, survival and response monitoring, targeted therapy with examples of clinical importance, personalized medicine

## **References:**

- 1. Weinberg R., Biology of Cancer, Garland Science, June, 2010
- 2. D. Liebler, Proteomics in cancer research, 2004
- David M. Terrian, Cancer cell signalling, Methods, and protocols, Volum 218 (Methods in Molecular Biology), 2003.
- 4. Strachan Tom and Read Andrew P. (2010) Human Molecular Genetics, 4th Edition, Garland Science (Taylor and Francis Group), London and New York
- 5. K.L. Rudolph, Telomeres and Telomerase in ageing, disease, and cancer, 2008.
- 6. Maly B.W.J., Virology: A practical approach, IRL Press, Oxford, 1987.
- Dunmock N.J and Primrose, S.B., Introduction to modern Virology, Blackwell Scientific Publications. Oxford, 1988.

- Knowles, M.A., Selby P., An Introduction to the Cellular and Molecular Biology of Cancer, Oxford Medical publications, 2005.
- Vincent, T. De Vita, Lawrence T. S., Rosenberg, S. A., Cancer: Principles & Practice of Oncology, 10th Edition, Lippincot, 2011
- 10. http://atlasgeneticsoncology.org
- 11. http://cgap.nci.nih.gov/Chromosomes/Mitelman
- 12. http://www.humanvariomeproject.org
- 13. https://www.genome.gov/hapmap

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| Course Code  |   |   | 7 | SL410ME25            |
| Course Title |   |   |   | Aedical Microbiology |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Get acquainted with the molecular basis of pathogenesis and virulence of different microbial pathogens, and would also be sensitized to the social impact of most dreadful infections like tuberculosis, malaria, HIV, etc.
- CO2 To acquire experimental knowhow of antimicrobial susceptibility assays, biochemical characterization of medically important microorganisms, etc.
- CO3 Develop an understaffed go the problem of drugresistance, and the mechanism underlying its development and spread among pathogenic populations.

#### Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hours: 45**

## Unit 1: Overview of Microbial Infections in 7 hours Humans

Evolution of microbial pathogens; Concepts of virulence, pathogenicity, and epidemiology; Status of the field of microbial pathogenicity

## Unit 2: Bacterial Pathogens 7 hours

Host-pathogen interactions, mechanisms of virulence and antibiotic resistance in important bacterial pathogens listed as Priority Pathogens by WHO/CDC/DBT e.g. *P. aeruginosa*, *S. aureus*, *M. tuberculosis*, etc.; Role of biofilms and quorum sensing in bacterial virulence: Host-pathogen interactions, mechanisms of virulence and antibiotic resistance in important bacterial pathogens listed as Priority Pathogens by WHO/CDC/DBT e.g. *P. aeruginosa*, *S. aureus*, *M. tuberculosis*, etc.; Role of biofilms and quorum sensing in bacterial virulence.

Unit 3: Eukaryotic Pathogens of Humans 7 hours Fungi, protozoa, and helminths as pathogens; Host-pathogen interactions, mechanisms of virulence and antibiotic resistance in these parasites

#### **Unit 4: Viral Infections** 8 hours

General characteristics. Pathogenesis, Diagnosis. Mechanisms of viral pathogenesis with reference to representative examples of viruses of pandemic potential e.g. HIV, influenza, coronavirus, etc.; Prions

#### **Unit 5: Treatment and Prevention**

An overview of antimicrobial agents in current clinical use, and their modes of action; Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR); Role of lateral gene transfer and pathogenicity islands in spread of AMR; Discovery and development of novel antipathogenic agents; Anti-virulence approach; Vaccines; Traditional Medicine in combating AMR.

## Unit 6: Human Microbiome in Health and 8 hours Disease

An overview of human microbiome composition and its correlation with communicable and non-communicable diseases; Probiotic, prebiotics, and their clinical or nutraceutical applications

## **References:**

- Sasakawa S (2009). Molecular mechanisms of 1 bacterial infection via the gut. Springer.
- Greenwood D, Slack R, Peutherer J, Medical 2. Microbiology 15th Edn., Churchil and Livinstone. 2007.
- Schaechter M,. Engleberg, N C, . Einstein B and 3. Mendoff G, Mechanism of Microbial Diseases, 3rd Edition., Williams and Wilkins, 1998.
- Wilson M (2005). Microbial inhabitants of humans. 4. Cambridge University Press.

## **Elective Courses IV**

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| Course Code ' |   |   |   | 7SL217ME25           |
| Course Title  |   |   |   | Molecular Toxicology |

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Demonstrate an understanding of the principles important to predicting adverse reactions to compounds, whether they be under development as a drug or through environmental exposure
- Demonstrate a comprehensive knowledge of CO2 biological targets and the damage caused to such targets plus some of the ensuing changes at the level of organelle, cell, organ, and organism.
- Evaluate the relevance of non-clinical species to CO3 the prediction of human drug safety
- CO4 Apply scientific reasoning and methods to experimental design for assessment of chemical

toxicity

## Syllabus:

8 hours

### **Teaching Hours: 45**

8 Hours

8 Hours

Unit 1: Toxicokinetics and Toxicodynamics 9 Hours Toxicants and toxicity, ED, TD and LD values and their importance, Dose-response relationship; Absorption, distribution, Metabolism, elimination, organ toxicity; Reaction of toxicants with target molecules, Cellular disrepair, and repair mechanisms Lipid peroxidation; ROS & RNS.

## Unit 2: Drug metabolism

reactive (Toxic), and reversible.

7 Hours Biotransformation i.e., Phase-I and Phase-II reactions, Concept of pro-drug and its bioactivation. Drug metabolising enzymes and their subcellular localization viz. microsomal and cytosolic enzymes. Metabolites- Active, non-active,

#### **Unit 3: Pharmaceutical Toxicology** 8 Hours

Drug Action and factors modifying the drugs action; Toxicological study in drug manufacturing; Adverse reaction; Pharma Regulation (FDA, OECD, ICH, Schedule Y); Microbial and Food Toxicity

## Unit 4: Cellular Toxicology

Cells and tissue responses to chemical stress; Route of Entry into the cell; Interaction with membrane process; Intracellular fate of chemicals; Role of Transporters; Mechanism of cell death.

**Unit 5: Toxicoproteomics and Metabolomics** 7 Hours Toxicoproteomics in assessing Organ; Biomarkers in Toxicology and Risk Assessment; Fundamentals of Metabolomics: Metabolomic Profiling in Toxicity Assessment.

## Unit 6: Oxidative stress

Toxicological consequences of oxidative stress, Oxidative stress and protein damage, Oxidative stress and DNA damage, Oxidative stress and lipid damage; Antioxidative defence mechanisms; Role of glutathione, Superoxide dismutase, Metallothionein and  $\alpha$ -tocopherol as antioxidants; Xenobiotic-induced alterations in intracellular calcium distribution, Toxicological consequences of increased intracellular calcium concentrations.

- Briggs M. H., The Chemistry and Metabolism of 1. Drugs and Toxins: An Introduction to Xenobiochemistry, Heinemann Medical Publication,
- Freeman K. I., Evans J. P., Cerniglia, F. E., 2. Xenobiochemistry, Elsevier (Amsterdam), 1985.
- Hodgson, E., and Smart R. C., Introduction to 3. Biochemical Toxicology, 3rd Edition, Wiley, 2001.

- 4. Timbrell J., Principles of Biochemical Toxicology, 4th Edition, Taylor & Francis, USA, 2004.
- Paul R. Ortiz de Montellano (2004). Cytochrome 5. P450: Structure, Mechanism, and Biochemistry, Kluwer Academic and 'Plenum Publishers, USA.

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| Course Title |        |     |   | N | Aicrobial Diversity and Systemics |

**Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):** 

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Recognize the extent of microbial diversity present in this world including prokaryotic and eukaryotic microbes and the importance of microbial diversity in different habitats including extreme environments.
- CO<sub>2</sub> Understand conventional and molecular methods used for studying microbial diversity and problems and limitations in microbial diversity studies.
- CO3 Describe the microbial classification schemes and methods used for taxonomy, distinguish, and differentiate the use of various taxonomic tools apt identification for classification and of microorganisms.
- Apply the knowledge of biochemistry and CO4 physiology of extremophiles for their application potentials in Biotechnology.

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching hours: 45**

**Unit 1: Principles of Microbial Diversity** 9 Hours Evolution of life, Principles and concepts of microbial diversity, Ecological diversity, Structural and Functional Diversity. Methods of studying microbial diversity microscopy, nucleic acid analysis, physiological studies, CLPP, FAME.

## **Unit 2: Issues of Microbial Diversity**

Problems and limitations in microbial diversity studies, Diversity Indices, Loss of diversity, Sustainability and Resilience, Indicator species, Exploitation of microbial diversity. Conservation, and economics.

#### Unit 3: Microbial Classification and 9 Hours Taxonomy

Phenetic, Phylogenetic and Genotypic classification, Numerical Taxonomy, Taxonomic Ranks, Techniques for determining Microbial Taxonomy and Phylogeny - classical and molecular characteristics, phylogenetic trees; major divisions of life, Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology, Prokaryotic Phylogeny, and major groups of bacteria.

## Unit 4: The Archaea

7 Hours

7 Hours

Ecology, Archaeal cell walls and membranes, genetics and molecular biology, metabolism, archaeal Taxonomy, Phylum Crenarchaeota, Phylum Euryarchaeota.

## **Unit 5: Eukarvotic Diversitv**

7 Hours Physiological variation, identification, cultivation, and classification of important groups of fungi, algae, and protozoa.

## Unit 6: Microbial Diversity in Extreme 6 Hours **Environments**

Habitat, diversity, physiology, survival and adaptation, and biotechnological potentials of: Cold and thermal environment, Saline and deep-sea environment, Anaerobic environment, Osmophilic and xerophilic environment, Alkaline and acidic environment.

## **References:**

- 1. Cavicchioli, R. Archaea Molecular and Cellular Biology, ASM Press, Washington, 2007.
- 2. Dworkin, M., Falkow, S., Rosenberg, E., Schleifer, K.H., Stackebrandt, E. (Eds.). The Prokaryotes. Vol. I -VII, Springer, 2006.
- 3. Garrity, G.M. and Boone, D.R. (Eds.), Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology, 2nd edition, Vol. I, Springer, 2001.
- 4. Garrity, G.M., Brenner, D.J., Kreig, M.R. and Staley, (Eds.), Bergey's Manual of Systematic J.T. Bacteriology, 2nd edition, Vol. II, Springer, 2005.
- 5. Gerday, C. and Glansdorff, N. Physiology and Biodiversity of Extremophiles, ASM Press, Washington, 2007.
- 6. Hurst, C.J, Crawford, R.L., Garland, J.L., Lipson, D.A., Mills, A.L. and Stetzenbach, L.D. Manual of Environmental Microbiology, 3rd Edition, ASM Press, Washington, 2007.
- 7. Madigan, M.T. and Martinko, J.M. Brock Biology of Microorganisms, 11th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2006.
- 8. Mueller, G.M., Bills, G.F. and Foster, M.S. Biodiversity of Fungi - Inventory and Monitoring Methods, Elsevier Academic Press, 2004.
- 9. Willey, J.M., Sherwood, L.M. and Woolverton, C.J. Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology, 7th edition, McGraw Hill, 2008.

## SEMESTER IV

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| Course Title Dissertation | Cou  | rse Ti | Coui  | tle   |   | L  | Dissertation |

**Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):** 

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

CO1 Develop understanding in the field of scientific research at the academic as well as industrial sector. This will students to identify scientific problems and design proposals to address and implement ideas. This enables them to communicate the same to a greater audience.

This will benefit the students to perform well in their job interviews and to design their CV which can evoke interest in the employers to know more about the candidate.

## **Outline**:

The students have to carry out their dissertation work. They have to perform wet lab experimentation on the topic of project assigned to them. The Viva will be conducted as interim presentation as well as final presentations, where the students have to defend their dissertation work

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| Course Title In |        |    |    |    |   | nternship |

## **Outline:**

The students will be deputed to industry/academic institutes/laboratories have undertake training to enhance their skills in order to improve their employability in the field of interest. The students will have a guide allocated at the host institute and have to present their progress of training in the form of interim presentation. They will be submitting a comprehensive report as well as well as an final presentation, comprising of the training undertaken by them.

# ANNEXURE-I

M. Sc. Microbiology

## **Institute of Science** Nirma University Teaching & Examination Scheme of M.Sc. Microbiology (2025-26)

| Sr     | Course                               |  | Teaching Scheme |             |             |             | Examination Scheme |      |       |         |         |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|------|-------|---------|---------|
| No     | Code                                 |  |                 | cuching c   | eneme       | r –         | Durs               | tion | Compo | nent We | iohtage |
|        | couc                                 |  |                 | LPW/        |             |             | Dure               | LPW/ | compe | LPW/    | Surage  |
|        |                                      | Course Title   | L               | PW          | т           | с           | SEE                | PW   | CE    | PW      | SEE     |
| Sem    | nester-I                             |  |                 |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 1      | 6SL105CC24                           | Cell and Molecular Biology                           | 4               | -           | -           | 4           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 3      | 6SL305CC24                           | Immunology   | 4               | -           | -           | 4           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 3      | 6SL202CC22                           | Human Physiology                                     | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 4      | 6SL402CC24                           | Microbiology   | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 5      | 6SL203CC22                           | Metabolism   | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 6      | 6SL102CC24                           | Laboratory I   | -               | 10          | -           | 5           | -                  | 10.0 | 1.00  | -       | -       |
|        |                                      | Total  | 17              | 10          |             | 22          |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Supp   | lementary Co                         | purse  |                 | 1           |             |             | 1                  |      |       |         | r       |
| 7      | 6SL801CC24                           | Scientific Communications - I                        | 1               | -           | -           | 1           | -                  | -    | 1.00  | -       | -       |
|        |                                      | Total  | 17              | 10          |             | 23          |                    |      |       |         |         |
|        |                                      |  |                 |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Sen    | ester-II                             |  |                 |             |             | -           | -                  |      |       |         |         |
| 1      | 6SL403CC24                           | Industrial Microbiology & Fermantation Technology    | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 2      | 6SL104CC22                           | Bioanalytical Techniques                             | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 3      | 6SL303CC24                           | Genetic Engineering                                  | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 4      | 6SL404CC24                           | Microbial Genetics                                   | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 5      | 0SL003VA24                           | Laboratory II  | -               | 10          | -           | 5           | -                  | 10.0 | 1.00  | -       | -       |
|        |                                      | Total  | 12              | 10          |             | 17          |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Supp   | lementary Co                         | ourses   |                 | 1           |             |             |                    |      | 1 0 0 |         | 1       |
| 6      | 6SL802CC24                           | Scientific Communications - II                       | 1               | -           | -           | 1           | -                  | -    | 1.00  | -       | -       |
| T      |                                      |  |                 |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Insti  | tute Elective                        | Election I   | 2               | -           |             | 2           | 2.0                |      | 0.60  |         | 0.40    |
| 7      |                                      | Elective I   | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
|        |                                      | Total  | 16              | 10          |             | 21          |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 0      |                                      |  |                 |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| зеп    | lester-III                           |  |                 |             | 1           |             |                    | 1    | 0.60  |         | 0.40    |
| 1      | 7SL405CC23                           | Molecular Microbial Physiology                       | 3               | -           |             | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 2      | 7SL302CC23                           | Genomics & Proteomics                                | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 3      | 7SL901CC25                           | Research Methods                                     | 2               | -           | -           | 2           | -                  | -    | 1.00  | -       | -       |
| 4      | 7SL204CC25                           | Laboratory III                                       | -               | 8           | -           | 4           | -                  | 6.0  | 1.00  | -       | -       |
|        |                                      | Total  | •               | 0           |             | 12          |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Insti  | tute Elective                        |  |                 |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 5      |                                      | Elective II  | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 6      |                                      | Elective III   | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| 7      |                                      | Elective IV  | 3               | -           | -           | 3           | 3.0                | -    | 0.60  | -       | 0.40    |
| -      |                                      | Total  | 17              | 8           | -           | 21          | 0.0                |      | 0.00  |         |         |
|        |                                      | <u></u>  |                 | -           |             |             |                    |      |       |         | l       |
| Sem    | ester-IV (Ar                         | uv one of the following)                             |                 |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 1      |                                      | 7SI 902MF23 Dissertation                             | -               | -           | _           | 15          | - I                | L _  | 0.60  | _       | 0.40    |
| 1      |                                      | 7SL903MF25 Internship                                | _               | _           | _           | 15          |                    |      | 0.00  | -       | 0.40    |
|        |                                      | Total  | -               | _           | -           | 15          | _                  | _    | 0.00  |         | 0.10    |
| *Con   | npulsory sum                         | mer training following semester II for 21 working da | ivs             |             |             | 10          |                    |      |       |         |         |
|        |                                      |  | Supplement      | ary Courses | 5           |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| L: Lec | tures, T: Tutorial,                  | C: Credits   | Semester I      | 6SL901 Sc   | ientific Co | ommunicat   | ions - I           |      |       |         |         |
| CE: C  | ontinuous Examin<br>PW: Laboratory / | ation<br>Project Work                                | Semester II     | 6SL902 Sc   | ientific Co | ommunicat   | ions - Il          |      |       |         |         |
| SFF    | Semester End Fy                      | amination  |                 |             |             |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| 566. 1 | Semester Did EA                      |  | Semester III    | Elective I  | I           |             |                    |      |       |         |         |
| Elect  | ive I (Semester II)                  |  |                 | 7SL216ME    | 25 Molec    | ular Medici | ine                |      |       |         |         |
| 6SL10  | 6ME24 Nanobiot                       | echnology  |                 | 7SL202ME    | 25 Cance    | r Biology   | loggy              |      |       |         |         |
| 6SL40  | 5ME25 Microbial                      | Ecology  |                 | / SL+IUME   | 20 Medic    | ai microbio | JOZY               |      |       |         |         |

Elective II (Semester III) 7SL401ME25 Agriculture & Environmental Microbiology 7SL409ME25 Microbiome in Health and Disease 7SL215ME25 Structural Biology and Drug Discovery

Semester III Elective IV 7SL217ME25 Molecular Toxicology 7SL404ME23 Microbial Diversity & Systematics

## SEMESTER I

#### **Core Courses**

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| Cou | rse Co | ode | 6SI | L105CC24              |
| Cou | rse Ti | tle | Cel | l & Molecular Biology |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand and appraise the fundamentals of cell as a unit of living organisms and their organelles in terms of structure and functions.
- CO2 Evaluate the cellular mechanisms of cell-cell interactions, cell communications, cell signalling pathways, molecular mechanisms and their crosstalk, cell division, cell death, and regulation Analyse the concept of central dogma and its updates
- CO3 Demonstrate understanding of molecular processes and principles of DNA replication, transcription, translation, and regulation

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching hours: 60 Hours**

## Unit 1: Plasma membranes; transport,7 HoursCell-Cell Adhesion and Communication

Plasma membrane transport, structure & amp; molecular composition of various transporters for active and passive transport, Cell-cell adhesions: Ca++ dependent and Ca++ independent; Extracellular matrix.

## Unit 2: Cytoskeleton; intracellular protein 8 Hours traffic

Actin, Intermediate Filaments and Microtubules; Structure, Dynamics, and functions of each in mitosis, cell movement; motor proteins and accessory proteins; Gated, Nuclear, and Vesicular protein traffic intracellular environment.

## **Unit 3: Cell Signaling**

8 Hours

Cell Surface Receptors; Signaling from Plasma Membrane to Nucleus, Map Kinase Pathways, G-protein coupled receptors, signal transduction pathways, second messengers, regulation of signaling pathways, neurotransmission, and regulation

## Unit 4: Cell Cycle

## 7 Hours

Mitosis, Meiosis, Cell Cycle, Role of Cyclins and Cyclin Dependent Kinases, Regulation of Cdk –Cyclin Activity, Cell cycle check-points; necrosis, senescence, and apoptosis

# Unit 5: DNA structure and Genome 7 Hours organization

DNA structure and function: Central dogma, DNA as genetic material, DNA supercoiling, gyrases, topoisomerases; Physical properties of nucleic acids: Chromatin structure; Chromatin remodeling and its functional significance.

## Unit 6: DNA Replication, repair, and 8 Hours recombination

Mechanism of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic DNA replication; DNA damaging agents; DNA repair -Components and pathways; DNA recombination Components and pathways.

## Unit 7: Transcription 8 Hours

Structure and function of mRNA; Mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; RNA processing: splicing, capping, polyadenylation, and base modifications; Prokaryotic gene regulation: Lac operon, Attenuation, antitermination, small RNAs, riboswitch.

## Unit 8: Translation

Structure and function of mRNA, rRNA, and tRNA; Genetic code; Ribosomes; Mechanism of translation in prokaryotic and eukaryotes; inhibitors of translational; posttranslational modifications.

7 Hours

## **References:**

- Alberts, Bruce, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts and Peter Walter. Molecular Biology of the Cell. 7<sup>th</sup> Ed. New York: Garland Science, Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, 2022.
- 2. Gerald K., Cell and Molecular Biology, Concept and Experiment, 6th Edition, Wiley, 2013.
- 3. Kleinsmith, L. J. J. Principles of Cell and Molecular Biology, 2nd Edition, Benjamin Cummings, 1997.
- Krebs, J. E., Lewin, B., Goldstein, E. S., & Kilpatrick, S. T. (2014). Genes, XI.
- Lodish, H., Berk A., Kaiser C. A., Krieger M., Scott M.P., Bretscher A., Ploegh H., and Matsudaira P., Molecular Cell Biology, 6th Edition, Freeman, W. H. and Co., 2008.
- 6. Pollard, T. D., and Earnshaw, W. C., Cell Biology 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Saunders Elsevier, 2023.
- 7. Stryer, L., Bery, J. M., Dymoczko, J. L., Biochemistry. 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, WH Freeman and Co. New York, 2023.
- 8. Watson, J. D., & Levinthal, C. (2014). Molecular biology of the gene, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.

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| Co | urse | Cod   | e | 6SL305CC24 |
| Co | urse | Title | e | Immunology |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO): At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Develop good understanding on how immune system discriminate self-from non-self.
- CO2 Evaluate the immune response of the host encountering the pathogen or upon vaccination.
- CO3 Understand how MHCs play critical role in shaping specific adaptive immune responses
- CO1 Select target antigen or immunogen against which immune response is generated
- CO2 Develop strategies to regulate immune response against the self
- CO3 Design immunoassays based on the monoclonal antibodies

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hours: 60**

8 Hours

Unit 1: Introduction6 HoursCells of the immune system, Hematopoiesis, structure and<br/>function of primary and secondary lymphoid organs, Innate<br/>immune system, PAMPs (pathogen associated molecular<br/>patterns), DAMPs (damage associated molecular patterns),<br/>PRRs (pattern recognition receptors), Antigen (immunogen,<br/>haptens and carrier).

## Unit 2: Antibody and Complement 8 Hours

Structure and functions of immunoglobulins, Isotypic, allotypic and Idiotypic variations; Complement activation and regulation.

#### Unit 3: Generation of Diversity

Generation of antigen receptor diversity (VJ/VDJ recombination for BCR and TCR), somatic hypermutations, affinity maturation, B and T cell Development.

## Unit 4: MHC and APP (antigen processing 8 Hours and presentation)

Polymorphism of MHC genes, Role of MHC antigens in immune responses, MHC antigens in transplantation; Antigen-uptake, processing, presentation/crosspresentation.

## Unit 5: Lymphocyte activation and 8 Hours trafficking

B and T cell activation including signaling, differentiation, memory formation and recall, lymphocyte trafficking and immune surveillance

## Unit 6: Cytokines 6 Hours

Interleukins, monokines, transforming growth factors, chemokines, their receptors, signaling and functions.

#### Unit 7: Tolerance 8 Hours

Autoimmunity, transplantation, allergy and hypersensitivity, cancer immunity, immune-deficiency.

Unit 8: Immuno-technology 8 Hours

Immunodiffusion assay (radial diffusion, Ouchterlony double diffusion), RIA (radio immune assay), ELISA, Immune-PCR, Immunoblot, Immunocytochemistry, Immunoprecipitation, B cell and T cell hybridoma technology, Flow-cytometry, Single chain antibodies, CAR-T cell, CAR-N

## **References:**

- 1. Janeway, C (2018) Janeway's immunobiology. Garland Science 11th Edition.
- 2. Kindt, T. J (2018). Kuby immunology. Macmillan. 8th Edition
- 3. Paul, W. E. (2012). Fundamental immunology. Lipincott & Wilkins, 8th Edition
- 4. Abbas, A. K., Lichtman, A. H., & Pillai, Shiva. (2017). Cellular and molecular immunology WB Saunders Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 186-204, 9th Edition
- 5. Coico, R. (2015). Immunology: A Short course. John Wiley & Sons, 7th edition
- 6. Peter J. Delves, Seamus J. Martin, Dennis R. Burton, and Ivan M. Roitt. (2017). Roitt's essential immunology John Wiley & Sons. 13th Edition.

## L T P C 3 - - 3

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|   | Co | urse | Cod  | le | 6SL202CC22       |
|   | Co | urse | Titl | е  | Human Physiology |

#### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 To identify basic organisation of biological system of the human body and define their role.
- CO2 To describe and relate the structure to functional role of each organ and organ system
- CO3 To comprehend interactions amongst various organs within/between system/s, their negative and positive feedback to maintain steady state and equilibrium in the body.
- CO4 To discuss, interpret and analyze biochemical alterations and evaluate the pathophysiological changes during diseased condition.

#### Syllabus:

## **Teaching hours: 45**

9 Hours

## Unit 1: Digestive System

Digestive Processes; Structural organisation and functions of Alimentary Canal (GI tract); Structure and functions of salivary gland, teeth, pancreas, liver; Physiology of digestion and absorption. Diseases/Disorders of digestive system.

## Unit 2: Cardiovascular System9 Hours

Structure and functions of blood — formed elements (blood cells) and plasma, physiology of blood coagulation. Grouping of blood; Basic structure of heart, conduction

system and cardiac cycle; Organisational structure of blood vessels and lymphatic vessels. Diseases/Disorders of CVS.

#### **Unit 3: Respiratory System**

## 6 Hours

Structural Organisation of Respiratory System: Structure and functions of nose, larynx, trachea, bronchi, and lungs; Physiology of Respiration (inspiration, expiration, pulmonary air volumes and capacities), Transportation of respiratory gases. Diseases/Diseases of Respiratory System.

**Unit 4: Urinary System** 

## 9 Hours

Anatomical Structure of functional unit of kidney (Nephron); Blood and nerve supply of kidney; Physiology of urine formation (glomerular filtration, tabular reabsorption, tabular secretion); characteristics of urine and its utility in measuring health states; Homeostasis. Diseases/Diseases of Urinary System.

### **Unit 5: Skeletal System**

**6** Hours

Structural Organisation of Skeletal System — Axial and appendicular system; structure and types of bones; Articulations - fibrous, cartilaginous, and synovial joints; Types of Synovial joints (gliding, hinge, pivot, ellipsoidal, saddle and ball and socket joints). Diseases/Disorders of Skeletal System.

## Unit 6: Muscular System

#### 6 Hours

Types, characteristic and functions of muscles (skeletal, smooth, and cardiac muscles); neuro muscular junctions; homeostasis and muscles (oxygen debt, muscle fatigue and heat production). Diseases/Disorders of Muscular System.

## **References**:

- 1. Guyton, H., Textbook of Medical Physiology, Elsevier, 2000.
- 2. Tortora, G. J. and Derrickson, B. H., Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, Wiley and Sons, 2009
- 3. Gilbert, S. E., Developmental Biology, Sinauer Associates, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 4. Holes Human Anatomy and Physiology by David Shier, Jackie Butler, Ricki Lewis. McGraw hill Education 2015, 8th ed.
- 5. Essential of Human Physiology for Pharmacy by McCorry, Laurie Kelly, Boca Raton CRC Press 2008
- Basic Anatomy: General Anatomy and Upper limg by Oommen Anitha, New Delhi Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. 2010
- 7. Anatomy & Physiology by Gerard Tortora J,Derrickson, Bryan., Delhi Wiley India (P) Ltd. 2014.
- 8. Anatomy & Physiology; workbook by Gerard Tortora J,Derrickson, Bryan., Delhi Wiley India (P) Ltd. 2014.

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## Course Title Microbiology

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Get aquainted with the basic concepts of various fields of Microbiology, and also learn about growth pattern of microbes in different ecosystems.
- CO2 Acquire experimental knowhow of essential microbiological techniques e.g. microscopy, cultivation of microbes, etc.
- CO3 Develop an understanding of various facets of microbes and their applications eg. medical microbiology, industrial microbiology, agricultural microbiology, etc.

### Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hours: 45**

7 Hours

7 Hours

## Unit 1: Foundation in Microbiology

A brief history of microbiology; Origin of life; Microbes in our lives

## Unit 2: Microbial Diversity 8 Hours

Archaea, Bacteria, Fungi, Algae, Protozoa, and Viruses

## Unit 3. Tools to study microbiology 7 Hours

Methods for studying and culturing microbes; Theory and measurement of bacterial growth; Culture preservation

## Unit 4. Microbial Ecology

Microbial communities; Biofilms; Microbe-microbe interactions, Environmental factors that influence microbes.

## Unit 5. Microbial interaction with higher 8 Hours organisms

Microbe-Plant interactions; Microbe-Animal interactions

## Unit 6. Applied Microbiology 8 Hours

Overview of applications of microorganisms in agriculture, environment, energy, Food, medical, and industry sectors.

- Atlas, R. M. (2001) Principles of Microbiology 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wm. C. Brown Pub., Iowa, USA.
- 2. M. T. Madigan J. M. Martinko, & J. Parker Brock biology of microorganisms 9th Edn., Prentice Hall Int. Inc.
- 3. Sulia, General Microbiology, Oxford, 1999.
- 4. J. G. Cappuccino, Microbiology a Laboratory Manual, 4th Edn., Adison-Wesley, 1999.
- 5. Pelzar, Microbiology \_ Concepts and Application, Mc Graw Hill.
- 6. Demain, Manual of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology, A. S. M., 1999.
- 7. Prescott & Klein Microbiology 5th Edn., Mc Graw Hill.
- 8. G. J. Tortora Microbiology: An Introduction. 9thEdn, Benjamin Cummings, 2006.

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| Co | urse | Cod   | e |   | 6SL203CC22 |
| Co | urse | Title | e |   | Metabolism |
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## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the metabolic pathways the energyyielding and energy requiring reactions in life; understand the diversity of metabolic regulation, and how this is specifically achieved in different cells
- CO2 Evaluate the different metabolic process occurring in the cells
- CO3 Relate the link between the metabolic processes and their regulation as a response to external and internal factors
- CO4 Analyse the differences and similarities between the various anabolic and catabolic processes occurring in the body

### Syllabus: Teaching Hours:45

Unit 1: Metabolism of Carbohydrates 5 Hours Glycolysis, citric acid cycle, pentose phosphate pathways, glycogenesis and glycogenolysis and their regulation, Gluconeogenesis, and its regulation. Metabolism of Fructose and Galactose. Hormonal regulation of

carbohydrate metabolism.

## Unit 2: Metabolism of Lipids:

8 Hours

Synthesis of various lipids, bile acids and cholesterol. Elongation of fatty acids, Desaturation of fatty acids in microsomes. Regulation of fatty acid synthesis, Cholesterol metabolism. Composition and synthesis of basic groups of Lipoproteins and their changes during transport in the body.

#### Unit 3: Metabolism of Amino Acids:

8 Hours metabolism:

General reactions of amino acid metabolism: transamination, oxidative deamination and decarboxylation. Catabolic fate of □-amino acids and their regulation, glucogenic and ketogenic amino acids. Urea cycle and its regulation. Amino acid biosynthesis.

#### Unit 4: Metabolism of Nucleotides: 8 Hours

Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidine- De novo and salvage pathways and their regulation. Catabolism of purines and pyrimidine. Biosynthesis of ribonucleotides and deoxyribonucleotides.

## Unit 5: Enzymes: Basic Bio- 8 Hours thermodynamics

Enzyme classification and nomenclature, Enzyme kinetics: Michaelis-Menten equation: Formula, Derivation and Significance; Alternate plotting procedures. Types of Inhibitors and their mode of action.

## Unit 6: Enzyme Mechanisms and 8 Hours Regulation:

Different mechanisms of enzyme activity; Strategies for enzyme regulation; Allosteric Enzymes and their Kinetics. Isoenzymes and Multienzyme Complexes.

## 1. References:

- 2. Voet, D., Fundamentals of Biochemistry, J. Wiley, 2008.
- Voet, D. and Voet, J. G. Biochemistry, 3rd Edition. John Wiley and Sons, 2004. 3. Boyer, R., Concepts in Biochemistry, Brookes, 1999.
- 4. Metzler, D. E., Metzler, C. M., Biochemistry: the chemical reactions of living cells. Vols. I and II, Academic Press, 2001.
- 5. Nelson, D. C. and Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry, Mac Millan, 2000.
- Murray, R. K., Granner D. K., Mayes, P. A., Rodwell, V. W., Harper's Biochemistry, 27th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2006.
- Stryer, L., Bery, J. M., Dymoczko, J. L., Biochemistry Only. 6th edition, WH Freeman and Co. New York, 2006.

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| Cour | se Ti | tle |   | Laboratory I |

#### Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Perform fundamental microbiological, biochemical and cell culture techniques.
- CO2 Analyze and interpret the results of biochemical estimations and microbiological experimental data
- CO3 Apply techniques to the advanced level practicals and dissertation carried out in further semesters.

#### Syllabus

#### **Teaching Hours: 192**

- 1. Introduction to human chromosome complement using Giemsa-stained metaphase cells.
- 2. Observation of mitotic cell division stages in onion root tip
- 3. Observation of meiosis stages using fixed slides
- 4. Demonstration of Short-term blood culture for metaphase chromosome preparation
- 5. Measurement of microscopic structures using micrometer
- 6. To study the effect of various parameters viz. inoculum size, aeration, etc. on bacterial growth through the growth curve experiment

- 7. Estimation of bacterial load in various environmental/ food samples through viable counting
- 8. Gram-staining
- 9. Bacteriophage isolation from sewage sample
- 10. Enzyme assay for Amylase under various conditions
- 11. Sample Preparation and Separation of Amino Acids, Lipids and Sugars by TLC.
- 12. Estimation of bio-molecules (Sugar, Protein, Cholesterol, Urea) by spectrophotometer
- 13. Isolation of Genomic DNA from E.coli
- 14. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from E.coli
- 15. Quantification and analysis of DNA
- 16. Regulation of lac operon in E.coli

## **References:**

- 1. Patel, RJ. Experimental Microbiology. Vol-1, Aditya Publishers, India, pp: 60-61, 2009
- 2. Sherma, Joseph, and Bernard Fried, 2nd eds. Handbook of thin-layer chromatography. CRC press, 2007.
- 3. Stahl, Egon, 2nd eds. "Thin-layer chromatography: a laboratory handbook." Thin-layer chromatography: a laboratory handbook. 2007.
- Cappuccino, James G., and Natalie Sherman, 7th eds. "Microbiology: A laboratory manual." Addision-six 1999 2007.
- 5. Mu, Plummer, and David T, 3rd eds. Plummer. Introduction to practical biochemistry. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2007.
- 6. Bates, Steven E. "Classical cytogenetics: karyotyping techniques." Human Pluripotent Stem Cells. Humana Press, 177-190, 2011..
- Rao, Beedu Sashidhar and Deshpande, Vijay, Experimental Biochemistry, A student Companion, I. K. International Pvt. Ltd, 2005
- Tom Maniatis, E. F. Fritsch, Joseph Sambrook, Molecular cloning-a laboratory manual, 3rd eds, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 2001
- 9. Primrose, S. et.al., 7th eds. Principles of Gene Manipulation. Oxford: Blackwell Science, 2008 2001.
- 10. Prescott.L.M, 7th eds. Microbiology, McGraw Hill Publication, 2008
- Mitosis, Meiosis and Genetics, J. L. Stein Carter & D. B. Fankhauser, Genetics, 2010.
- Alberts, Bruce, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts and Peter Walter. Molecular Biology of the Cell. 6th ed. New York: Garland Science, Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, 2015.

## **Supplementary Course**

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## Course Title Scientific Communication - I

## Course Learning Outcomes:

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the basics of English grammar, phonetics, and mechanics of language
- CO2 Use appropriate English vocabulary for fluent and confident communication in English
- CO3 Demonstrate communication capacities in speaking, writing, listening, and narrating in English

## Syllabus:

### **Teaching Hours: 15**

## **Unit 1: Introduction to communication**

Idioms & Phrases, Basic Nonverbal communication, Barriers to Communication,

## Unit 2: Business Communication at work place

Letter components and layouts, planning a letter, Process of Letter writing, Email Communication, Employment Communication, Notice Agenda and Minutes of Meeting

## **Unit 3: Report Writing**

Effective Writing, Types of Business Reports, Structure of Reports, Gathering Information, Organization of Material, Writing Abstract and Summaries, Writing Definitions, Meaning of Plagiarism and Precaution.

## Unit 4: Required Skill

Reading Skill, Note-Making, Precise Writing, Audio visual Aids, Oral Communication.

## **Unit 5: Mechanics of Writing**

Transition, Spelling Rules, Hyphenation, Transcribing Numbers, Abbreviating Technical and Non-Technical Terms, Proof Reading.

## **References:**

1. Technical Communication: Principles and Practice, by Meenakshi Raman and Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press, IInd Edition

## **SEMESTER II**

## **Core Courses**

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| Course Code 6 |        |     |            | L403CC24   |  |  |  |
| Cou           | rse Ti | tle | Ind<br>Teo | Industrial Microbiology & Fermentation<br>Technology |  |  |  |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

CO1 Get acquainted with the industrial aspect of the field

of Microbiology, and also learn about growth pattern of microbes in different industrial systems

- CO2 Acquire experimental knowhow of microbial production of various industrial products such as alcohol, exopolysaccharides, enzymes, etc.
- CO3 Develop an understanding of process control, upstream and downstream process.

### Teaching hours:45

## Unit 1: Overview of Microbial Fermentation 7 Hours Industry

Range of fermentation processes; Diversity of microbes used as process organisms; Potential use of crude glycerol, and lignocellulosic hydrolysates as fermentation substrate with respect to sustainable development.

## Unit 2: Screening and Strain Improvement 7 Hours

Fundaments and concepts on screening of microorganisms for biotechnological applications; Genetic improvement of processes yielding microbial products.

## Unit 3: Fermentor

Syllabus:

#### 8 Hours

Design and Operation: Fundamentals of fermentation media and sterilization; Solid state and liquid state bioreactors; Bioprocess intensification and Scale-up.

Unit 4: Bioprocess Monitoring and Control 8 hours Biosensors; Bioprocess simulation and economics; Artificial intelligence in bioprocess industry

## Unit 5 Downstream Processing 7 Hours

Unit operations; Cell separation and disruption, product recovery and purification

## Unit 6: Industrial Production of 8 Hours Representative Products

Microbial production of organic acids, antibiotics, amino acids, ethanol, vitamins, enzymes, r-DNA products, probiotics, etc.

## **References:**

- 1. Biochemical Engineering, Aiba, S., Humphrey, A.E. and Millis, N.F. Univ. of Tokyo Press.
- 2. Process engineering in Biotechnology, Jackson, A. T. Prentice Hall, Engelwood Cliffs.
- 3. Biochemical Reactors, Atkinson, B., Pion Ltd, London.
- Fermentation Microbiology & Biotechnology, E L -Mansi and Bryce, Taylor & Francis, 1999.
- 5. Industrial Microbiology, Prescott & Dunn, Fourth Edition.
- 6. Industrial Microbiology by Casida. LE, New age International (P) Limited, Publishers.
- 7. Industrial Microbiology by Prescott & Dunns, AVI Publishing Company Inc.
- 8. Industrial Microbiology by A.H. Patel.

- 9. Principles of Fermentation Technology by P.F. Stanbury, A. Whitaker and S.J. Hall, Butterworth Heineman, Aditya Books (P) Ltd.
- 10. A text book of Industrial Microbiology by Wulf Crueger and Anneliese Crueger, Panima Publishing Corporation.

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| Cou | rse Co | ode |   | 6SL104CC22                      |
| Cou | rse Ti | tle |   | <b>Bioanalytical Techniques</b> |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the principles and applications of various techniques used in the isolation, purification, and analysis of biomolecules.
- CO2 Apply the concepts of modern anlaytical and instrumental techniques relevant to quantitative measurements in biology
- CO3 Justify and relate the selection of bioanalytical methods to characterize a given sample
- CO4 Critically evaluate the advantages, limitations, and prospects of various bioanalytical techniques

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching hours:45**

## Unit 1: Separation and characterization of 8 Hours macromolecules

Principles and applications of ultracentrifugation, ultrafiltration, precipitation, and equilibrium dialysis; Horizontal and vertical electrophoresis. Native and SDS Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, 2 D electrophoresis

## Unit 2: Chromatography 9 Hours

Basic principles and applications of Paper chromatography, TLC, Gas Chromatography, Size exclusion chromatography, Ion-exchange chromatography, Affinity chromatography, Reverse phase chromatography, HPLC, FPLC

## Unit 3: Spectroscopy 7 Hours

Basic Principles and Applications of UV/Visible absorption, CD, Raman, Infrared, Fluorescence and Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy

## Unit 4: Radioisotope Techniques 6 Hours

Radioactive decay, half-life, Types of radiations, properties of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  rays, radioisotope tracer techniques, Measurement of radio activity, autoradiography, radiation protection and measurements, Applications of radioisotopes for analysis of biological samples

## Unit 5: Structural determination of 8 Hours Biomolecules

Basic Principle, instrumentation, and applications of Nuclear Magnetic Resonance & ESR, X-Ray Crystallography, Mass Spectrometry

## Unit 6: Microscopy:

#### 7 Hours

Principles and applications of bright field, dark field, phase contrast, DIC etc., fluorescence, confocal, deconvolution, super-resolution, multiphoton, SEM, TEM, and various types.

#### **References:**

- 1. Pattabhi, V. and Gautham, N. Biophysics, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.
- 2. Cooper, A, Biophysical Chemistry, Royal Society of Chemistry, 2004.
- 3. Christian, G. D., Analytical Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 4. Hammes, G. G., Spectroscopy for Biological Sciences, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- 5. Westmeier, Reiner, Electrophoresis in Practice; Wiley-VCH Verlag Gmbh. 2005
- 6. Michael Hoppert; Microscopic Techniques in Biotechnology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2006
- Skoog, D. A., Holler, F. J. and Crouch, S. R., Instrumental Analysis, Brooks/Cole Cengage Learning, 2007.
- Roberts, K., Lewis J., Alberts B., Walter P., Johnson A., and Raff. M., Molecular Biology of the Cell, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Garland Publishing Inc., 2008.
- Wilson, K. and Walker, J. ; Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Cambridge University press., 2010
- Robert L. Wixom and Charles W. Gehrke, Chromatography: A Science of Discovery. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2010
- 11. Bhasin, S. K.;, Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry; Elsevier India Pvt. Ltd.. 2012
- 12. Monk, Paul, Physical Chemistry: Understanding our Chemical World; John Wiley and Sons. 2013
- 13. Peter Jomo Walla.; Modern Biophysical Chemistry: Detection and analysis of Biomolecules: Wiley Publishing. 2014.

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| Cou | rse Co | ode |   | 6SL303CC24          |
| Cou | rse Ti | tle |   | Genetic Engineering |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the fundamental concept of genetic engineering
- CO2 Analyse the technique of genetic engineering
- CO3 Apply the concept and techniques in designing and conducting experiments and research

Syllabus:

**Teaching hours: 45** 

## Unit 1: Fundamental Tool and Technique 5 Hours in Recombinant DNA Technology:

Restriction endonucleases (RE), ligases, alkaline phosphatase, polynucleotide kinase, methylases, terminal transferases, DNase, reverse transcriptase, blunt end ligation strategies, adapters, linkers, homopolymer tailing, RE independent cloning strategies. DNA polymerase I, Klenow fragment, nick translation, nucleotide probes, and their applications.

## Unit 2: Cloning Vehicles and their 8 Hours Application:

Cloning vectors, Definition, and properties of cloning vectors - plasmids, bacteriophage lambda and M13 -based vectors, cosmids, and shuttle vector, YAC and BACs, viral vector (SV40, retrovirus, and Adenovirus), Ti and Ri Plasmids, cloning of PCR product, TA, and TOPO cloning, subcloning and GATWAY cloning.

## Unit 3: Genomic and cDNA Library: 8 Hours

Strategies for Construction of Genomic library, Construction of cDNA library- mRNA enrichment, Reverse transcription, Selection, and screening of recombinant clones- screening of genomic and cDNA libraries

## Unit 4: Gene manipulation and in-vitro 8 Hours mutagenesis:

Gene knockdown and knockout, Zinc Finger Nucleases (ZFN), CRISPR/Cas9, TALEN, RNAi, and antisense, sitedirected mutagenesis, protein Engineering, and transposon tagging.

## Unit 5: Expression Strategies for 8 Hours Heterologous Genes:

DNA Transfection methods, Reporter gene assays, Expression systems (Bacteria, Yeast, Insect, and mammals).

# Unit 6: Application of DNA Recombinant 8 Hours Technology:

Biopharming, genetically modified organisms (microbes, plants, and animals) and their applications in medicine, agriculture, and industry; Gene mapping, therapies for genetic diseases, Ethical considerations, regulatory frameworks in gene editing and genetic engineering.

- Brown, T.A. (2020). Gene Cloning and DNA analysis. 8<sup>th</sup> Ed. Wiley Blackwell UK.
- 2. Primrose, S.B., & Twyman, R.M. (2014). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics. Seventh Edition. Wiley Blackwell UK.

- Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F., & Maniatis, T. (1989). Molecular cloning: a laboratory manual, Vol I, II and III. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. 3<sup>rd</sup> revised edition.
- 4. Watson JD. Caudy AA. Myers RM., Witkowski JA. (2007) Recombinant DNA: Genes and Genomes—A Short Course.
- 5. Nicholl, D. S. (2008). An introduction to genetic engineering. Cambridge University Press.

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## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Identify types of mutations including spontaneous and induced mutations and understand mechanisms of mutagenesis, DNA damage repair and DNA recombination pathways
- CO2 Understand molecular mechanisms of gene transfer in microbes and phages and relate the role of these mechanisms for fine structure mapping of genes
- CO3 Apply the knowledge on the results of genetic experiments to find out number of genes involved in a process, gene order, distance between genes and fine structure mapping of genes.
- CO4 Integrate the role of extrachromosomal elements including plasmids and transposons in genetic analysis and their roles in evolution

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hours:45**

## Unit I: Mutations, Mutagenesis and DNA 8 hours Repair

Genotype and phenotype designations, auxotrophic and catabolic mutants, conditional lethal mutants, resistant mutants, Inheritance in bacteria, variations, Luria and Delbruck experiment, types of mutations and base-pair changes: missense, non-sense and frameshift mutations, deletion mutation, duplication mutations, inversions, insertions, reversion versus suppression, intragenic and intergenic suppressors and nonsense suppressors, mechanisms of spontaneous and induced mutations and mutagens, reverse genetics and directed mutagenesis, DNA damage repair and bypass mechanisms: Base excision, nucleotide excision, mismatch repair, SOS response

## **Unit 2: Phage Genetics**

#### 8 hours

Genomic organization and replication of viruses, T4, T7, M13, Mu and Lambda - lytic and lysogenic cycles, genetic recombination in phages and its applications, fine structure mapping of T4 *rII* locus.

## Unit 3: Plasmids

Plasmid structure, Types of plasmids, F plasmid, col plasmid, R plasmids, metal resistance and antibiotic resistance - efflux pump/MDR bacteria, replication of plasmids, stability of plasmids, basis of plasmid incompatibility, copy number control.

## Unit 4: Genetic Analysis of Bacteria 8 hours

Identification and selection of mutants, enrichment of mutants, genetic characterization of mutants: locating mutations by recombination, genetic markers and marker rescue, complementation test, cloning by marker rescue and complementation, genetic crosses in bacteria, mapping of bacterial markers by transduction and transformation, genome mapping by interrupted mating, Microbial Chassis

## Unit 5: Genetic Recombination and 8 hours Transposons

Mechanism of recombination - General recombination (Holiday model), site-specific recombination, Role of recombination in DNA damage bypass and repair, Transposable elements - Classes of transposable elements in bacteria and yeast, Insertion Sequences (IS elements), Mechanisms of transposition and retrotransposition.

## Unit 6: Gene regulation and genetic models 7 hours

Control of gene expression, Positive and negative gene regulation and attenuation, using the *lac, trp* and *ara* operons, regulation by small molecules, gene silencing (RNAi): an introduction and its application, Model organisms used in genetic studies: Yeast (*Saccharomyces cerevisiae*).

### **References:**

- 1. Brown, T.A. Genetics A Molecular Approach, 3rd edition, BIOS Scientific Publishers, 2004.
- 2. Brown, T.A. Genomes 3, G.S. Garland Science, 2007.
- 3. Dale, J.W. and Park, S.F. Molecular Genetics of Bacteria, 5th edition, Wiley-Blackwell, 2010.
- 4. Das, H.K. Textbook of Biotechnology, 2nd edition, Wiley Dreamtech, 2005.
- 5. Gardner, E.J. Simmons, M.J. and Snustad, D.P. Principles of Genetics, 8th edition, John Wiley and sons, 2004.
- 6. Krebs, J.E., Goldstein, E.S. and Kilpatrick, S.T. (Eds.), Lewin's Genes X, 10th edition, 2011.
- 7. Maloy, S.R., Cronan Jr., J.E. and Freifelder, David. Microbial Genetics, 2nd edition, Narosa Publishing House, 2009.
- 8. Snustad, D.R. and Simmons, M.J. Principles of Genetics, 5th edition, John Wiley and sons, 2010.

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## 6 hours

| Course Code  | 6SL205CC24    |
|--------------|---------------|
| Course Title | Laboratory II |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO): At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the basics of bioinformatics tools, immunological techniques, Industrial microbiology, microbial genetics and experiments related to molecular biology
- CO2 Analyze the data obtained from molecular analysis of RNA, DNA and protein
- CO3 Apply the techniques based on requirement in analysis of biomolecules and microbiology and for conducting research

## Syllabus:

### Teaching hours: 150

- 1. Purification of Immunoglobulin from normal serum/ anti- sera using affinity chromatography
- 2. Purification of Immunoglobulin from normal serum/ anti- sera using ion-exchange chromatography
- 3. Perform ELISA for serum antigen; SDS-PAGE and immunoblot for isolated IgG
- 4. Isolation of RNA, cDNA preparation and qPCR; Perform PCR
- 5. Pubmed searches, Scopus and other Biological databases
- 6. Structure visualization and statistical methods, sequence similarity search
- 7. Prediction of protein structure, Docking of protein and ligand
- 8. In-silico cloning
- 9. Phylogenetic analysis
- 10. UV Survival Curve
- 11. UV Mutagenesis, Isolation of Drug resistant mutants
- 12. Determination of MIC and MBC of streptomycin for bacteria
- 13. Microbial production, recovery and estimation of Exopolysaccharide/Alcohol/Citric Acid in flask/lab-scale fermentor
- 14. Solid state fermentation
- 15. Isolation of marine microbes from seawater
- 16. Screening of enzymes, antimicrobial compound producing marine microbes
- 17. Isolation of plankton from seawater
- 18. Isolation of bioluminescence producing bacteria from seawater
- 19. Perform Restriction digestion, gel extraction /purification, ligation, transformation into E.coli, and identification of recombinant clones.

## **Supplementary Courses**

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| Cou            | rse Co | ode |   | 6SL802CC24                    |
| Course Title S |        |     |   | Scientific Communication - II |

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engineAtithe end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Develop novel topics about which they wish to communicate
- Analy GOBe tedlissiqued coffigenie ticeletaginses rintgo perform literature searches for information

Apply@De3conSepttlacklztecthisiqinf@imatesigning infdrmation from conducting experiencenusrack tostearchulate clear, logical theses and arguments about their topics

## Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours:15**

8 Hours

Unit 1: Scientific Communications7 HoursImportance of communication in science, Types of<br/>communications, Communicating with scientific and non-<br/>scientific audiences, Verbal, and presentation skills: Oral<br/>and Poster Presentations, Graphical abstract.

#### **Unit 2: Writing Skills**

Writing of Books and Research Papers, Report and thesis Writing, Formats of Publications in Research Journals

## References

- 1. Scientific Communication- An introduction https://doi.org/10.1142/11541 | March 2020, pages 276
- Science communication: A practical Guide for scientists, Laura Bowater, Kay Yeoman, ISBN: 978-1-118-40666-3 October 2012 Wiley-Blackwell
- 3. Joseph E. Harmon and Alan G. Gross. The Craft of Scientific Communication. University of Chicago Press; 2010.

## **Elective Courses I**

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| Cou   | Course Title  |        |     |                                | obiotec | hno | logy |  |  |
| Cou   | Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):                     |        |     |                                |         |     |      |  |  |
| At tl | At the end of the course, students will be able to- |        |     |                                |         |     |      |  |  |
| CO1   | U   | nderst | and | the basics of nanotechnology a |         |     |      |  |  |

- biomaterials
- CO2 Understand the different types of formulation and factors affecting them
- CO3 Analyse the Biological Interactions with nanomaterials
- CO4 Evaluate the risk assessments involved bio nano

materials

#### Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours:45**

Unit 1: Basics of Nanobiotechnology8 HoursOrigins of nanotechnology, Definitions and scales, sizescale effects; Current state of Nanotechnology, Future ofNanotechnology;Nanotechnology in Nature andapplications;Nanotechnology in Biology;Mechanism ofbiological systems at nanoscale;biological motors,Biophotonic devices,Introdution to DNA Nanotechnology.

## Unit 2: Sustained, Controlled Release 8 Hours formulation and Nano-Based Drug Delivery System

Introduction & basic concepts, factors influencing, Physicochemical & biological approaches for SR/CR formulation, Mechanism of Drug Delivery from SR/CR formulation, Customized drug delivery systems; Polymeric Micelles, Solid Lipid Nanoparticles, their types, Synthesis, Characterization, and applications.

## Unit 3: Nanomaterials and Biomaterials 8 Hours

Molecular building blocks for nanostructure systems, Nanomaterials – formation of materials, carbon nanomaterials, Buckyball, Graphene (2D), Carbon nano tubes, Inorganic nano materials, Zero Dimensional Nano-Structures, One Dimensional Structures, 2D and 3-D Structures; Properties of biomaterials, Surface, bulk, mechanical and biological properties. Scaffolds & tissue engineering, Types of biomaterials, example of biological and synthetic materials, Biopolymers, Liposomes, Applications of biomaterials, Modifications of Biomaterials.

## Unit 4: Models of Nano and 7 Hours Bionanosystems

Lipid Bilayers, liposomes, neosomes, Phytosomes, Polysacharides, Peptides, Nucleic acids, DNA scaffolds, Enzymes - Biomolecular motors: linear, rotary motors. Immunotoxins, Membrane transporters and pumps, Antibodies, monoclonal Antibodies, immunoconjugates. Limitations of natural biomolecules.

## Unit 5: Biological Interactions with 7 Hours Materials and Bioaccumulation

Biocompatibility, Cellular uptake mechanisms; Granulation Tissue Formation, Foreign body reaction, Fibrosis, Blood-Biomaterial interactions, Interactions with Proteins, , The Vroman Effect, Fibrous Capsule Formation, Safety Testing of Biomaterials. Exposure mechanisms, Subcellular localization, biodistribution, clearance mechanism, metabolism, and excretion of nanomaterials.

## Unit 6: Regulatory Considerations for Drug 7 Hours Delivery Systems

Indian drug regulatory authorities, FDA, Drugs and Cosmetics Act, ICH and OECD Guidelines, Regulatory aspects of pharmaceutical and bulk drug manufacture, regulatory drug analysis; Predictive Nanotoxicology using QSAR and QSPR models, Immunotoxicity of nanomaterials.

- 1. Bernard N. Kennedy (editor). New York: Nova Science Publishers, 2008.Stem cell transplantation, tissue engineering, and cancer applications
- Biomaterials: A Nano Approach, S Ramakrishna, M Ramalingam, T.S. Sampath Kumar, Winston O. Soboyejo, Published by CRC Press
- 3. Bionanotechnology: Lessons from Nature, D S. Goodsell, by John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 4. Chris Binns, "Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology", John Wiley and Sons 2010
- 5. Fadeel, B (2015): Handbook of Safety Assessment of Nanomaterials: From Toxicological testing of Personalized Medicine, Stanford Publishing, Singapore.
- Fenghua Meng, Zhiyuan Zhong and Jan Feijen (2009): Stimuli-Responsive Polymersomes for Programmed Drug Delivery. Biomacromolecules, Biomacromolecules, 10(2): 197-209.
- Fritz Allhoff, Patrick Lin, and Daniel Moore, "What Is Nanotechnology and Why Does It Matter" WILEY BLACKWELL A John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., Publication, 2010
- 8. James Swarbrick (2010). Novel Drug Delivery Systems. Informa healthcare
- 9. Kreuter J. (2012): Colloidal Drug delivery System, Marcel Dekker, USA.
- 10. Mark A. Reed and Takhee Lee, "Molecular Nano electronics", American Scientific Publishers, 2003.
- 11. Naik J (2015). Nano Based Drug Delivery. IAPC Publishing, Zagreb, Croatia
- 12. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives, (edited by C. M. Niemeyer and C. A. Mirkin), Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim,
- 13. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives, Edited by Christof M. Niemeyer and Chad A. Mirkin, Wiley-VCH, 2004.
- Nanofabrication towards Biomedical Applications, Techniques, Tools, Applications, and Impact. C. S. S. R. Kumar, J. Hormes, C. Leuschner, 2005, WILEY -VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- 15. Nanoparticulates Drug Carriers, Edited by Vladimir P Torchilin, 2006, Imperial College Press, 57 Shelton Street, Covent Garden.
- 16. Nanoscale Technology in Biological Systems, Edited by Ralph S. Greco, Fritz B. Prinz, R. Lane Smith, CRC PRESS, Boca Raton London New York Washington, D.C. Copyright © 2005 by Taylor & Francis

- 17. R. Lanza, I. Weissman, J. Thomson, and R. Pedersen, Handbook of Stem Cells, TwoVolume, Volume 1-2: Volume 1-Embryonic Stem Cells; Volume 2-Adult &Fetal Stem Cells, 2004, Academic Press.
- 18. R. Lanza, J. Gearhart etal (Eds), Essential of Stem Cell Biology, 2006, ElsevierAcademic press.
- 19. Ranade VV and Cannon JB (2015). Drug Delivery Systems. CRC Press.
- 20. Raphael Gorodetsky, Richard Schäfer. Cambridge: RSC Publishing, c2011.Stem cell based tissue repair.
- 21. Robinson JR, Lee VHL (2013). Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker, USA.

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| Cou          | rse Co | ode |   | 7SL304ME24  |
| Course Title |        |     |   | Vaccinology |

**Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):** 

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Have an idea about the history of various vaccines (subunit vaccines, peptide, DNA and RNA vaccines, live & killed vaccines, and edible vaccines), composition of vaccines
- CO2 Learn and develop understanding on the effective delivery of developed vaccine formulation to achieving robust immune responses
- CO3 Understand the various methods to develop vaccines against viral diseases including, HIV, hepatitis, flu etc.
- CO4 Learn and understand the basics of bacterial, protozoan vaccines with reference to malaria parasite
- CO5 To design an efficacious vaccine based on our understanding of the immune response generated due to natural infection as well as the same induced by successful vaccines tried in human beings since 18th century.

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching hours: 45**

7 Hours

## Unit 1: Classification of Vaccines

History of vaccines, Immunological principles, Composition of vaccines: vaccine, adjuvant, conservative Concepts of vaccine development, types of vaccine (Conventional vaccines; Live attenuated and killed vaccines; Subunit vaccines; Synthetic peptide vaccines; Anti-idiotype vaccines; Recombinant DNA vaccines; Deleted mutant vaccines; Reassortment vaccines; DNA vaccines; mRNA vaccines, Edible vaccines, heat killed, Xirradiated, or live attenuated whole pathogen, toxoid vaccines, challenges and possibilities with new vaccines and vaccines strategies

## Unit 2: Adjuvants and Mucosal Vaccine 6 Hours

## Delivery

Novel adjuvants (targeting TLR and non-TLR based PRRs, metabolic adjuvants, cell death adjuvants, epigenetic adjuvants), vaccine formats (DNA, viral vectors, dendritic cells), Immunobiology of classic adjuvants with examples: Alum, emulsion adjuvants, Carriers; Haptens; Vaccine delivery methods and delivery mechanisms: nanoparticles, polymeric biomaterials, targeted delivery mechanisms, virus-like particles (VLP) and self-assembling peptide scaffolds.

## Unit 3: Vaccines for viruses 8 Hours

HIV, CMV, Influenza, Hepatitis, herpes viruses, Conventional vaccines killed and attenuated, modern vaccines: recombinant proteins, subunits, DNA vaccines, peptides, immunomodulators (cytokines), Antisense RNA, siRNA, ribozymes, in silico approaches for vaccine design.

## Unit 4: Vaccine for bacteria and parasites 8 Hours

Shigella, vibrio cholera, diphtheria, tetanus, pertusis, pneumococcus meningitis, mycobacterium (BCG), toxoplasma; Malaria, Leishmaniasis, Entamoeba histolitica, schistosomiasis and other helminthic infections

## Unit 5: Antigen Prediction for B and T cells 8 Hours and Validation

Fundamentals of B cell and T cell epitope recognition, Databases in Immunology, linear and conformational B-cell epitope prediction methods, T-cell epitope prediction methods, Resources to study antibodies, antigen-antibody interactions, QAM (Quantitative Affinity matrix), Structure Activity Relationship – QSARs and QSPRs, QSAR Methodology, Methods for validating predicted B and T cell epitopes.

## Unit 6: Vaccine Development and 8 Hours Standardization

Vaccine development pathway (vaccine design, pre-clinical studies, clinical trials (phase-I, phase-II and phase-III), vaccine registration, post-market surveillance, vaccine efficacy and vaccine effectiveness, standardization of vaccines, vaccine characterization, potency, stability, sterility and safety.

- Plotkin, S. A., Orenstein, W. A., and Offit, P. A., Vaccines. 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2008.
- 2. Immunopotentiators in Modern Vaccines by Schijns and O'Hagen
- Robinson, A., Hudson, M.J., Cranage, M.P. Vaccine Protocols, C Second Edition, Humana Press, NY, 2003.
- 4. Chimeric Virus like Particles as Vaccines. Wolfram H. Gerlich (Editor), Detlev H. Krueger (Editor), Rainer Ulrich (Editor), November 1996 Publisher: Karger, S. Inc
- 5. Kindt, Kuby-Immunology (complements)

- 6. Current protocols in Immunology
- 7. Complement regulators and inhibitory proteins. Nat immunology Review volume 9, Oct 2009, 729-40

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| Cou          | rse Co | ode |   | 6SL405ME25        |
| Course Title |        |     |   | Microbial Ecology |

#### **Course Learning Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1 Understand principles of ecology and interactions among microorganisms and different environment
- CO2 Analyze beneficial and pathogenic interactions of microorganisms with plants and animals
- CO3 Importance of microbial diversity and conservation
- CO4 Comprehend role of microorganisms in biogeochemical cycling of elements

## Syllabus: Teaching Hours: 45

**UNIT I: Fundamentals of Ecology 7 Hours** The basic concept of ecosystem, habitat and niche; energy in ecological systems; energy partitioning in food chains and food webs; history and scope of ecology.

## UNIT II: Microbial interaction in Biotic and Abiotic Environment 6 Hours

Interaction between diverse microbial population in biotic environments; Conflictual interactions – parasitism predation - antibiosis – competition; Beneficial interactions – co-metabolism – mutualism – cooperation – commensalism; Microbial interactions in abiotic environments.

## UNIT III: Interactions between Microorganisms and Plants & Animals 8 Hours

Interaction with plant roots-rhizosphere & mycorrhizae; microbial diseases of plants. Microbial contribution to animal nutrition; novel prokaryotic endosymbionts, ecological aspects of animal diseases.

## UNIT IV: Importance and Conservation of Microbial Diversity 8 Hours

Importance of microbial diversity in environment, pharmaceuticals & human health. Importance of conservation. Metagenomics. *In situ* conservation and *Ex situ* conservation. Role of culture collection centers in conservation.

| UNIT V: Biogeochemical cycling I           | 8 Hours |
|--|---------|
| Carbon cycle, Hydrogen cycle, Oxygen cycle |         |

UNIT VI: Biogeochemical cycling II 8 Hours

Nitrogen cycle, Sulphur cycle, Phosphorus cycle, cycling of other elements

#### **References:**

- 1. Environmental Microbiology and Biotechnology by Singh and Dwivedi. New Age Int. Sci. Publication.
- 2. Atlas, R.M. and Bartha, R. Microbial Ecology, 4th edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 3. Maier, R.M., Peppper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2009.
- 4. Paul and Clerk, Soil Microbiology and Biochemistry, 2007.
- 5. Paul, E.A. (Ed.). Soil Microbiology, Ecology and Biochemistry, 3rd edition, Academic Press, 2007.
- Pepper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology – A Laboratory Manual, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2005.
- 7. Manahan, S.E. Environmental Chemistry, 9th edition, CRC Press, 2010.
- Odum, E.P. and Barrett, G.W, Fundamentals of Ecology, 5th edition, Cengage Learning, 2005 Microbial Ecology by Alexander. Willey Publication.
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## SEMESTER III

#### **Core Courses**

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| Course Code  | 7SL405CC23                     |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Course Title | Molecular Microbial Physiology |
|              |                                |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe` the principles of the energy-yielding and -consuming reactions, the various catabolic and anabolic pathways, the transport systems, and the mechanisms of energy conservation in microbial metabolism
- CO2 Recognize the extent of metabolic diversity present in this microbial world and identify various physiological groups of bacteria with their

metabolic special features

- CO3 Analyze microbial physiology related topics by working on assignments and to compose a concise report
- CO4 Critically think and integrate conceptual information into an understanding of signal transduction, adaptation to stress and differentiation of microbial systems

## Syllabus: Teaching

## Teaching hours: 45

Unit 1: Central Metabolism10 HoursGlycolysis, ED pathway, phosphoketolase pathway,<br/>oxidative pentose phosphate pathway TCA cycle,<br/>glyoxylate cycle, gluconeogenesis, regulatory aspects,<br/>Metabolism of sugars other than glucose

## Unit 2: Electron transport chains and 9 Hours Phototrophy

Mitochondrial and bacterial electron transport chains, Aerobic respiration and anaerobic respiration, Bacteriorhodopsin, and energy generation, oxygenic and anoxygenic Photosynthesis. Mechanism of photosynthesis in bacteria, cyanobacteria, and algae

**Unit 3: Chemolithotrophy and CO<sub>2</sub> fixation 10 Hours** Nitrate reduction: assimilatory vs. dissimilatory, nitrification, denitrification, electron transport in iron bacteria, Sulphur bacteria, Calvin cycle, reductive TCA cycle

**Unit 4: Signal Transduction in Prokaryotes 6 Hours** Two component system, Phosphorelay, Chemotaxis- Genes and Proteins involved in chemotactic response to attractant and repellent.

Unit 5: Microbial Adaptation to stress 6 Hours Temperature, salt and osmotic stress and oxidative stress, Quorum sensing.

**Unit 6: Differentiation in Microbial Systems 4 Hours** The model of Sporulation in Bacillus, the two-component signalling system, stages of Sporulation, Proteins and genes involved in Sporulation.

#### **References:**

- 1. White, D., Physiology and Biochemistry of prokaryotes, 3rd Edn. Oxford Univ. Press, 2007.
- 2. Moat, A. G. and Foster, J. W., Microbial Physiology, 3rd Edition, Wiley-Liss Publ, 1995.
- 3. E. L. Sharoud, Bacterial Physiology A Molecular Approach, Springer, 2008.
- 4. Byung Hong Kim, Geoffrey Michael Gadd, Bacterial Physiology and Metabolism, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2008.

- 5. Doelle HW, Bacterial Metabolism, Elsevier India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
- 6. Gerhard Gottschalk, Bacterial Metabolism, 2nd edn., Springer-Verlag, New York, 2006.

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Syllabus:

| Course Code                     | 7SL302CC23              |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Course Title                    | Genomics and Proteomics |  |  |  |
| Course Learning Outcomes (CLO): |                         |  |  |  |

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe the understanding of origin and evolution of genomics and gene mapping
- CO2 Apply the knowledge to establish new, molecular classification of the disease
- CO3 Evaluate the possibilities for application of pharmacogenomics and proteomics in drug discovery and development of personalized medicine

## **Teaching Hours: 45**

## Unit 1: Origin and Evolution of genomics 8 Hours and gene mapping

Origin of genomics, the first DNA genomes, genomes and human evolution, evolution of nuclear, mitochondrial and chloroplast genome, the concept of minimal genome and possibility of synthesizing it, genetic maps, physical maps, functional maps, comparative genomics, and collinearity, synteny in maps.

# Unit 2: Whole Genome sequencing 8 Hours technologies and genome assembly

Principle of genome sequencing tools, automated Sanger sequencing, pyrosequencing, Illumina. oxford nanopore and PacBio Sequencing. Whole genome assembly pipeline. k-Mer de Bruijn graph. Human, Arabidopsis, and Drosophila genome

## **Unit 3: Functional genomics**

**6 Hours** 

Concept of forward and reverse genetics, insertion mutagenesis (T-DNA and transport insertion), Targeting Induced Local Lesions in Genomes (TILLING), gene expression and transcript profiling, EST contigs, use of DNA chips and microarrays

## Unit 4: Principle of basic protein 8 Hours preparation and separation

Preparation of protein isolates and fractionation /separation of proteins and peptides - basic methods of protein isolation from various sample types; electrophoretic separation techniques (IEF, SDS-PAGE, 2-D gel electrophoresis, DIGE, etc.); liquid chromatography (HPLC and FPLC); separation procedures for analysis of phospho-proteins and glycosylated proteins: multidimensional procedures for analysis of complex protein samples.

Unit 5: Strategies for protein identification 8 Hours Mass-spectrometry of proteins - basic types of ionization techniques (ESI and MALDI) and hybrid instruments (TOF, ion trap and FTMS); protein identification methods; characterization of protein modifications. methods of protein quantification (relative and absolute quantification techniques)

## Unit 6: Protein interactomes and protein 7 Hours modification in Proteomics and application

Methods of protein-protein interaction study (Y2H, tagging FLAG. His: ion mobility TAP. utilization): Phosphoproteomics, Glycoproteomics, protein microarray. Human proteome project. application of proteomics in diagnostic, drug development and agriculture.

## **References:**

- 1. Pevsner, J., Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics, Second Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, 2009.
- 2. Mount, D. W., Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, CBS Publishers, 2004
- 3. Liebler, D., Introduction to Proteomics: Tools for New Biology, Human Press Totowa, 2002.
- 4. Campbell, A.M. & Heyer, L.J., Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics. Benjamin/Cummings, 2002.
- 5. Twyman, R. Principles of Proteomics. London: Taylor & Francis, 2014.
- 6. Lovric J. Introducing Proteomics: From Concepts to Sample Separation. Mass Spectrometry and Data Analysis, published by Wiley, 2011

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| 2             | - | - | 2                |           |
| Course Code 7 |   |   | 7                | SL901CC25 |
| Course Title  |   | F | Research Methods |           |

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the various kind of research designs and their importance in conducting the research work.
- CO<sub>2</sub> Propose original research proposal and demonstrate skills for effective communication through its defense
- CO3 Application of bio statistical tools for evaluation of statistical relevance of results obtained

Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hour: 30**

8 Hours

Unit 1: Research

#### Definition of Research, Applications of Research and Types, Validity, Literature Review, develop a Theoretical and Conceptual Framework, writing up the Review, and Research Problem: Formulating Sources, Considerations. Definition of Variables. Types. Cooperative vs Collaborative Research; Disruptive vs Developmental Research; Research Modeling: Types of Models, Model Building and Stages, Data Consideration.

## **Unit 2: Research Design**

**10 Hours** Design of Experiments, Objectives, Strategies, Replication, Randomization, Blocking, Guidelines for Design of Experiments, Simple Comparative Experiments- Two Sample T-Test, P-Value, Confidence Intervals, Paired Comparisons, Single Factor Experiment: Analysis of Variance (ANOVA), Randomized Complete Block Design.

#### **Unit 3: Research Proposal 10 Hours**

Contents-Preamble, The Problem, Objectives, Hypothesis, Study Design, Setup, Measurement Procedures, Analysis of Data, Organization of Report; Displaying Data tables, Graphs and Charts, writing a Research Report- Developing an Outline, Key Elements- Objective, Introduction, Design or Rationale of Work, Experimental Methods, Procedures, Measurements, Results. Discussion. Conclusion. Referencing and Various Formats for Reference.

#### **Unit 4: Ethics and Scientific Conduct** 7 hours

Good Laboratory practice (GLP) - Data Documentation, SOP Plagiarism, Scientific conduct and misconduct, Ethical Guidelines, Biosafety; Principles of Human and Animal Research ethics.

- 1. Central Drugs Organization Standard Control Http://CDSCO.NIC.IN/
- 2. Http://WWW.Patentoffice.NIC.IN/
- 3. WWW.OECD.ORG/DATAOECD/9/11/33663321.PDF
- 4. Http://WWW.FDA.GOV/FDAC/Special/Testtubetopati ent/Studies. Html
- 5. Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology- A Step-By-Step Guide for Beginners, Pearson Education, Delhi. 2006.
- 6. Trochim, William M.K., 2/E, Research Methods, Biztantra, Dreamtech Press, New Delhi, 2003.
- 7. Montgomery, Douglas C. 5/E, Design and Analysis of Experiments, Wiley India, 2007.
- 8. C.R. Kothari and Gag, Gaurav, Research methodology-Method and Techniques, New Age International, New Delhi, 2019.
- 9. Besterfield, Dale H. 3/E, Total Quality Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005.
- 10. C. George Thomas, Research Methodology and Scientific Writing, New Delhi, 2015.
- Nageswara Rao, Biostatics 11.G and Research Methodology, Hyderabad, 2018.

12. Kartikeyan, S. Chaturvedi, R.M and Bhosale, Comprehensive Textbook of Bio-statics and Research Methodology, Mumbai, 2016.

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| -            | - | 8 | 4             |   |  |
| Course Code  |   | 7 | SL204CC25     |   |  |
| Course Title |   | Ι | aboratory III |   |  |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Demonstrate the skill to design controlled experiments for performance of standard practicals to understand the physiology and adaptation of microbial systems in different environments.
- CO2 Record and report experimental results in standard format and derive coherent conclusions of results stating their significance.
- CO3 Correlate the theoretical concepts to appreciate and evaluate results obtained through scientific enquiry

## Syllabus:

## Teaching Hour: 150

- 1. Plotting diauxic growth of E.coli, establishing catabolite repression in E.coli through β-galactosidase activity
- 2. Enumeration of free living nitrogen fixing population in soil by most probable number (MPN) method
- 3. Estimation of the most probable number (MPN) of sulfate reducing bacteria in soil samples
- 4. Estimating Soil microbial activity through soil respiration
- 5. Estimating Soil Microbial activity by dehydrogenase enzyme
- 6. Isolation and enumeration of Rhizobium, Phosphate solubilizers and Actinomycetes
- 7. Establishing Rhizosphere effect; Demonstration of flow cytometer using Fluorescently labeled bacteria
- 8. Estimation of BOD
- 9. Testing for microbiological quality (Coli-form test) for potable water
- 10. Physico-chemical characterization of waste water
- 11. Biosorption of Metals
- 12. Perform protein purification by size exclusion chromatography and HPLC
- 13. Screening of antibiotic resistant genes in bacteria
- 14. Study of Bacteriocin producing Lactic Acid Bacteria (LAB): Isolation, identification and partial purification
- 15. Study on the dark repair mechanism of E. coli and its effect on antibiotic resistance pattern.

## **References:**

1. Doyle, Alan. Cell and tissue culture: laboratory procedures in biotechnology. John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 1998.

- Freshney, R. Ian. "Basic principles of cell culture." Culture of cells for tissue engineering (2006): 3-22.
- Freshney, R. Ian. Culture of animal cells: a manual of basic technique and specialized applications. 7<sup>th</sup> ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2016.
- Tortora, Gerard J., and Bryan H. Derrickson. Principles of anatomy and physiology. 13<sup>th</sup> ed. John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
- McMaster, Marvin C., and A. HPLC. A Practical User's Guide. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Wiley-Vch, 2007.
- 6. Prajapati, Bhumika, et al. "Divergent outcomes of gut microbiota alteration upon use of spectrum antibiotics in high sugar diet-induced diabetes in rats." RSC advances 8.46 (2018): 26201-26211.

#### **Elective Courses II**

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|--------------|---|-----|----------|---|
| 3            | - | -   | 3        |   |
| Course Code  |   | 7SI | L401ME25 |   |
| Course Title |   |     | Ag<br>Mi | riculture & Environmental<br>crobiology |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe role of microorganism in recycling soil nutrients, biodegradation of complex plant polymers, sustaining and improving plant growth through improving nutrient availability, production of plant growth promoting substances and inhibiting pathogens
- CO2 Critically discuss the need for environmental microbiology and agricultural microbiology and explain their limitations
- CO3 Clarify application of microorganisms in varied fields of agricultural and environmental microbiology like bioremediation, biofertilizers and waste water treatment
- CO4 Analyse various aspects of N<sub>2</sub> fixation, P solubilization, PGPR, biodegradation and bioremediation mechanisms provided by microbes

#### Syllabus:

#### **Teaching hours:45**

Unit 1: Biological Nitrogen fixation 10 Hours

Physiology and Biochemistry of Nitrogen fixing organisms, Genetics and regulation of nif gene expression, Signalling factors and molecular interaction in establishing Rhizobia legume symbiosis

## Unit 2: Phosphate Biofertilizers 6 Hours

PSMs, Inorganic phosphate solubilization and its mechanisms, Phosphate mineralizers – phytate and organic phosphate hydrolyzing bacteria, and Ecto- and Endo-

#### Mycorrhizae

## Unit 3: Plant Growth Promoting 6 Hours Rhizobacteria

PGPR in improving plant growth, Mechanism in plant growth promotion, Factors affecting rhizosphere colonization.

## Unit 4: Environmental Problems and 8 Hours Monitoring

Pollution and its classification, Effluent standards: examination of waste water characteristics, municipal and industrial waste water, Global environmental problems: global warming, acid rain, ozone depletion, Sampling and analysis, Environmental monitoring and audit, Environmental laws, and policies in India.

## Unit 5: Bio-Treatment Kinetics and Reactor 8 Hours Design

Principals of biological treatments, Biological treatments: Composting, Suspended growth systems, Attached growth systems, Bioreactor design: Activated Sludge Process, Tickling Filters, Fluidized bed and Packed bed reactor, Rotating Biological Contractors, Oxidation Ponds and Ditches, Lagoons, Anaerobic Reactors.

#### Unit 6: Bioremediation and Biodegradation 7 Hours

Bioremediation principles and Processes: Biosorption, Bioaccumulation, Bioconversion, Biotransformation, Bioleaching, Biodegradation, Detoxification, Activation, Acclimatisation and Co-metabolism, strategies and techniques of bioremediation: in situ and ex situ, of Hydrocarbons, Pesticides and Dyes, GMO's in bioremediation and biodegradation.

### **References:**

- 1. Alexander, M. Biodegradation and Bioremediation, Academic Press, 1994.
- 2. Arceivala, S.J. and Asolekar, S.R., Wastewater treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Atlas, R.M. and Bartha, R. Microbial Ecology, 4th edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 4. Bhatia, S.C. Handbook of Environmental Microbiology, Vol. III, Atlantic Publishers, 2008.
- 5. Das, H.K. Textbook of Biotechnology, 2nd edition, Wiley Dreamtech, 2005.
- Dworkin, M., Falkow, S., Rosenberg, E., Schleifer, K.H., Stackebrandt, E. (Eds.). The Prokaryotes. Vol .I – VII, Springer, 2006.
- 7. Evans, G.M. and Furlong, J.C. Environmental Biotechnology – Theory and Application, John Wiley and Sons, 2004.
- 8. Hurst Christon J., Manual of Environmental Microbiology, ASM Press, Washington DC, 2007.
- 9. Khan M. S., Zaidi A. and Musarrat J. Microbes for legume improvement, Springer Wien, New York, 2010.

- 10. Maier, R.M., Peppper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2009.
- 11. Paul and Clerk, Soil Microbiology and Biochemistry, 2007.
- 12. Paul, E.A. (Ed.). Soil Microbiology, Ecology and Biochemistry, 3rd edition, Academic Press, 2007.
- 13. Pepper, I.L. and Gerba, C.P. Environmental Microbiology – A Laboratory Manual, 2nd edition, Elsevier Academic Press, 2005.
- Rao, N. S. Subba, Soil Microbiology, 4th edition, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- 15. Thakur, I.S. Environmental Biotechnology Basic concepts and Applications, I.K. International, 2006.
- 16. Varma A., Oelmuller R. Advanced Techniques in Soil Microbiology, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2007.

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| 3                              | - |   | -                             | 3 |            |
| Course Code                    |   |   | le                            |   | 7SL409ME25 |
| Course Title                   |   |   | Microbiome Health and Disease |   |            |
| Course Learning Outcomes (CLO) |   |   |                               |   |            |

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the interaction between diet, the microbiome, and the host
- CO2 Analyze the role of these interactions in host health and disease
- CO3 Evaluate the acquired information to solve research questions and analyze case studies related to the topic
- CO4 Development of novel therapeutics via manipulation of microbiome.

#### Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hours:45**

Unit 1: Introduction to Microbiome 8 Hours

Definition and components of the microbiome (bacteria, viruses, fungi, etc.); Microbial diversity and its importance in human health, Milestones in microbiome research; Methodologies in Studying the Microbiome; Challenges and advancements in microbiome analysis.

Unit 2: Microbiome and Human Health7 HoursHuman Microbiome and Nutrition; role in Skin, Digestivesystem, Respiratory system, Urinary system, Reproductivesystem; Role during pregnancy; Gut-brain axis; Psychbiotics

**Unit 3: Factors Influencing the Microbiome 8 Hours** Influence of diet composition, dietary patterns, and food habits on the microbiome; Effects of exercise, stress, sleep, and other lifestyle factors on microbial diversity; Impact of environmental factors; Medical interventions. **Unit 4: Microbiome Dysbiosis and Disease 8 Hours** Disruptions in Microbial Balance; Alterations in microbiome composition and function; Dysbiosisassociated conditions; Infectious Diseases and Microbiome; Cancer and Chronic Diseases and Microbiome; Dysbiosis and Immune response.

## Unit 5: Microbiome, Mycobiome and Virome 7 Hours interaction

Human Virome and host interaction; Microbiome – Mycobiome interaction; Microbiome – Virome Interaction, Bacteriome-Mycobiome-Virome interaction

## Unit 6: Therapeutic Interventions and 7 Hours Applications

Probiotics, prebiotics, Postbiotics and their mechanisms of action in promoting a healthy microbiome; Sporulating and anaerobic microbes as potential probiotics; Clinical applications; Phage Therapy; Exploration of novel therapeutic avenues, including microbial-based drugs and engineered microbiota; Ethical considerations, regulatory challenges.

## **References:**

- 1. Almand, E.A., Moore, M.D. and Jaykus, L.-A. (2017) 'Virus-Bacteria Interactions: An Emerging Topic in Human Infection', Viruses, 9(3), p. 58. Available at: https://doi.org/10.3390/v9030058.
- 2. Douglas, A.E. (2018) Fundamentals of Microbiome Science. Princeton University Press. https://doi.org/10.1515/9781400889822.
- 3. Handley, S.A. (2016) 'The virome: A missing component of biological interaction networks in health and disease', Genome Medicine, 8(1). Available at: https://doi.org/10.1186/s13073-016-0287-y.
- Microbiome, Immunity, Digestive Health and Nutrition (2022). Elsevier. https://doi.org/10.1016/C2019-0-04103-9.
- 5. Microbiome Therapeutics (2023). Elsevier. Available at: <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/C2021-0-01533-9</u>.
- 6. Parks, D. (no date) Microbiomes: Health and the Environment MAVS OPEN PRESS ARLINGTON.
- Santus, W., Devlin, J.R. and Behnsen, J. (2021) 'Crossing Kingdoms: How the Mycobiota and Fungal-Bacterial Interactions Impact Host Health and Disease', Infection and Immunity, 89(4). https://doi.org/10.1128/IAI.00648-20.
- 8. Genevieve Dable-Tupas, Rohini Karunakaran, Peter Paul C Lim, Maria Catherine B Otero. Human Microbiome Drug Targets Modern Approaches in Disease Management, 2024; ISBN: 9780443154355

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| Course Code  | 7SL215ME25                               |
|--------------|--|
| Course Title | Structural Biology and Drug<br>Discovery |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the architecture and building blocks of proteins, evaluate protein folds
- CO2 Understand the protein folding and misfolding and the thermodynamic concepts of protein
- CO3 Apply structure to function
- CO4 Analyse the structure and function of membranes
- CO5 Evaluate the macromolecular complexes and their biological complexity

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hours:45**

8 hours

7 hours

Unit 1: Introduction7 hoursOverview of structural biology - Levels of structures in<br/>biological macromolecules; non-covalent forces<br/>determining biopolymer structure, principals of<br/>minimization of conformational energy.

## Unit 2: Protein Structure

Proteins primary, secondary and tertiary structures -Structural implications of the peptide bond; Ramachandran Plot; Structural classification of proteins, structural motifs, profiles and protein families; Methods and techniques for study of protein structure and its perturbations by using X pray crystallography, electron microscopy, NMR techniques, Atomic force microscopy and cryo-EM.

## Unit 3: Protein Folding

Folding in vivo and in vitro; protein stability, thermodynamics, and kinetics; Effect of various factors on folding; Folding intermediates- kinetic, equilibrium and molten globule intermediates; Techniques for studying the structure and folding of proteins; chaperones, peptidyl prolyl isomerase (PPI), Protein disulfide isomerase (PDI); Comparison of the structure and stability of proteins of mesophilic and extremophilic origin.

## Unit 4: Biomolecular Interactions 7 hours

Molecular recognition, supramolecular interactions, Protein-protein interactions, and their importance. Protein structure, protein crosslinking and oligomerization and its relevance in disease; Therapeutic approaches.

## Unit 5: Techniques that detect protein- 8 hours nucleic acid interaction

Structural elements of DNA and RNA; nucleic acid-protein complexes and the functional importance of protein-nucleic acid interactions; Protein-micromolecular interaction Therapeutic approaches that target structural elements of protein-nucleic acid interaction relevant to cellular pathophysiology

### Unit 6: Membrane Structure 8 hours

Lipid structure and their organization; Comparison between different membrane models; carrier transport, ion transport, active and passive transport, ion pumps, water transport, use of liposomes for membrane models and drug delivery systems. Drug treatment strategy that targets various membrane transport relevant to different kind of diseases.

## **References:**

- 1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization Http://CDSCO.NIC.IN/
- 2. Http://WWW.Patentoffice.NIC.IN/
- 3. WWW.OECD.ORG/DATAOECD/9/11/33663321.PD F
- 4. Http://WWW.FDA.GOV/FDAC/Special/Testtubetopa tient/Studies. Html
- 5. Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology- A Step-By-Step Guide for Beginners, Pearson Education, Delhi. 2006.
- 6. Trochim, William M.K., 2/E, Research Methods, Biztantra, Dreamtech Press, New Delhi, 2003.
- 7. Montgomery, Douglas C. 5/E, Design and Analysis of Experiments, Wiley India, 2007.
- 8. Kothari, C.K., 2/E, Research Methodology- Methods and Techniques, New Age International, New Delhi, 2004.
- 9. Besterfield, Dale H. 3/E, Total Quality Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005.
- 10. Scientific Communication- An introduction https://doi.org/10.1142/11541 | March 2020, pages 276
- 11. Science communication: A practical Gui
- 12. de for scientists, Laura Bowater, Kay Yeoman, ISBN: 978-1-118-40666-3 October 2012 Wiley-Blackwell 384 Pages;
- 13. https://www.wiley.com/enus/Science+Communication%3A+A+Practical+Guide +for+Scientists-p-9781118406663
- 14. Structural Biology and drug discovery, method techniques and practices edited by Jean Paul Renaud, Wiley March 2020.
- 15. Structure based drug discovery, https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-1-61779-520-6

## **Elective Courses III**

| L            | Т | Р | С                  |            |
|--------------|---|---|--------------------|------------|
| 3            | - | - | 3                  |            |
| Course Code  |   |   | 7                  | /SL216ME25 |
| Course Title |   | Ν | Molecular Medicine |            |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Understand the basics introduction of molecular medicine
- CO2 Analysis of the disease specific pathological mechanism and target for medicinal approach
- CO3 Apply the methods to characterize therapeutic effects of medicine
- CO4 Validating the molecular diagnosis of the disease

## Syllabus:

## **Teaching Hours:45**

**Unit 1: Introduction to Molecular Medicine 7 hours** Fundamental aspects of molecular medicine genetic mutation and repair. single nucleotide polymorphism of gene and biological consequences. General strategy and Fundamental aspects of infectious vs non-infectious diseases and acute and chronic disease progression. Role of biological environmental impact in various major diseases.

## Unit 2: Cell signaling events and small 7 hours molecule blocker

Introduction of intracellular and extracellular signaling pathway. Role of Receptors and adaptor protein in cell signaling. Role of genetic mutation and mutant protein in cell signaling defect and associated diseases. Design of small molecule inhibitors and other strategies to counter balance the genetic and protein mutation restoring cellular physiology.

# Unit 3: Pathophysiological spectrum of 8 hours various diseases

Discussing various factors including genetic, SNPS, protein mutation, cell signaling and endothelial disfunction etc. for the trigger of cancer, diabetes, neurodegeneration, coronary artery disease and others.

## Unit 4: Effect of medicine in biological 6 hours system

Basic ideas on biodistribution and pharmacokinetic of medicine, toxicity and hepatic metabolism of the oral medicine, various types of formulation of the medicine, biotechnology drugs such as antibody, protein and other forms of drug conjugate used as formulation for drug delivery

## Unit 5: Molecular Diagnosis 8 hours

Brief description for application of to various analytical tools to characterize the drug like molecules. Use of laboratory-based cell biological markers, prognostic marker for the validation of drug effect on biological molecule such as DNA sequencing analysis, mutation analysis, PCR, gene therapy, Si-RNA knockdown, western blot, cell viability assay etc.

Unit 6: Drug Design and Computational 9 hours

## **Drug Discovery Approach**

Rational drug design to targets that is relevant to various diseases such as cancer, diabetes, neuronal disorders, psychological complications, osteoporosis, endocrine disorders, and others etc. Structure activity relationship. Application of bio-informatics method and in silico application to drug design and virtual screening of drug against a disease specific target gene/protein.

## **References:**

- 1. Alberts B, Johnson A, Lewis J, Raff M, Roberts K and Walter P, "Molecular Biology of the Cell", Fifth Edition, Garland Publishing Inc. 2008.
- 2. Molecular Medicine Book by Robert M. White (Author), David W. Brown (Author), Steven A. Williams. ISBN-10, 1594250332.
- Introduction to Molecular Medicine by D. W. Ross, publisher Springer, 9<sup>th</sup> march 2013.
- Molecular Medicine is the application of genetic or DNA-based knowledge to the modern practice of medicine. *Molecular Medicine* by R J Trent, 22<sup>nd</sup> August 2022.
- 5. *Philosophy of Molecular Medicine: Foundational Issues in Theory and Practice* aims at a systematic investigation of a number of foundational issues in the field of molecular medicine. Routledge publication, 1st edition (18 Dec. 2020).
- 6. Textbook Of Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Allied And Molecular Medicine by <u>Gp Talwar, Seyed E</u> <u>Hasnain</u>, 4<sup>th</sup> edition. November 2015 publication.

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| 3              | - | - | 3 |                |  |
| Course Code 7  |   |   |   | SL202ME25      |  |
| Course Title C |   |   | 0 | Cancer Biology |  |
|                |   |   |   |                |  |

## Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

## At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Describe and appraise the fundamentals of cellular processes involving molecular genetic basis of multistep process of carcinogenesis Illustrate mechanisms of physical, biological, and chemical cancer-causing agents as well as spontaneous cancer onset in terms of role of oncogenes and tumour suppressor genes, deregulation of cell cycle and differentiation in cancer cells.
- CO2 Articulate host-environment interactions including susceptibility factors in cancer predisposition; cancer classification systems; principles of cancer diagnosis, prognosis, and response to therapy and management in the laboratory.
- CO3 Demonstrate understanding of cancer control for disease-free, relapse-free, and metastasis-free longer survival using knowledge of molecular players and factors governing cancer spread from

primary sites, metastasis cascade, and invasion.

Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours: 45**

Unit 1: Introduction to Cancer Biology 6 Hours History of cancer and various theories of Cancer etiology, Warning signs of cancer; Types of cancer; cancer classification systems: Epidemiology; Updates in hallmarks of cancer cells including; Self-sufficiency in growth signals, insensitivity to growth suppressive signals, evading programmed cell death, replicative immortality, sustained angiogenesis, invasion and metastasis, reprogramming energy metabolism, evading immune destruction, tumor promoting inflammation, genomic instability, and others

Unit 2: Molecular Cell Biology of Cancer 8 Hours Proto-oncogenes and Oncogenes, Mechanisms of inactivation of proto-oncogenes and affected cellular pathways; Tumor suppressor genes, two-hit theory, mi-RNA and other regulators of cellular pathways and cancer, modulation of growth factors, receptors, signal transduction, Cancer Stem cells, Biology, and implications; Apoptosis, Autophagy, Necroptosis, Ferroptosis and pyroptosis.

## Unit 3: Cancer Genetics, Cytogenetics and 10 Hours Genomics:

Constitutional and Acquired Genetic Determinants of Cancer; Genetic Predisposition to Cancer; Hereditary cancer syndromes and Familial Cancers; Molecular pathogenesis of acquired chromosomal aberrations, fusion genes, Common techniques for analysis of alterations in chromosomes and DNA, Techniques for analysis of alterations in chromosomes and DNA.

## Unit 4: Principles of Carcinogenesis 8 Hours

Physical, Chemical and Biological Carcinogenesis, Genotoxic and non-genotoxic carcinogens, Cancer Metabolism and Targets of Carcinogenesis, Molecular mechanism of Carcinogenesis. Cancer risk factors and differential susceptibility, IARC and WHO and OECD guidelines.

#### Unit 5: Cancer Metastasis

Metastatic cascade; Basement Membrane disruption; Threestep theory of Invasion; Heterogeneity of metastatic phenotype; Epidermal Mesenchymal Transition, Molecular signatures and organ preference in metastasis and Angiogenesis

8 Hours

Unit 6: Cancer Biomarkers and Therapeutics 5 Hours Classical and novel strategies for cancer treatment; Tumor markers for cancer diagnosis, prognosis, and therapy decisions; Cancer Immunology and therapeutic interventions, Humanized /Chimeric antibodies in cancer diagnosis and treatment, Targeted drug delivery and drug delivery systems, Animal models for cancer, Cancer vaccine, Clinical trials, Immune cell therapies, Gene Therapy, survival and response monitoring, targeted therapy with examples of clinical importance, personalized medicine

## **References:**

- 1. Weinberg R., Biology of Cancer, Garland Science, June, 2010
- 2. D. Liebler, Proteomics in cancer research, 2004
- David M. Terrian, Cancer cell signalling, Methods, and protocols, Volum 218 (Methods in Molecular Biology), 2003.
- 4. Strachan Tom and Read Andrew P. (2010) Human Molecular Genetics, 4th Edition, Garland Science (Taylor and Francis Group), London and New York
- 5. K.L. Rudolph, Telomeres and Telomerase in ageing, disease, and cancer, 2008.
- 6. Maly B.W.J., Virology: A practical approach, IRL Press, Oxford, 1987.
- Dunmock N.J and Primrose, S.B., Introduction to modern Virology, Blackwell Scientific Publications. Oxford, 1988.
- 8. Knowles, M.A., Selby P., An Introduction to the Cellular and Molecular Biology of Cancer, Oxford Medical publications, 2005.
- 9. Vincent, T. De Vita, Lawrence T. S., Rosenberg, S. A., Cancer: Principles & Practice of Oncology, 10th Edition, Lippincot, 2011
- 10. http://atlasgeneticsoncology.org
- 11. http://cgap.nci.nih.gov/Chromosomes/Mitelman
- 12. http://www.humanvariomeproject.org
- 13. https://www.genome.gov/hapmap

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| Course Code 7  |   |   |   | SL410ME25            |
| Course Title N |   |   |   | Aedical Microbiology |

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Get acquainted with the molecular basis of pathogenesis and virulence of different microbial pathogens, and would also be sensitized to the social impact of most dreadful infections like tuberculosis, malaria, HIV, etc.
- CO2 To acquire experimental knowhow of antimicrobial susceptibility assays, biochemical characterization of medically important microorganisms, etc.
- CO3 Develop an understaffed go the problem of drugresistance, and the mechanism underlying its development and spread among pathogenic populations.

Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours: 45**

## Unit 1: Overview of Microbial Infections in 7 hours Humans

Evolution of microbial pathogens; Concepts of virulence, pathogenicity, and epidemiology; Status of the field of microbial pathogenicity

## Unit 2: Bacterial Pathogens 7 hours

Host-pathogen interactions, mechanisms of virulence and antibiotic resistance in important bacterial pathogens listed as Priority Pathogens by WHO/CDC/DBT e.g. *P. aeruginosa*, *S. aureus*, *M. tuberculosis*, etc.; Role of biofilms and quorum sensing in bacterial virulence: Host-pathogen interactions, mechanisms of virulence and antibiotic resistance in important bacterial pathogens listed as Priority Pathogens by WHO/CDC/DBT e.g. *P. aeruginosa*, *S. aureus*, *M. tuberculosis*, etc.; Role of biofilms and quorum sensing in bacterial pathogens listed as Priority Pathogens by WHO/CDC/DBT e.g. *P. aeruginosa*, *S. aureus*, *M. tuberculosis*, etc.; Role of biofilms and quorum sensing in bacterial virulence.

**Unit 3: Eukaryotic Pathogens of Humans 7 hours** Fungi, protozoa, and helminths as pathogens; Hostpathogen interactions, mechanisms of virulence and antibiotic resistance in these parasites

### Unit 4: Viral Infections

8 hours

General characteristics, Pathogenesis, Diagnosis, Mechanisms of viral pathogenesis with reference to representative examples of viruses of pandemic potential e.g. HIV, influenza, coronavirus, etc.; Prions

## Unit 5: Treatment and Prevention 8 hours

An overview of antimicrobial agents in current clinical use, and their modes of action; Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR); Role of lateral gene transfer and pathogenicity islands in spread of AMR; Discovery and development of novel anti-pathogenic agents; Anti-virulence approach; Vaccines; Traditional Medicine in combating AMR.

## Unit 6: Human Microbiome in Health and 8 hours Disease

An overview of human microbiome composition and its correlation with communicable and non-communicable diseases; Probiotic, prebiotics, and their clinical or nutraceutical applications

- 1. Sasakawa S (2009). Molecular mechanisms of bacterial infection via the gut. Springer.
- Greenwood D, Slack R, Peutherer J, Medical Microbiology 15<sup>th</sup> Edn., Churchil and Livinstone. 2007.
- 3. Schaechter M, Engleberg, N C, . Einstein B and Mendoff G, Mechanism of Microbial Diseases, 3rd Edition., Williams and Wilkins, 1998.
- 4. Wilson M (2005). Microbial inhabitants of humans. Cambridge University Press.
# **Elective Courses IV**

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Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Demonstrate an understanding of the principles important to predicting adverse reactions to compounds, whether they be under development as a drug or through environmental exposure
- CO2 Demonstrate a comprehensive knowledge of biological targets and the damage caused to such targets plus some of the ensuing changes at the level of organelle, cell, organ, and organism.
- CO3 Evaluate the relevance of non-clinical species to the prediction of human drug safety
- CO4 Apply scientific reasoning and methods to experimental design for assessment of chemical toxicity

## Syllabus:

#### **Teaching Hours: 45**

**Unit 1: Toxicokinetics and Toxicodynamics 9 Hours** Toxicants and toxicity, ED, TD and LD values and their importance, Dose-response relationship; Absorption, distribution, Metabolism, elimination, organ toxicity; Reaction of toxicants with target molecules, Cellular disrepair, and repair mechanisms Lipid peroxidation; ROS & RNS.

#### Unit 2: Drug metabolism

7 Hours

8 Hours

Biotransformation i.e., Phase-I and Phase-II reactions, Concept of pro-drug and its bioactivation. Drug metabolising enzymes and their subcellular localization viz. microsomal and cytosolic enzymes. Metabolites- Active, non-active, reactive (Toxic), and reversible.

# Unit 3: Pharmaceutical Toxicology 8 Hours

Drug Action and factors modifying the drugs action; Toxicological study in drug manufacturing; Adverse reaction; Pharma Regulation (FDA, OECD, ICH, Schedule Y); Microbial and Food Toxicity

#### Unit 4: Cellular Toxicology

Cells and tissue responses to chemical stress; Route of Entry into the cell; Interaction with membrane process; Intracellular fate of chemicals; Role of Transporters; Mechanism of cell death.

**Unit 5: Toxicoproteomics and Metabolomics 7 Hours** Toxicoproteomics in assessing Organ; Biomarkers in Toxicology and Risk Assessment; Fundamentals of Metabolomics; Metabolomic Profiling in Toxicity Assessment.

# Unit 6: Oxidative stress 8 Hours

Toxicological consequences of oxidative stress, Oxidative stress and protein damage, Oxidative stress and DNA damage, Oxidative stress and lipid damage; Antioxidative defence mechanisms; Role of glutathione, Superoxide dismutase, Metallothionein and  $\alpha$ -tocopherol as antioxidants; Xenobiotic-induced alterations in intracellular calcium distribution, Toxicological consequences of increased intracellular calcium concentrations.

#### **References:**

- 1. Briggs M. H., The Chemistry and Metabolism of Drugs and Toxins: An Introduction to Xenobiochemistry, Heinemann Medical Publication,
- 2. Freeman K. I., Evans J. P., Cerniglia, F. E., Xenobiochemistry, Elsevier (Amsterdam), 1985.
- 3. Hodgson, E., and Smart R. C., Introduction to Biochemical Toxicology, 3rd Edition, Wiley, 2001.
- 4. Timbrell J., Principles of Biochemical Toxicology, 4th Edition, Taylor & Francis, USA, 2004.
- 5. Paul R. Ortiz de Montellano (2004). Cytochrome P450: Structure, Mechanism, and Biochemistry, Kluwer Academic and 'Plenum Publishers, USA.

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# Course TitleMicrobial Diversity and SystemicsCourse Learning Outcomes (CLO):

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1 Recognize the extent of microbial diversity present in this world including prokaryotic and eukaryotic microbes and the importance of microbial diversity in different habitats including extreme environments.
- CO2 Understand conventional and molecular methods used for studying microbial diversity and problems and limitations in microbial diversity studies.
- CO3 Describe the microbial classification schemes and methods used for taxonomy, distinguish, and differentiate the use of various taxonomic tools apt for classification and identification of microorganisms.
- CO4 Apply the knowledge of biochemistry and physiology of extremophiles for their application potentials in Biotechnology.

### Syllabus:

### **Teaching hours: 45**

Unit 1: Principles of Microbial Diversity 9 Hours

Evolution of life, Principles and concepts of microbial diversity, Ecological diversity, Structural and Functional Diversity. Methods of studying microbial diversity – microscopy, nucleic acid analysis, physiological studies, CLPP, FAME.

## Unit 2: Issues of Microbial Diversity 7 Hours

Problems and limitations in microbial diversity studies, Diversity Indices, Loss of diversity, Sustainability and Resilience, Indicator species, Exploitation of microbial diversity, Conservation, and economics.

# Unit 3: Microbial Classification and 9 Hours Taxonomy

Phenetic, Phylogenetic and Genotypic classification, Numerical Taxonomy, Taxonomic Ranks, Techniques for determining Microbial Taxonomy and Phylogeny – classical and molecular characteristics, phylogenetic trees; major divisions of life, Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology, Prokaryotic Phylogeny, and major groups of bacteria.

#### Unit 4: The Archaea

7 Hours

7 Hours

Ecology, Archaeal cell walls and membranes, genetics and molecular biology, metabolism, archaeal Taxonomy, Phylum Crenarchaeota, Phylum Euryarchaeota.

#### Unit 5: Eukaryotic Diversity

Physiological variation, identification, cultivation, and classification of important groups of fungi, algae, and protozoa.

# Unit 6: Microbial Diversity in Extreme 6 Hours Environments

Habitat, diversity, physiology, survival and adaptation, and biotechnological potentials of: Cold and thermal environment, Saline and deep-sea environment, Anaerobic environment, Osmophilic and xerophilic environment, Alkaline and acidic environment.

### **References:**

- 1. Cavicchioli, R. Archaea Molecular and Cellular Biology, ASM Press, Washington, 2007.
- Dworkin, M., Falkow, S., Rosenberg, E., Schleifer, K.H., Stackebrandt, E. (Eds.). The Prokaryotes. Vol. I – VII, Springer, 2006.
- 3. Garrity, G.M. and Boone, D.R. (Eds.), Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology, 2nd edition, Vol. I, Springer, 2001.
- Garrity, G.M., Brenner, D.J., Kreig, M.R. and Staley, J.T. (Eds.), Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology, 2nd edition, Vol. II, Springer, 2005.
- 5. Gerday, C. and Glansdorff, N. Physiology and Biodiversity of Extremophiles, ASM Press, Washington, 2007.
- 6. Hurst, C.J, Crawford, R.L., Garland, J.L., Lipson, D.A., Mills, A.L. and Stetzenbach, L.D. Manual of

Environmental Microbiology, 3rd Edition, ASM Press, Washington, 2007.

- Madigan, M.T. and Martinko, J.M. Brock Biology of Microorganisms, 11th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2006.
- 8. Mueller, G.M., Bills, G.F. and Foster, M.S. Biodiversity of Fungi – Inventory and Monitoring Methods, Elsevier Academic Press, 2004.
- 9. Willey, J.M., Sherwood, L.M. and Woolverton, C.J. Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology, 7th edition, McGraw Hill, 2008.

# SEMESTER IV

#### **Elective Course**

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| Course Code 7  |   |   |    | 7SL902ME23   |
| Course Title D |   |   |    | Dissertation |

**Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):** 

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

CO1 Develop understanding in the field of scientific research at the academic as well as industrial sector. This will students to identify scientific problems and design proposals to address and implement ideas. This enables them to communicate the same to a greater audience.

This will benefit the students to perform well in their job interviews and to design their CV which can evoke interest in the employers to know more about the candidate.

#### Outline:

The students have to carry out their dissertation work. They have to perform wet lab experimentation on the topic of project assigned to them. The Viva will be conducted as interim presentation as well as final presentations, where the students have to defend their dissertation work

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| Course Code 7  |   |   |    | 7SL903ME25 |
| Course Title I |   |   |    | Internship |

### **Outline:**

The students will be deputed to industry/academic institutes/laboratories have undertake training to enhance their skills in order to improve their employability in the field of interest. The students will have a guide allocated at the host institute and have to present their progress of training in the form of interim presentation.

They will be submitting a comprehensive report as well as well as a final presentation, comprising of the training undertaken by them.